

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS SERVICE
WITHDRAWAL SHEET (PRESIDENTIAL LIBRARIES)

FORM OF DOCUMENT	CORRESPONDENTS OR TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
Memo	Manatos to the President <i>opened 6/13/2013</i> <i>appeal refused 10-3-79</i> <i>appeal refused 1980</i>	3/3/66	C

FILE LOCATION

Ex FG 11-2

RESTRICTION CODES

- (A) Closed by Executive Order 11652 governing access to national security information.
- (B) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the document.
- (C) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in the donor's deed of gift.

Confidential

May 30, 1966

EXECUTIVE

PE 11
FG 11-2

Dear Bob:

Don't worry about Mankiewicz's
finances. I have arranged CIA
to pay half his salary since he
will be working for me part-time.

Sincerely,

Bill Moyers
Special Assistant
to the President

Honorable Robert F. Kennedy
Hickory Hill
McLean, Virginia

EXECUTIVE

JL2

(8)

ST20

FG135

FG11-2

ND14-3

Post (Washington)

X

May 11, 1966

Ernest C. Raskauskas, Esquire^X
Robert J. Stanford, Esquire^X
910 Seventeenth Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C.

This is in response to your telegram of May 2, 1966, concerning civil action No. 15952, Eerik Heine V. Juri Raus^X, in the United States District Court for the District of Maryland. I have been advised by the Department of Justice that Executive Order 10501 is not relevant to the matter. In accordance with that advice, I am not taking the action suggested in your telegram.

Harry C. McPherson, Jr.
Special Counsel to the President

RECEIVED
MAY 11 1966
CENTRAL FILES

ET.

12

(F)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 3, 1966
9:43 p. m.

Mr. President:

The Governing Council of the World ^{*}
Veterans Federation is holding its
annual meeting in Toronto this year.
The group will be in Washington on
Monday, May 9, and Tuesday, May
10.

Bill Driver and Bill Stinson request a
meeting of this group with you.

Stinson tells me this is a group
assisted by CIA. I further understand
they support our country's Vietnam
position.

Will you greet them?

Yes ☐ No ☐

See me
Marvin

EXECUTIVE

(5)

CO

PR 8-2/W*

FG 11-2

FG 300

ND 19/C0312

Orig to Mrs. Terrell

Rec'd
May 6 1966
C. J. Siler

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

REFERRAL

EXECUTIVE

PE4
FG 11-21

To: Secretary of Labor

Date: April 29, 1966

ACTION REQUESTED

- ☐ Draft reply for:
 - ☐ President's signature.
 - ☐ Undersigned's signature.
- ☐ Memorandum for use as enclosure to reply.
- ☐ Direct reply.
- ☐ Furnish information copy.
- ☒ Suitable acknowledgment or other appropriate handling.
- ☐ Furnish copy of reply, if any.
- ☐ For your information.
- ☐ For comment.

NOTE

Prompt action is essential.

If more than 48 hours' delay is encountered, please telephone the undersigned immediately, Code 1450.

Basic correspondence should be returned when draft reply, memorandum, or comment is requested.

REMARKS:

Annual Reports on Mission SAFETY-70 from the following, in response to the President's Memo of Feb. 16, 1966: ---

Description:

Letter: ☐ Telegram: ☐ Other: ☐

To: Joseph W. Barr, Acting Secretary of the Treasury, 4/27/66;
 From: W. F. Raborn, Director, Central Intelligence Agency, 4/28/66;
 Date: Howard W. Habermeyer, Chrmn, Railroad Retirement Board, 4/27;
 Subject: Lewis B. Hershey, Director of Selective Service, 4/28/66.

By direction of the President:

RECEIVED
APR 29 1966
CENTRAL FILES

Paul M. Popple
Assistant to the President

(White House File Copy)

rah - 2

EXECUTIVE (2)

BE 5

BE 4

EC 11-2

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

Date:

4/25/66

To:

Joe Califano

From:

John Dorsey

As you requested.

Full
Sun

ent's Request for Restraint in Business
Spending

or corporations have responded in
it to defer or curtail nonessential capital
uest was made at a White House dinner
125 executives of leading corporations.
ding gave strong support to the
inflationary pressures through a
spending. Here, in brief form are

ed willingness of your Administra-
tion to seek the voluntary cooperation of industry, giving it this
additional opportunity to demonstrate its self-discipline rather
than relying on alternative methods. We also appreciate your strong
leadership in directing the members of your cabinet to defer
certain expenditures previously approved in their current budgets."
(A farm and construction equipment manufacturer.)

"We are wholeheartedly in accord with the President's appeal for
restraint in capital expenditures not only because we agree it is
sound public policy at this time, but also because it is just plain
common sense to be especially careful when costs are so high and
skilled labor scarce." (A soup company.)

