| | President | Incident | Comment |
|----|---------------------|---|---|
| 3. | Kennedy (1962) | Desegregation of University of Mississippi at Oxford, Miss., by James II. Meredith. | President sent in 16,000 tmops. |
| 4. | Kennedy (1963) | Demonstrations led by Dr. Martin Luther King In Birmingham, Ala. | President readied troops for use but did not send them to Birmingham. |
| 5. | Kennedy (1963) | Desegregation of University of Alabama at Tuscalousa, Ala. | President signed order to federalize the National Guard but did not use them when Gov. George C. Wallace (D) capitulated. |
| 6 | Kennedy (1963) | Desegregation of pub- lic schools in Birming- ham, Ala. | President signed order to federalize National Guard but did not use them. |
| 7 | L.B. Johnson (1965) | Voting rights march from Selma to Mont- gomery, Ala. | President federalized Na- tional Guard to protect marchers. |

CIVIL DISORDER CHRONOLOGY

The following is a chronology of civil disorders since 1961 as compiled by the Legislative Reference Service of the Library of Congress:

1961

Birmingham, Ala., May 14 -- A white mob attacked "freedom

Anniston, Ala., May 14 -- A white mob stoned and burned a bus carrying "freedom riders."

Montgomery, Ala., May 20 -- A white mob attacked "free-

Chicogo, Ill., June 27 -- A write nob threatened to destroy a Lutheran Church to which the hard choss had brought Negro fire refugees; the Negroes were taken to a Degro church.

Monroe, N.C., Aug. 27 - A fight occurred between white persons and Negroes after demonstrators, including "freedom riders," began to picket the courthouse.

McComb, Miss., Nov. 29 -- A white mob attacked Negroes attempting to desegregate the city bus terminal.

1962

Los Angeles, Calif., April 27 -- A battle occurred between police and Black Muslims after a policeman was attacked when he questioned an individual in the street.

Oxford, Miss., Sept. 30-Oct. 1 -- A white mob attacked U.S. marshals enforcing compliance with court orders for the registration of James Meredith, a Negro, at the University of Mississippi; rioting was suppressed by federal troops.

Kinloch, Mo., Sept. 23-25 -- Rioting by Negroes in an all-Negro village occurred after a Negro policeman shot to doath a Negro youth.

Florence, S.C., Oct. 13 -- Negroes rioted when a Negro policeman arrested a Negro woman.

Woshington, D.C., Nov. 22 -- Negro students attacked white spectators and police after a football game at D.C. Stadium.

1963

Birmingham, Ala., May 12 -- Negroes rioted after a home and a motel owned by Negro leaders were bombed.

lexington, N.C., June 6 -- Negroes and white persons battled; racial "high tension" was reported as the cause.

Savannah, Ga., June 20 -- Negroes attacked police and damaged property after 300 Negro demonstrators were arrested.

Savannah, Ga., July 11 -- Negroes rioted after 70 Negro demonstrators were arrested.

Cambridge, Md., July 12 -- White people reacted violently to one of a series of demonstration marches; white persons invaded the Negro area; shooting became widespread throughout the city.

Charleston, S.C., July 17 -- Negroes attacked police after the latter arrested demonstrators.

Cambridge, Md., July 20 -- White persons assaulted National Guardsmen in an attempt to invade a Negro area.

Chicogo, III., July 29-Aug. 2 -- Sporadic violence by white persons and Negroes occurred after three Negro families moved into a white neighborhood.

Chicago, III., Aug. 12 -- Demonstrators attacked police attempting to clear a construction site of obstructive demonstrators.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 20 -- Negroes attacked police after a bomb exploded in the garage of a Negro leader.

Folcroft, Pa., Aug. 30 -- White persons protesting against admission of a Negro family into a housing development damaged the family's house and attacked police.

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 29 -- Negroes rioted after a policeman shot to death a Negro who attacked him with a knife.

March 1964

Jacksonville, Fla., 24 and days following -- After conviction of Negro sit-ins and shooting to death of a Negro woman by a sniper, Negro gangs fought police, attacked white persons, damaged property; riot marked first major use of Molotov cocktails in race riots.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 7 -- Negroes attacked police with stones and other missiles after a white minister, demonstrating at a school construction site, was run over and killed by a bulldozer.

Cambridge, Md., May 26 -- Negroes attacked National Guardsmen with missiles when the soldiers prevented them from fighting with a group of white persons.

St. Augustine, Fla., June 25 -- Segregationists broke through police line and attacked integrationist demonstrators.

Menderson, N.C., July 12 -- Negroes and white persons fought when Negroes sought service at a truck-stop restaurant.

New York City (Harlem and Brooklyn), N.Y., July 18-23. -After a police licutenant shot to death a Negro who attacked him with a knife, Negroes attacked police, damaged property, and looted.

Rochester, N.Y., July 24-25 -- Negroes attacked police, damaged property and looted after police attempted to arrest a disorderly Negro.

Jersey City, N.J., Aug. 2-4 -- Negroes rioted after police

arrested two Negro women for fighting.

Elizabeth, N.J., Aug. 11-13 -- Negroes attacked police with Molotov cocktails, damaged property; not sparked by any apparent

Paterson, N.J., Aug. 11-14 -- Negroes damaged property.

Dixmoor, III., Aug. 15-17 -- Negroes picketed a liquor store whose white owner had accused a Negro woman of stealing a bottle; the picketing degenerated into violence in which both Negroes and white people took part.

Keansburg, N.J., Aug. 28 -- White persons and Negroes fought after a young white man insulted and attacked a Negro.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 28-31 -- A Negro policeman, later aided by two other officers, foretbly arrested a Negro woman for public disorder; a Black Nationalist leader excited a crowd against the police by charging police brutality; Negroes attacked police, damaged property, and looted.

1965

students taking part in a school boycott conducted by the Citywide Committée for Integrated Schools attacked police with bricks, and damaged property.



New York (Brooklyn), N.Y., Feb. 17-18 -- Hundreds of Negro



















Waterbury, Conn., March 26 -- Negroes attacked police after an officer arrested a Negro youth who, with two others, was blocking a sidewalk and refused to move on when ordered to do so.

District of Columbia, April 23 - Negroes attacked two policemen when they arrested two Negroes for disorderly conduct.

Bogalusa, La., May 20 -- White persons attacked Negroes attempting to integrate a city park.

Paterson, N.J., May 28 -- Negroes attacked two policemen when they arrested a Negro driver for speeding and hitting parked

Bogalusa, La., May 29 -- White persons fought with Negro demonstrators.