"I feel that all these great efforts of the President to counsel with
the private sector to try to work by guidelines and voluntary
programs are invaluable. I can't help but feel that if stronger
medicine is later found necessary, it will be accepted more readily
because of earlier involvements in measures which might have
avoided it." (A motion picture distributor.)

...ing to the Chamber, the replies show: "That top business
... for the most part, approve your requests, and want to



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

23 April 1966

EXECUTIVE

PQ2

7G 11-2

The Honorable Lawson B. Knott, Jr.
Administrator
General Services Administration
Washington, D. C. 20405

Dear Mr. Knott:

I refer to the White House memorandum of March 24, 1966, from Mr. Joseph A. Califano, Jr., requesting departments and agencies to report to you by May 1, 1966, the quantities of certain materials they estimate that they will purchase in calendar year 1966.

The Central Intelligence Agency will not make direct purchase of any of the materials listed in enclosures 1 and 2 of the White House memorandum. Relatively small quantities of some of the items may be used by manufacturers to meet Agency requirements. However, most of our requirements for materials of this nature are met through the General Services Administration and the Department of Defense.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. K. White

L. K. White
Executive Director

✓cc: The Honorable Joseph A. Califano, Jr.
Special Assistant to the President

RECEIVED
MAY 16 1966
CENTRAL FILES

Read
Kane
4.15.66
9:00 p

212

C X

EXECUTIVE
FG 11-2

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

L

April 13, 1966
12:50 p

Mr. President:

Today I met with the following for discussion
prior to final processing of Civil Service
papers:

Kenneth M. Klein

For: Chief Engineer, Bonneville
Power Administration, Department
of Interior, GS-16.

Background: He was born in 1912 in
Oregon. He graduated from Oregon
State College with a BS in Electrical
Engineering. He is a long-time career
employee and has been with the
Bonneville Power Administration for
a number of years.

Marvin

EXECUTIVE

FA2

FG 11-2

April 12, 1966

Dear Red:

Thank you for your thoughtful anniversary note.

Let me just say that each month of the last twelve have further confirmed my original confidence in yourself and Dick Helms.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be 'WR', with a long, sweeping horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., USN, Ret.
Director of Central Intelligence
Washington, D. C.

LBJ:JV:sal

EXECUTIVE

(5)

April 4, 1966
1:35 p.m. Monday

FOS
COS12
FG105
FG11-21

ND19/COS12

MR. PRESIDENT:

This is a report given to me by Michael Deutsch. He is an engineer who left his business to spend seven months in Vietnam with the Lansdale team. He is a man of intellectual brilliance and a man who actually got out from behind a desk and moved around Vietnam going to places and talking to people that most Americans never go or see. He has been in a series of debriefings in State and CIA.

I asked him to visit with Walt Rostow today to give Walt his judgment and his views about the current situation in Vietnam.

This memorandum was written prior to the troublesome events today in Vietnam.

Jack Valenti

JV:ny

Nothing else sent to
Central Files as of 5/9/66

BB/2
EXECUTIVE

FG 11-2

(4)

March 25, 1966

FG 2/Eisenhower, Dwight
PRG -1/E*

AUTOGRAPH FILE/E*

Eisenhower, Milton
Anderson, John

Dear General:

As I have said to you often, all the information I have I want you to have. General Goodpaster, Andy and Admiral Raborn have instructions from me to brief you frequently so you are conversant with the most up-to-date information.

I need your wisdom and your judgment in these decisions which the President must make and whose depth and solemn agony only you really understand.

Let this letter carry with it the respect and affection of Lady Bird and me to you and Mrs. Eisenhower.

Sincerely,

LYNDON B. JOHNSON

Your brother Milton continues to be a source of comfort and strength to me. L

Honorable Dwight D. Eisenhower
Gettysburg
Pennsylvania 17325

LBJ:JV:ny
5

RECEIVED
MAR 28 1966
CENTRAL FILES

Copy to Mrs. Tervito

Mr. President:

I suggest you add a hand-written note:

" Your brother Milton is a source of strength
to me. "

Jack Valenti

"Ask Jack to draft a reply to this letter."

LBJ/vm

3/24/66

3:00 pm

4V
DDE

GETTYSBURG
PENNSYLVANIA 17325

Box FFF, Indio, California
March 22, 1966

Dear Mr. President:

Thank you very much for your kind note about John Anderson, and for sending General Goodpaster out to see me about the Honolulu Declaration. I must say that General Goodpaster's report definitely reflected a more optimistic outlook than had been the case for some time.