Bogolusa, La., July 17 -- White persons attacked Negro demonstrators.

Danbury, Conn., July 24 -- Negro and white youths fought at a drive in restaurant.

Sodus, N.Y., Aug. 1 -- Negroes attacked two policemen when they shot in the leg a Negro who had attempted to shoot an officer and had tried to flee after his gun misfired.

Los Angeles (Watts), Calif., Aug. 11-17 -- Rioting broke out after policemen arrested a Negro for drunken driving and resisting arrest and his brother and mother for attacking them, and after arresting a young Negro woman for spitting at them and a man for inciting to violence. Negroes attacked police and firemen with firearms, damaged property with firebombs, and looted.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 12-13 -- Negroes attacked white persons with bottles, bricks, and rocks, and damaged property. second night's rioting occurred after a fire truck hit a traffic standard that fell and killed a Negro woman.

Elizabeth, N.J., Aug. 23-26 (one night) -- Negroes broke store windows, hurled fire bombs, and threw rocks and other missiles at fire trucks; an incident said to have sparked disturbances was (falsely) alleged failure of police ambulance to answer quickly emergency call for Negro.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 11 -- Negro students stoned police after civil rights workers urged them to leave classes and join a demonstration.

Tuskegee, Ala., Jan. 15 -- Negro students damaged property after a Negro student was arrested for fighting.

Los Angeles (Watts), Calif., March 15 -- Negroes attacked white persons, damaged property, and knoted.

Lorman (Alcorn A and M College), Miss., April 4 -- Negro

youths attacked police acting to halt a demonstration. Washington, D.C., April 11 - Negro students stoned police cars, ambulances, and private cars, and other property after visit-

ing Glen Echo Amusement Park. Los Angeles (Venice, Willowbrook), Calif., May 8 -- Negrocs

attacked police with rocks and bottles. Bakersfield, Calif., May 22-23 -- Negroes throw rocks and fire-

Los Angeles (Watts), Calif., May 23 -- Negroes attacked police and white persons after police arrested a Negro for throwing a rock at a police car.

Philadelphia, Miss., June 21 -- White persons attacked demonstrators; later, at least one shot was fired by a white man into a group of Negroes, and Negroes fired back.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 24 - Negroes threw rocks at cars and damaged other property; white motorists shot and wounded a Negro youth.

Cordele, Ga., June 29 -- Negroes and white youths exchanged gunfire for 90 minutes; tension had risen after a racial confronta-

tion at an integrated swimming pool several days before. Omaha, Neb., July 2-6 -- Negroes threw rocks at police cars,

damaged property, and looted; no initial incident reported. Des Moines, Iowa, July 4-6 -- Negro youths threw rocks in a

public park on two successive nights. Chicago, Ill., July 12-15 -- Rioting began after police turned

off fire hydrants in a Negro area. Negroes claimed hydrants were

left on in adjoining Italian area -- police had turned off hydrants in both areas, but residents in Italian area turned them back on at night. Negroes attacked police and firemen with firearms, firebombs, and other missiles, damaged property, and looted.

South Bend, Ind., July 17 -- Rioting occurred in a Negro neighborhood, involving throwing of stones, bricks, bottles; not evidently sparked by any incident.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 18-19 -- A Negro demonstration developed into a riot in which Negroes attacked white persons and damaged property with rocks and firebombs.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 18-22 -- Negrocs attacked police and firemen with firearms, damaged property with missiles and firebombs, and looted.

Brooklyn, N.Y., July 21-23 -- Negroes fought white people and police with firearms, firebombs, and other missiles; rioting was preceded by outbreaks of violence one to two weeks previous.

North Amityville, N.Y., July 28 -- Negroes threw stones and bottles at police after a meeting to improve police-community relations.

Boltimore, Md., July 28-29 -- White youths invaded a Negrarea and attacked residents; battles between Negroes and white ensued.

Perth Amboy, N.J., July 30-Aug. 2 -- Puerto Rican youths threw rocks and bottles in the streets for four consecutive nights; no triggering incidents reported.

Los Angeles (Watts), Calif., July 31 -- Negroes attacked police with bricks and bottles.

Pacoima, Calif., July 31 -- Negroes attacked police with rocks and bottles.

Chicago, ill., July 30, 31, Aug. 3, 5, 7 -- White people attacked police and marchers demonstrating for open housing with rocks and bottles, and set fire to demonstrators' cars.

Providence, R.I., Aug. 1-2 -- Fighting between Negroes and police occurred on two nights after Negroes held a "black power" meeting.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 3-4 -- Negro youths damaged property on consecutive nights.

Menlo Park, Calif., Aug. 5 -- Negro youths attacked police with rocks and bottles.

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 7-8 -- White youths attacked Negroes, and Negroes reacted by damaging property with bricks and other missiles, throwing firebombs at passing cars, and attacking white vouths.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 9-10 -- Negro and white youths fought each other in a racially mixed neighborhood; bricks and firebombs were thrown.

Grenada, Miss., Aug. 8-10 -- White persons hurled cherry bombs, pieces of metal and other missiles at civil rights demonstrators.

Muskegon, Mich., Aug. 13 -- A large crowd, mostly Negroes, gathered around a police car answering a call at a hotel where Negroes reportedly attacked white persons; a police officer was struck in the face; after police dispersed the crowd, a group damaged property and looted.

District of Columbia (Anacostia), Aug. 13 -- Negro youths roamed streets throwing rocks after arrest of a robbery suspect; Aug. 16 - Negro youths threw rocks, bottles, fireworks at 11th Preciuct Police Station House after police arrested a youth; Negro youths threw bricks at passing cars and buses.

Waukegan, Ill., Aug. 27-28 (three nights, with two riots in one 12-hour period) -- Negroes attacked cars with firebombs (six passengers in a passing car were burned) and other missiles and damaged other property; triggering incident was apparently the arrest of a Negro youth for throwing a bottle in the street.

Los Angeles (Watts), Calif., Aug. 29 -- Negroes attacked policeman who sought to question them; other Negroes attacked policemen when they tried to stop a fight.

Dayton, Ohio, Sept. 1 -- Negroes stoned buses, damaged property, and looted, after motorists, reportedly white, shot to death a Negro.

Jackson, Mich., Aug. 31-Sept. 1 -- Negroes and white men fought each other, and cars and other property were stoned.



Atlanto, Ga., Sept. 6 -- Negroes damaged cars, including two police cars, after a policeman shot and wounded a Negro suspected of car theft; Sept. 10-12 -- Negroes threw rocks and firebombs on three consecutive nights after a white motorist shot a Negro to death and wounded another.