*filed
Ex.
WD 14/CO 312
3/10/66*

Recently also Admiral Raborn came out and gave me a two-hour briefing concerning a number of sensitive points in the world situation. He seems to be a most excellent man; I have real confidence in his work as well as his dedication.

With very best wishes to you and your family for continued health and happiness, and great respect,

Sincerely,

Dwight D. Eisenhower

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Original to Mrs. Terrell 3/30/66

Handwritten initials: J. J. W.
THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

EXECUTIVE ①

FG 11-2

FG 2/Eisenhower,
Dwight D.

Handwritten: OK
14 March 1966

Dear Jack:

The secretary to General Eisenhower called this past weekend and inquired if I could come to Palm Springs to give General Eisenhower a general intelligence briefing this coming Friday, March 18th.

As you know, President Johnson has asked me to keep the General briefed on intelligence matters. My schedule will permit me to fulfill this request with the concurrence of the President.

I would plan therefore to leave Washington Thursday afternoon, brief the General on Friday, and return Saturday afternoon to Washington.

Mr. Helms would be in Washington during my absence.

In order to firm up this schedule, I would be most grateful if you would seek the President's views and let me know by telephone.

Warmest best wishes,

Sincerely,

Handwritten signature: "Red"

W. F. Raborn

The Honorable Jack Valenti
Special Assistant to the President
The White House

RECEIVED
MAR 15 1966
CENTRAL FILES

RD

MEMORANDUM

22
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

EXCUTIVE

FI 3

FG 11-2

(2) ③

March 11, 1966
8:30 p.m. Friday

MR. PRESIDENT:

Keith Funston called me this afternoon. There was a story in the World-Telegram which quoted the President in a phone^x conversation with Funston in which the President wanted to get the^x Dow-Jones averages scrubbed and a new type stock index created.

Funston told the World-Telegram this was all hokum and out of someone's imagination.

I called Moyers and alerted him. I also called Ackley for Funston said the World Telegram reporter (Dick^x Dyche) said the report came from the CEA.

Attached is Ackley's reply.

Jack Valenti

Checked by Hardee

March 11, 1966


EXHIBIT 11-2 (5)
FG 105
FO
ND 19/CO 312
FG 105-4
EG 11-2
PU 2-2/54*

Dear Fletcher:

Your thoughtful letter was greatly appreciated.

I am particularly grateful for the kind words you wrote about Secretary Rusk. He is one of the ablest men I have ever known, and what he does in the cause of his country is ample reason for this entire nation's gratitude.

Sincerely,


Mr. Fletcher Warren^x
5405 Stonewall Street
Greenville, Texas 75401

LBJ:JV:sb
4

RECEIVED
MAR 14 1966
CENTRAL FILES

File

THOMAS GARDINER CORCORAN^x
WASHINGTON, D. C.

March 6, 1966

*Rec'd Pres's office
mon. - March 7
11:50a*

The President
The White House
Washington D.C.

Dear Mr. President:

As you and the Admiral know, I have for a long time been "mixed up" in intelligence, particularly in relation to the Far East. In this connection, I have known intimately Mr. Ray S.^xCline, for many years the on-the-ground expert in Taiwan with remarkable performance.

At a dinner last week, he confided to me he was concerned that you had yourself remarked to him that in transferring to another on-the-ground post in Germany, he was "running out" on you. He wasn't sure you were joking.

I suggested that as a personal matter, since you spoke to him yourself, he write you a personal letter "to clear his conscience". To encourage him, I offered (I hope not improperly) to send my own letter to you with it. I enclose Ray Cline's letter herewith.

I hope neither you nor the Admiral will consider this presumptuous.

Sincerely yours,

Tom

Enclosure

CENTRAL FILES



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

2 March 1966

Dear Mr. President:

I do not want to leave Washington for my overseas post without assuring you emphatically that I am not "running out" on you, as you jestingly put it a few evenings ago. I am very much committed personally and officially to the success of the national security policy and foreign policy of this country under this Administration. I firmly believe we are on the right track, especially in facing up to the tasks and dangers before us in Southeast Asia, and you will always be able to call on what small talents I have whenever and wherever the National Security machinery of our Government needs them.

At this point in time, after four years on the hot spot of picking out critical intelligence for the White House and National Security Council, however, I feel my own professional development as well as such advantage as the Government derives from my services will benefit if I recharge my batteries with a tour of duty in Europe. In the intelligence business, accurate and objective knowledge is power, the only form of power that men in that business should exercise. I have spent most of the past ten years concentrating on China and the Far East. This has been a great satisfaction to me, but I want to maintain an intellectual balance by keeping fresh my awareness of how these current Far Eastern troubles fit into the world pattern, in which the Soviet Union and Western Europe play vital roles. Hence I wish to refresh my expertise by working in Germany, the key to much of the future of Europe as well as to what we hope will be a stable world balance of power.