San Francisco, Calif., Sept. 27-28 -- Several hundred Negroes / set fires, broke store windows, looted stores and threw rocks at police cars after a white policeman shot and killed a Negro who was running from a stolen car; more than 80 persons injured.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 28 -- Negroes threw rocks and smashed store windows after a policeman shot and killed a Negro prisoner.

Oakland, Calif., Oct. 19 -- Negroes smashed store windows, looted, started fires with gasoline bombs and assaulted passersby after a Negro woman was arrested for a traffic violation; 47 businesses were damaged.

Clearwater, Fla., Nov. 1 -- About 400 Negroes engaged in

vandalism and threw rocks at cars driven by whites.

Ossining, N.Y., Nov. 1 -- About 400 Negro youths smashed store windows, stomped one police officer unconscious and injured six other police.

Tuskegee, Ala., Dec. 9 -- About 700 Negro students of Tuskegee Institute looted a liquor store, smashed windows and rioted for three hours after the acquittal of a white defendant accused of fatally shooting a student of the Institute.

1967

Omoha, Neb., April 1-2 -- About 200 persons were involved in a disturbance; 21 were arrested.

Noshville, Tenn., April 8-10 -- Several hundred Negro students from Fisk University and Tennessee A. and I. State University rioted on three night: after a Negro student at Fisk was arrested by a white policema; at least 17 persons were injured and 30 agrested; the disturbance started a few hours after Stokely Cormichael spoke to Vanderbilt University students; two of his aides were arrested.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 16 -- Violence erupted in the predominantly Negro Hough area, with rock throwing, window breaking and looting.

Louisville, Ky., April 20 -- Police fired tear gas into a crowd of more than 1,000 whites taunting open housing demonstrators; the mob threw bricks and bottles.

Washington, D.C., April 28 -- Three white persons riding in a truck which ran out of gas, and a Negro who tried to help them, were beaten by about 60 Negroes in Northeast Washington.

Wichita, Kan., May 11 -- Negroes beat two white school athletes and set fire to a business establishment.

Jackson, Miss., May 12-13 -- About 1,000 Negroes at Jackson State College protested the arrest of a Negro student; the National Guard quelled the disturbance in which one Negro was killed; Wiffie Ricks of SNCC told the crowd: "An eye for an eye, an arm for an arm, a head for a head, and a life for a life."

Son Francisco, Calif., May 15 -- Negro youths roamed the streets, stoning cars; other violence included breaking windows, vandalism and theft and the assault on white students by Negroes

in two high schools.

Houston, Texas, May 16-17 -- Hundreds of students at predominantly Negro Texas Southern University rioted after clashing with police while protesting the arrests of student demonstrators; 489 were arrested; one policeman was killed and two others were sthot; Carmichael spoke at Texas Southern and at the University of Houston in April or May.

Chicago, III., May 21 -- Negroes threw rocks and bottles at police during a two-hour disturbance following a memorial service for Black Nationalist leader Malcolm X; three policemen and other persons were injured and 30 persons were charged with inciting to riot.

Chicago, III., May 30 -- White youths reportedly threw rocks at Negro youths in a wooded park and fighting ensued; at least 12 persons were injured and 37 were arrested.

Clearwater, Fla., June 4 -- About 200 Negroes threw rocks and rioted after a white policeman attempted to aid a Negro policeman who was trying to break up a fight between two Negroes.

Riots and Organizers

The issue of outside agitation in ghetto riots was raised by some Members of Congress, Governors, mayors and news commentators. Some said that militant activists, antipoverty workers or Communists contributed to igniting the riots; other persons said that agitators exploited them; still others said that agitators, if present at all, were of negligible importance.

The President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Justice Feb. 18 made the follow-

ing observation about ghetto riots in 1964-1966:
"Although once underway some riots were exploit-

Although once underway some nots were exploited by agitators, they were not deliberate in the sense that they were planned at the outset; the best evidence is that they were spontaneous outbursts, set off more often than not by some quite ordinary and proper action by a policeman. They were deliberate in the sense that they were directed, to an extent that varied from city to city, against specific targets."

J. Edgar Hoover, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Feb. 16 told a House Appropriations

Subcommittee:

"For the most part, the riots and disorders that have occurred in this country since the summer of 1964 were sparked by a single incident, generally following an arrest of a Negro by local police for some minor infraction of the law. Although most of the riots and disturbances have been characterized by spontaneous outbursts of mob violence dominated by young hoodlums, the involvement of other violent, lawless, subversive, and extremist elements became readily apparent as the rioting grew and spread. Communists and other subversives and extremists strive and labor ceaselessly to precipitate racial trouble and to take advantage of racial discord in this country. Such elements were active in exploiting and aggravating the riots, for example, in Harlem, Watts, Cleveland, and Chicago."

He said that Stokely Carmichael, then chairman and currently a field worker of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), had been in "frequent contact" with Max Stanford, field chairman of the Revolutionary Action Movement (RAM), a "highly secret all-Negro, Marxist-Leninist, Chinese-Communist-oriented organization which advocates guerrilla warfare to obtain its goals." Hoover also identified the Progressive Labor Party as a "splinter group" of the Communist Party-USA and termed the Nation of Islam "an all-Negro, violently antigovernment and antiwhite organization." He said that the Nation of Islam had a membership of 5,500, while RAM had fewer than 50.

More recently, Hoover testified in closed session before the President's Special Advisory Commission on Civil Disorders. The Commission chairman, Illinois Gov. Otto Kerner (D), Aug. 1 said Hoover had said that he had "no intelligence on which to base a conclusion of conspiracy" behind racial violence.

Carmichael and H. Rap Brown, current SNCC chairman, were the leading advocates of "black power." Carmichael spent the summer of 1967 abroad, traveling to England, Cuba and, reportedly, Hanoi. Brown toured Negro ghettos, urging Negroes to arm themselves and, if necessary, to burn their ghettos.

Boston, Moss., June 2-5 -- More than 1,000 persons in a predominantly Negro neighborhood rioted after a group of mothers staged a sit-in to urge reforms in welfare and contended they were beaten by police; 100 were injured, more than 100 were arrested and property damaged was estimated at \$1 million.

Philodelphio, Pa., June 11 -- Negroes threw bricks and bottles following a dispute over a rug; four policemen were injured.

Prativille, Ala., June 11 -- Negroes angered by the arrest of Carmichael exchanged gunfire with police for three hours; 10 Negroes were charged with inciting to riot; Carmichael said when arrested: "We came here to tear this town up and we're going to tear it up."

Tampa, Fla., June 11-12 -- Negroes rioted in a 60-block area after a white policeman shot and killed a Negro burglary suspect who refused to halt; two persons were killed, 15 injured and more than 100 arrested; property damaged was estimated at \$2 million.

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 12-16 -- Negroes rioted in three predominantly Negro sections, hurling Molotov cocktails, smashing store windows and looting; one person was killed, eight were injured and 365 were arrested; property damage was estimated at \$2 million; on June 15, the third night of rioting, H. Rap Brown arrived and said that the city "will be in flames until the hunkie cops (National Guardsmen) get out." In another speech that day he said that "SNCC has declared war."

Dayton, Ohio, June 14-15 -- Negro youths threw rocks and smashed store windows; four persons were injured and at least 39 arrested; on the night of June 14, Brown urged a crowd to "take the pressure off Cincinnati." The same day, he had told a crowd in Dayton: "How can you be nonviolent in America, the most violent country in the world. You better shoot the man to death; that's what he's doing to you."

tansing, Mich., June 15 -- About 35 persons engaged in a disturbance after police arrested a disorderly Negro youth; three persons were injured and two arrested.

Atlanta, Ga., June 18-21 -- Rioting in the predominantly Negro Dixie Hills section followed a speech by Carmichael at a rally held to protest the shooting of a Negro by a Negro policeman; Carmichael and SNCC aides were active throughout the riot; Carmichael said: "The only way these hunkies and hunky-lovers can understand is when they're met by resistance" and he told a rally: "We need to be beating heads." One person was killed, three were injured and at least five were arrested.

Buffalo, N.Y., June 27-29 -- More than 1,000 persons rioted after a rock was thrown at a bus and a woman passenger was injured; more than 100 persons were injured and 240 were arrested; property damaged was estimated at \$250,000.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 2 -- About 50 persons broke windows after a fight between Negro youths at a Negro dance; seven persons were arrested.

Cincinnati, Ohio, July 3-5 -- Negro gangs started fires, one of which destroyed a plant valued at \$1 million; 19 persons were arrested.

Konsos City, Mo., July 9 -- Three persons were injured, more than 12 were arrested and several vehicles were damaged in a disturbance.

Waterloo, lowa, July 10 -- Negroes broke windows and damaged vehicles; five persons were injured and five were arrested in the disturbance.

Hartford, Conn., July 12-13 -- More than 200 persons engaged in a disturbance after a dispute erupted in a restaurant; 11 persons were injured and more than 23 arrested.

Erie, Pa., July 12-13 -- Gangs of youths damaged vehicles after police dispersed Negro youths playing dice on a street corner; two persons were injured and nine arrested.

Newark, N.J., July 12-17 -- Negroes burned and looted following the arrest of a Negro taxi driver; 25 persons were killed, 1,200 injured and at least 1,600 arrested; property damage was estimated at \$15 million; Cormichael was in England, where he said in London on July 25: "In Newark we applied war tactics of the guerrillas."

Plainfield, N.J., July 15-17 - Looting and vandalism crupted; one person was killed and at least 100 were arrested; about 300 were involved in the disturbances.

Fresno, Calif., July 16 -- About 50 persons were involved in a disturbance; one was injured and property damage was estimated at \$2,500.

Dos Moines, Iowo, July 16 -- Two persons were injured and 17 arrested in a disturbance in which windows were broken.

Erie, Po., July 19 -- Two persons were injured and eight were arrested in a disturbance in which more than \$150,000 in property damage was done.

Cairo, III., July 16-19 -- Fire bombs destroyed a warehouse and damaged other property after a Negro soldier hanged himself in the city jail and police brutality was charged.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 19-21 -- Twelve persons were injured and about 40 were arrested in disturbances in which fire damage was done.

Durham, N.C., July 19-20 -- About 300 persons engaged in disturbances in which two persons were injured; minor damage was reported.

Nyack, N.Y., July 19 -- About 50 persons engaged in a disturbance in which windows were broken; 18 persons were arrested.

Englewood, N.J., July 21 -- About 100 persons engaged in a disturbance in which windows were broken, police cars were stoned and one fire broke out; at least eight persons were injured and five were arrested.

East Harlem, N.Y., July 23-25 -- Two persons were killed and 150 injured during looting and fire-bombing.

Detroit, Mich., July 23-28 -- Widespread looting and burning occurred; 41 persons were killed and more than 1,000 injured; there were 3,500 arrests, and property damage was estimated at \$500 million.

Combridge, Md., July 24 -- Two city blocks were destroyed, two persons were injured and at least five persons were arrested.

Pontiac, Mich., July 24 -- Two persons were killed and at least 87 were arrested during fire-bombing and looting.

Rochester, N.Y., July 24 -- Three persons were injured during sniper fire, stoning, bottle-throwing and brick-throwing.

Fint, Mich., July 24 -- More than 100 persons engaged in a disturbance in which arson and vandalism were reported.

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 24-26 -- About 400 persons were injured and more than 100 were arrested during shooting, looting and arson.

Mount Vernon, N.Y., July 24-26 -- Looting and vandalism were reported, but there were no deaths, injuries or arrests.

Toledo, Ohio, July 24-27 -- Several persons were injured and at least 17 arrested during fire-bombing, looting and window-breaking.

Phoenix, Ariz., July 26 -- Property damage estimated at \$34,000 was reported in a disturbance in which 48 persons were arrested.

Chicago, III., July 26-27 -- Looting and arson resulted in the arrest of 57 persons.

New York, N.Y. (5th Avenue), July 27 -- About 150 persons engaged in looting and vandalism and breaking windows; 23 persons were arrested.

Youngstown, Ohio, July 27 -- One person was killed, three were injured and seven were arrested in a disturbance in which two buildings were dynamited and three buildings were damaged by fire.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 30 -- Four persons were killed and a number were injured in Negro rioting; the National Guard was sent in and a curfew was imposed on the entire city.

Providence, R.I., July 31-Aug. 1 -- Gangs of whites and Negroes roamed sections of the city and were fought by police riot squads: 23 persons were injured and 14 were arrested.

Washington, D.C., Aug. 1 -- Bands of Negroes began windowsmashing and setting small fires in the Northeast section, heavily Negro in population; police moved in quickly and calm was restored before dawn.

Syracuse, N.Y., Aug. 17-18 -- Police used tear gas and fired shots into the air to disperse roving bands of Negroes; a curfew was imposed; five persons were hurt and 34 were arrested.

New Haven, Conn., Aug. 19-22 -- Negro and Puerto Rican youths set fires and broke windows.

MAJOR RIOTS, CIVIL-CRIMINAL DISORDERS 1965

| | CITIES | | 1960 POPULATION N THOUSANDS) % NEGRO | KILLE | D IN | INJURED YPES OF CRIMINALITY | | | | | | | CON | POLICE ACTION | FINANCIAL LOSS | | MAYORS' |
|------------------|--------------------|---------|--|------------------|---------|-----------------------------|-----|---------|-----------|-------|---------------------------------|------------------|---------|---|---------------------------------|---|---|
| DATES | | (IN THO | | OFFICERS CIVILIA | | CERS CIVILIANS | | LOOTING | VANDALISM | ARSON | INTERFERENCE WITH FIREMEN | S _T S | 20t-020 | CALLED STATE POLICE NATE GUARD | EST. PROPERTY DAMAGE (THOUS. 4) | EST. ECONOMIC LOSS (THOUS. \$) | REPORTS OF TRIGGERING INCIDENTS |
| MARCH 5-JULY 5 | SELMA, ALA. | 28 | 49 % | 0 | 1 0 | 0 | NO | NO | NO | 0 | NO | 6377 | 36 | YES NO | MAINAIR | | CIVIL RIGHTS CAMPAIGN ON VOTIME |
| MAY 1 - DEC 17 | PHILADELPHIA, PA. | 2003 | 26% | 0 | 0 3 | 12 | NO | NO | CM | 0 | NO | 85 | | NO NO | NONE | NONE | NAACP DEMONSTRATIONS AT GIRARD COLLEGE |
| MAY 20 - JULY 17 | BOGALUSA, LA. | 21 | 35% | 0 | 0 6 | 171 | NO | NO | YES | 0 | YES | 276 | | YES NO | | \$150 | TESTS OF PUBLIC ACCOMMOBATION |
| AUG 11-18 | LOS ANGELES (WATTS | 2479 | 14% | 3 | 31 173 | 75 | YES | YES | YES | 3000 | YES | 3332 | 2038 | YES YES | \$40,000 | | AN ARREST BY CALIFORNIA HIGHWA |
| AUG 12 - 15 | CHICAGO, ILL. | 3550 | | | 1 4 | 70 | NO | YE\$ | YES | 1 | YES | 175 | | NO NO | | | NEGRO LADY ACCIDENTALLY KILLE BY FIRE TRUCK RESPONDING TO FALSE ALAF |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL-19 | 965 | | | 3 | 33. 186 | 1,020 | | | | 3,001 | | 10,245 | 2,074 | \$ | 40 MIL! | 150 THOU | JS. |

1966

| MARCH 15-17 | LOS ANGELES, CALIF. 2479 | 14% 0 | 2 2 24 | YES | YES | YES | 24 | YES | 56 | | NO NO NO-25,000 | FIGHT BETWEEN NEGRO MALE AN MEXICAN MALE |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-------|------------|------|-----|----------|-----|------|-------|-------|-----------------|--|
| MAY 22 | BAKERSFIELD, CALIF. 57 | 15% 0 | 0 2 1 | NO | NO | YES | 6 | YES | 27 | 27 | NO NO | AUTO ACCIDENT |
| JUNE 25 & 26 | POMPANO BEACH, FLA. 16 | 33% 0 | 0 2 1 | NO | YES | NO | 0 | NO | 40 | 1 | YES NO | WHITE MERCHANT ALLEGEDLY SLAPPED A NEGRO BOY |
| JULY 3-5 | OMAHA, NEB. 302 | 8% 0 | 0 2 1 | NO | YES | YES | 0 | NO | 95 | 24 | YES YES | POLICE ATTEMPTED TO DISPERSE A LARGE GROUP OF NEGROES ME A PARKING LO |
| JULY 10-30 | GRENADA, MISS. 8 | 48% 0 | 0 0 0 | NO | NO | NO | 0 | NO | 52 | | YES NO | THE MEREDITH MARCH |
| JULY 12-19 | CHICAGO, ILL. 3550 | 23% | 2 61 0 | YE8 | YES | YES | 0 | YES | 372 | 329 | NO YES | THE CLOSING OF AN OPEN FIRE HYDRANT BY POLICE OFFICER |
| JULY 18-24 | CLEVELAND, OHIO 876 | 29% 0 | 4 44 21 | YES | YES | YES | 531 | YES | 341 | 204 | NO YES | |
| JULY 29 - AUG 7 | CHICAGO, ILL. 3550 | 23% 0 | 0 18 | NO | NO | NO | 1. | NO | 107 | 98 | NO NO | OPEN HOUSING MARCHES IT MEGRO GROUP INTO WHITE MEIGHBORHOODS |
| NUG 1-3 | OMAHA, NEB. 302 | 8% 0 | 0 1 | NO | YES | YES | 6 | · NO | 39 | 13 | YES NO | NEGRO BURGLAR SHOT AND KILLED B POLICE WHILE IN COMMISSION OF FELOW |
| NUG 2-5 | PERTH AMBOY, N.J. 38 | 4% 0 | 0 15 11 | NO | NO | YES | 0 | YES | 43 | | NO NO | AN ARREST FOR LOSTERING |
| UG 8-11 | LANSING, MICH. 108 | 6% 0 | 0 3 7 | YES | YES | YES | 3 | YES | 17. | 15 | YES NO | DISTURBANCE AT A DANCE BETWEEN NEGRO AND WHITE YOUTHS |
| UG 9-11 | DETROIT, MICH. 1670 | 29% 0 | 0 10 | n NO | YES | YES | 14 | YES | 186 | 10 | NO NO | POLICE ATTEMPTED TO DISPERSE LOTTERERS ON STREET CORNER |
| UG 13 | MUSKEGON, MICH. 46 | 8% 0 | 00 | NO | YES | YES | 0 | NO | 19 | 14 | YES NO | NEGRO YOUTHS FIGHTING AT A DANCE |
| UG 26-28 | BENT. HARBOR, MICH. 19 | 25% | 11 | NO | NO | YES | 0 | NO | 22 | 7 | YES YES 100 | POLICE DISPERSING TEENAGE CROWD |
| EPT 1 | DAYTON, OHIO 262 | 22% 0 | 00 | NO | YES | YES | 3 | NO | 54 | 48 | NO YES | NEGRO SHOT AND KILLED BY PASSING MOTORIST ALLEGED TO BE WHITE |
| EPT 4 | CICERO, ILL. 69 | 0%0 | 00 | NO | NO | NO | 0. | NO | 42 | 28 | YES YES | CIVIL RIGHTS MARCH |
| EPT 6 \$7 | ATLANTA, GA. 487 | 38% 0 | 0 6 | NO | NO | YES | 1 | NO | 85 | 51 | NO NO | POLICE SHOT A MEGRO MALE ESCAPING AFTER BEING ARRESTED |
| EPT 10-14 | ATLANTA, GA. 487 | 38% 0 | 0 3 | NO | NO | YES | 2 | YES | 96 | 57 | NO NO | WHITE MALE SHOT TWO NEGRO MALES |
| EPT 28-OCT 2 | SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. 740 | 10% 0 | 1 92 | YES | YES | YES | 88 | YES | 326 | 205 | YES YES 136 | JUVEHILE AUTO THIEF SHOT BY POLICE |
| CT 19-21 | OAKLAND, CALIF 368 | 23% 0 | 0 9 | NO | YES | YES | 16 | YES | 197 | 68 | NO NO . | HIT & RUM ACCIDENT |
| | | | | - | | | | | - | | | |
| TOTAL- | 1966 | . 0 | 10 271 196 | | | <u> </u> | 695 | | 2,216 | 1,199 | \$10.2 MIL. | |

July 3 Atlanta

MAJOR RIOTS, CIVIL-CRIMINAL DISORDERS-1967

PART

| | A |
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| | D |
| | |

| 1 | | | 1960 POPULATION | KILLED | INJURED | TY | PES OF | CRIN | INALI | TY | A R | CON | POLICE | | ICIAL SS | MAYORS' |
|------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|------------|---------|----------------------|--------|-------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|------------------|---|
| | DATES | CITIES | (IN THOUSANDS | LAW OFFICERS | LAW OFFICERS | SNIPING | LOOTING | /ANDALISM | ARSON | INTERFERENCE WITH | K | V _I C _L | CALLED | EST. PROPERTY | EST. ECONOMIC | REPORTS OF TRIGGERING |
| | | | NEGRO | CIVILIANS | CIVILIANS | | | | 7110011 | FIREMEN | S | S | | DAMAGE (THOUS, \$) | | INCIDENTS |
| | APRIL 1 | OMAHA, NEB. | 302 8 % | 0 0 | 0 0 | NO! | NO | YES | 0 | NO | 12 | 6 | NO NO | 1.00 | | NEGRO PRISONER IN COUNTY JAIL COMMITTED SUICIDE |
| | | 7 | 171 38 % | | 12 5 | YES | YES | YES | 19 | YES | 94 | 30 | YES YES | \$30 | 904 | S.N.C.C. DEMONSTRATIONS NONE |
| | | LOUISVILLE, KY. MASSILLON, OHIO | 391 18% | | 0 0 | NO | NO | NO | 0 | NO | 250 | 40 | NO NO | | | HONE |
| V | | | 31 9 % 144 36% | | 30 5 | NO YES | NO | YES | 3 | NO | 22 | 12 | 110 | | | POLICE PURSUED TRAFFIC VIOLATOR |
| | | | 740 10% | | 10 | NO. | YES | YES YES | 23 | YES | 47 | 13 | YES YES | | | POLICE PURSUED TRAFFIC VIOLATOR ONTO JACKSON STATE CAMPUS GROUP OF NEGRO YOUTHS ASSAULTED 2 WHITE YOUTHS |
| | | | 938 23% | | 3 3 | YES' | NO | YES | 23 | NO | 487 | 0 | 110 | \$15 | \$15 | 2 WHITE YOUTHS S.N.C.C. AGITATION AT TEXAS SOUTHERN UNIVERSITY |
| | | | 697 9% | | 25 | AEG. | YES | YES | 35 | -YES | 90 | 10 | NO NO | 915 | \$200 | SOUTHERN UNIVERSITY DEMONSTRATION AT A BOSTON WELFARE OFFICE |
| | | | 275 17% | | 2 | YES. | YES | YES | 106 | YES | 111 | 26 | NO YES | \$95 | | WELFARE OFFICE NEGRO, HAVING ALLEGEDLY COMMITTED A FELONY, WAS SHOT AND KILLED BY POLICE |
| | | CINCINNATI, OHIO | | | 25 38 | YES' | YES | YES | 216 | YES | 276 | 20 | | \$1500 | \$1500 | LARGE CROWD AT PUBLIC MEETING BECAME UNMANAGEABLE |
| | | MONTGOMERY, ALA. | | | 00 | NO, | NO | YES | 4 | NO | Q Q | 8 | NO NO | 41500 | 41300 | ARREST OF STOKELY CARMICHAEL IN PRATTVILLE, ALA. |
| | | DAYTON, OHIO | 262 22% | | 0 0 | NO. | YES | YES | 6 | YES | 23 | U | NO NO | \$200 | | INFLAMMATORY SPEECH BY H. RAP BROWN |
| | | | 533 13% | | 5 10 | NO | YES | YES | 128 | YES | 185 | 44 | NO NO | | | H. KAP DROWN |
| | | | 503 22% | | 1 0 | NO' | YES | YES | 27 | YES | 8 | 7-7 | 110 | \$1,043 | | HARASSMENT OF POLICEMEN AND |
| | | WATERLOO, IOWA | 72 7% | | 0 3 | NO" | YES | YES | 7 | YES | 20 | | YES YES | 11/0-10 | | PINEMEN AT A PINE |
| | | | 476 18% | | 0 0 | NO' | NO | YES | 0 | NO | 44 | 11 | NO NO | | | ARREST OF NEGRO BOOTLEGGER IN PUBLIC PARK |
| | | NEWARK, N. J. | 405 34% | 2 23 | 145 580 | 1100 | YES | YES | 250 | YES | 1462 | 8 | | \$10,251 | | ARREST OF CAB DRIVER |
| | | HARTFORD, CONN. | | 0 0 | 16 2 | NO- | NO | YES | 8 | YES | 36 | 23 | NO NO | | | |
| | | NEW YORK CITY | 7782 14% | | 30 23 | YES | NO | YES | 3 | YES | 82 | 4 | NO NO | 100 | \$50 | DISPUTE BETWEEN WHITE AND NEGRO YOUTHS |
| 169K | JULY 1501711- Decisions | FRESNO, CALIF. | 134 8% | | 0 2 | NO. | NO | YES | 46 | NO | 27 | 4 | NO NO | \$16 | \$23 | YOUTHS MARCHING ON THE LOCAL DEO HEADQUARTERS DEMANDING JOBS |
| 5-17 | JULY 18-20 care | PLAINFIELD, N. J.4-1 | 45 22% | | 7 48 | YES | YES | YES | 15 | YES | 148 | • | | \$300 | | HEADON/HOLO DEMANDING GOOD |
| | JULY 117-2012 28 18. | GREENSBORO, N.C. | 120 26% | | 0 2 | NO: | NO | YES | 3 | YES | 52 | 24 | NO NO | \$70 | | NEGRO FAMILY MOVED INTO AN ALL-WHIT NEIGHBORHOOD OUTSIDE CITY |
| | JULY 47-21 科第"时 | PATERSON, N. J. | 144 15% | | 0 0 | NO | NO | YES | 10 | YES | 32 | 18 | NO NO | | | SPONTANEOUS ERUPTION |
| | JULY 18-20 18/00 | ERIE, PA. | 138 5% | | 0 8 | NO. | NO | YES | 41 | YES | 30 | 44 | NO NO | \$450 | | NEGRO DISSENSION OVER HOUSING, EMPLOYMENT AND RECREATION |
| | JULY 19 120 -2317 | | | | 3 0 | NO' | YES | YES | 16 | YES | 32 | | NO YES | | | 2 NEGRO GIRLS FIGHTING |
| | | ENGLEWOOD, N.J. | | | 9 0 | YES | YES | YES | 7 | YES | 26 | | NO NO | | 119 | INTERFERENCE WITH POLICE RESPONDING TO CALL |
| | | HATTLESBURG, MISS | | | ^ | NO. | | YES | 0 | YES | 91 | 1 | YES NO | | 1 | BOYCOTT OF CITY BUS LINE AND DOWNTOWN MERCHANTS |
| | | BIRMINGHAM, ALA. | 341 40% | | ^ | NO 1 | YES | YES | 2 | NO | 20 | 6 | YES NO | | | POLICE SHOT A FLEEING NEGRO FELON |
| , | JULY 23-312 12 | DETROIT, MICH. | 1670 29% | 4. 39 | 143 | YES' | YES | YES | 1682 | YES | 7231 | 539 | YES YES | 144,000 | 500,000 | POLICE RAID ON ILLEGAL DRINKING ESTABLISHMENT |
| | | | 51 11% | 0 0 | 1 1 | NO | YES | YES | 2 | NO | 23 | 23 | NO NO | | | ALLEY FIGHT IN WHICH WHITE MAN KILLED A NEGRO. FANNED BY DETROIT RIOT. |
| | JULY 23-24 🗸 | NEW BRITAIN, CONN. | 82 3% | 0 0 | 2 3 | NO' | NO | YES | -0 | NO | 4 | 1 | NO NO | 1 | | POLICE INVESTIGATING DOMESTIC ASSAULT |
| | JULY 23-25® (**) | NEW YORK CITY | 7782 14% | | 35 10 | YES ' | | YES | 20 | YES | 47 | 7 | NO NO | 22 | 850 | SHOOTING OF ARMED FELON BY POLICE |
| | | PHOENIX, ARIZ. | 439 5% | | - | YES | YES | YES | 58 | NO | 208 | 138 | YES YES | 61 | | POLICE RESPONSE TO RAPE REPORT |
| | | | 319 7% | | 6 3 | NO | YES | YES | 146 | YES | 69 | 23 | YES YES | | 100 | POLICE DISPERSAL OF A GROUP OF DRAG RACERS |
| | JULY 23-28 | | 318 13% | | 5 | NO' | YES | YES | 70 | YES | 126 | 93 | NO YES | 100 | 500 | SPONTANEOUS |
| 1 | JULY 24-26 24- | | | | 1 1 | YES | YES | YES | 12 | NO | 8 | 1 | YES YES | 48 | | SPEECH BY H. RAP BROWN |
| | | KALAMAZOO, MICH | | | 1 5 | NO? | NO | YES | 4 | NO | 40 | | YES NO | | | A FIGHT BETWEEN 2 NEGRO MALES RESULTED IN A NEGRO FEMALE BEING SHOT |
| 4 | JULY 24 - AUG.3(*) | | 7782 14% | | | YESI | YES | YES | 1 | YES | 67 | | NO NO | | | SPONTANEOUS |
| 1 | JULY 24-25 | PONTIAC, MICH. | | | | YES" | YES | YES | 56 | YES | 272 | 144 | YES YES | 200 | | SIMULTANEOUS FIRE BOMBING OF 5 WHITE OWNED GROCERY STORES |
| 1 | JULY 25-30 24,6,7 | FLINT, MICH. | 197 18% | | | YES' | YES | YES | 151 | YES | 243 | 131 | YES NO | 28 | | DETROIT DISORDER |
| | | MT. VERNON, N.Y. | 76 20% | 0 0 | 6 4 | NO [*] | YES | YES | 6 | YES | 36 | | NO NO | 20 | | HARANGUING BY AGITATORS AND EXTREMISTS |
| | 244 Treedo | | | | | | | | | | | | | | *FEBERAL TROOPS | AIGN CALLED |

*FEBERAL TROOPS ALSO CALLED

MAJOR RIOTS, CIVIL-CRIMINAL DISORDERS - 1967

| | | 1960 POPULATION | KILLED | INJURED | T | YPES (| OF CRIM | /INALI | TY | A R R | COZY | POLICE ACTION | | NCIAL SS | MAYOR'S' |
|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|--------|-----------|--------|---------|----------------|-------|--------------------------|---------------------|---|--|
| DATES | | (IN THOUSANDS) % NEGRO | CIVILIANS | OFFICERS CIVILIANS | | • | VANDALISM | | FIKEMEN | T _S | | STATE POLICE NAT'L GUARD | DAMAGE (THOUS 4) | EST. ECONOMIC LOSS (THOUS, \$) | REPORTS OF TRIGGERING INCIDENTS |
| | SOUTH BEND, INDEST | | | 5 | NO_ | NO | YES | 58 | YES_ | 88 | 15 | YES YES | \$29 | | |
| | | 3550 23% | | 0 0 | | YES | YES | 2 | YES | 88 | 26 | NO NO | | • | NETROIT DISORDER |
| JULY 26-28 25 1 -> | | | | 6 20 | | YES | YES | 63 | YES | 282 | 197 | YES YES | \$202 | | |
| | LONG BEACH, CALIF. | | | | | NO | YES | 6 | YES | 17 | 1 | 110 | AOA | 400 | PERSONS THROWING OBJECTS AT INCVING MASS MEDIA COVERAGE OF BETROT DISC NEGRO JAVENILES FIGHTING OVER GIRLS |
| | | 192 6% | | | YES | NO | YES | 29 | NO | 29 | 5 | VEO | \$30 | \$63 | SIT-DOWN AT MAIN INTERSECTION |
| | | 98 17% | | - | | YES | YES | 25 | YES | 72 | | VCO | | | STONING OF POLICE ANSWERING TO A CAL HALT FIGHTING AT TEENAGE PARTY |
| JULY 23-24 23-24 -> | | 213 3% | | - | | YES | YES | 6 | YES | 41 | 5 | 110 | | | HALT FIGHTING AT TEENAGE PARTY FALSE RUMOR OF 2 DEATHS CAUSED BY A POLICE CAR |
| | | 130 8% | | | | YES | YES | 3 | NO | 41 | | 110 | 1000 | | BY A POLICE CAR WINDOW BROKEN AT JEWELRY STORE AN SUBSEQUENT LOOTING |
| | | 503 22% | | | NO | YES | YES | 22 | YES | 25 23 | 16 | NU | 7202 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | SUBSECUENT LOOTING NONE |
| JULY 27-29 JULY 27 | | 54 9% | | 0 | NO | YES | YES | 0 | YES | 32 | 10 | NO | - | | SPONTANEOUS |
| | | 19 11 % 740 10% | | 0 | 1400 | YES | YES | 177 | YES | 56 | 15 | YES YES | 1 | \$24 | NONE |
| | | 107 7% | | 6 | 14-6 | YES | YES | 0 | NO | 69 | 47 | NO NO | 100 | \$150 | |
| | | 255 8% | | | MEA | NO | YES | 17 | YES | 95 | 27 | YES NO | 1400 | \$250 | NATIONAL RACIAL TENSION |
| IIII 28-29 NAS | POUGHKEEPSIE, N.Y. | | | | YES | YES | YES | 0 | NO | 54 | 16 | YES YES | | 1200 | GROUP OF NEGRO YOUTHS LEAVING A DA |
| | | 96 26% | | | MEA | YES | YES | 14 | YES | 325 | | YES NO | \$15 | | |
| JULY 29+ AUG 4 | | 49 3% | | | 410 | NO | YES | 7 | NO | 12 | | YES NO | | | |
| | | 72 6% | | | NO | NO | YES | 1 | YES | 9 | 5 | NO NO | 1.00 | | QUARREL OVER PARKED CAR WHICH RESU IN A NEGRO BEING CUT |
| | NEW YORK CITY, N.Y. | | | | 1 110 | YES | YES | 1 | YES | 76 | | NO NO | | | IDLE YOUTHS LED ASTRAY BY LOCAL AGITATORS |
| JULY 25 New Deviga 24-20 | MOUNT CLEMONS MICH | 21 12% | | | NIA | NO | NO | 2 | NO | 98 | 88 | YES NO | \$100 | \$25 | DETROIT DISORDER |
| | ROCKFORD, ILL. | 127 4% | | | 110 | NO | YES | 1- | NO | 40 | 16 | YES NO | | | BOTTLE THROWN AT CAR |
| | MILWAUKEE, WISC. | | | 44 | YES | YES | YES | 409 | YES | 1566 | | NO YES | 1 | | NONE |
| | | 373 4% | | | NO | NO | YES | 45 | YES | 85 | 24 | YES YES | \$50 | \$54 | YOUNG HOODLUM ATTACKED A PARK A |
| | RIVJERA BEACH, FLA. | | | | MEA | YES | YES | 2 | YES | 45 | | NO NO | \$350 | | ARREST OF A DRUNK AND DISORDERLY |
| JULY 31-AUG 3 | | 138 5% | 0 0 | | 1 NIA | NO | YES | - 6 | YES | 17 | 10 | NO NO | | | CONTINUED INSSENSION BASED ON ERI DISORDER OF 7/19/67 |
| | | 92 9% | | | MEA | NO | YES | 61 | YES | 67 | 67 | NO NO | | | CROWD OF 300 PEOPLE AT HOUSE PAR BLOCKING STREET; THIS WAS BROKEN UP BY |
| | WEST PALM BEACH, FLA | | | | MA | NO | NO | 13 | YES | 30 | | NO NO | | i | DISORDER IH RIVIERA BEACH, FLA. |
| | PROVIDENCE, R.I. | 207 5% | | 19 26 | 1400 | NO | YES | 0 | · NO | 69 | 5 | YES YES | | | CELEBRATION OF NEGRO INCEPENDENCE CAUSED A CROWD TO GATHER |
| | | 764 54% | | | AIA | YES | YES | 10 | YES | 25 | | NO NO | | | CROWD DISPERSED FROM SCENE OF FIR |
| | | 190 10% | | | 046 | NO | YES | 14 | YES | -8 | | NO NO | | | |
| | | 103 9% | | | MEA | NO | YES | 7 | YES | 7 | 2 | NO NO | | | ARSONISTS SET FIRE TO A GROCERY STO |
| | | 938 23% | | | MEA | NO | YES | 20 | YES | 6 | | NO NO | | | WHITE MALE SERVICE STATION ATTENDAL HEGAD MALE IN ATTEMPTED ROBBERY |
| | | 216 5% | | 7. 0 | 100 | YES | YES | 18 | YES | 186 | 1 | NO NO | \$66 | | CROWD GATHERED AS POLICE WERE INVE A BURGLARY |
| AUG 19-23 | NEW HAVEN, CONN. | 152 15% | 0 0 | 3 0 | NO | YES | YES | 90 | YES | 679 | 177 | YES NO | \$149 | | PUERTO RICAN SHOT BY A WHITE STOREKS |
| | ALEW YORK CITY, N.Y. | | 0 1 | 51 7 | NO | NO | YES | 7 | YES | 76 | | NO NO | | | HEGAD YOUTH KILLED BURING COMMISSION FELONY, BY A NEGRO DETECTIVE |
| | | | | | | | | | | | , | | | | |
| TOTAL- | 1967 | | 9 75 | 742 1,208 | } | | 1 | 4,289 | | 16,471 | 2,161 | \$1 | 60.4 MIL | .\$504.11 | AIL. |
| | 67 GRAND TO | | | 1,199 2,42 | | | | 7,985 | | 28,932 | _ | | 10.6мн | | |