Forgive me for taking your time, but I would not be comfortable if I did not tell you I have no intention of "running out" but merely feel the desirability of working "in a different part of the bureaucratic forest" for a while.

Sincerely,

Ray S. Cline
Ray S. Cline

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

EXECUTIVE

March 5, 1966
4:30 p.m.

NDP/CO312
506-3-1
HUB
EG 11-21
CO 50-2

MR. PRESIDENT:

I thought you should see this sample of enemy propaganda.

This booklet is Vol. II of a Peking series denouncing U. S. policy in Vietnam. It was passed to me by Charles Maguire (White House Fellow here) who received it direct from Peking while a doctoral student in Sino-Soviet affairs at Columbia University.

He informed me that Peking habitually seeds academic research exchanges with such material -- and that Peking's Foreign Language Press circulates masses of it throughout the world in up to twenty languages.

Some CIA estimates for 1964:

- Peking exported about 15 million books and unknown quantity of 17 periodicals; heavy less-developed nations emphasis; cost of \$25 million.
- Moscow exported over 45 million books and pamphlets in 39 languages; some 28 million copies in 24 languages spoken in less-developed countries; millions of additional copies of 14 foreign-language periodicals; cost of \$70 million.
- At least 2.5 million pieces of Communist mail enter the U. S. each month, more than 1 million from USSR alone.

Jack Valenti

JV:CM:sb

RECEIVED
MAR 11 1966
CENTRAL FILES

March 4, 1966

CONGRESSIONAL

FO

FG 600/5*

FG 105

FG 105-4

FG 115-4

FG 115

FG 11-5

FG 11-2

Dear Senator:

Henry M. Jackson

The President asked me to write to you about a decision he has taken to improve the manner of conducting our interdepartmental overseas activities. What is involved is an organizational change which is an important step in his effort, as expressed in his State of the Union message, to "modernize and streamline the Executive Branch."

FG 296

FG 1-1

FG

In order to assist him in discharging his responsibility in the conduct of foreign affairs, the President has directed the Secretary of State, as his agent, to assume responsibility to the full extent permitted by law for the overall direction, coordination and supervision of interdepartmental activities of the United States Government overseas (less exempted military activities).

To assist the Secretary of State in this new role, there will be a permanent interdepartmental committee, called the Senior Interdepartmental Group with the Under Secretary of State as its "Executive Chairman", an important provision which makes the difference between the normal committee and an incisive, decision-taking body.

The other regular members of the Senior Group will be: The Deputy Secretary of Defense, the Administrator of AID, the Director of CIA, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Director of the United States Information Agency and the Special Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs. The Chairman will invite representatives of other departments and agencies when they have an interest in the matters under consideration.

Beneath the Secretary of State and the Senior Group, the regional Assistant Secretaries of State will occupy important focal positions in the channel of responsibility for overall direction, coordination and supervision of interdepartmental matters in the regions of their responsibility. Supported by Interdepartmental Regional Groups analogous in membership and responsibilities to the Senior Group (of which the Assistant Secretaries are Executive Chairmen), they

Green copies used for name file

RECEIVED

MAR 15 1966

CENTRAL FILES

*Rec'd
Pres. Sec.
5:30 pm
3/3/66
AB
✓R*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

March 3, 1966
Thursday - 5:10 PM

EXECUTIVE (4)
FG 11-2
CD 50-2
CO 40

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Mike Manatos *M.M.*

George D. Senator Aiken told me in Senator *Mike* Mansfield's office that "Admiral Raborn isn't worth the powder to blow him up." Apparently Aiken was very disappointed in Raborn's showing as head of C.I.A. He readily admits he did a great job in the Navy. Aiken also said that "unbelievable as it seems, except for Mao, Raborn didn't know the names of the other Chinese leaders and had to read from a note handed him by one of his assistants."

It worries Aiken considerably that "the President may be under pressure to go into Cambodia," which he feels would be a mistake.

→ He has in mind mentioning Cambodia to you tonight if he gets the chance.

L

RECEIVED
MAR 8 1966
CENTRAL FILE

[Handwritten signature]

the source.
He was in China mentioning Campobis to Lon tonight if he gets
re a mistake.
under pressure to go into Campobis, which he feels would
be mortally viken considerably first, the President may be
one of his assistants."
Chinese leaders and had to read from a note handed him by
except for who, Kerson didn't know the names of the other
the Malay. Viken also said that "supervisors as it seems"
as part of C.T.V. He really thinks he did a great job in
vibrantly viken was very disappointed in Kerson's growing
"against Kerson isn't worth the bother to show him up."
Senator Viken told me in Senator Menafoglio's office that

FROM: Mike Menafoglio M.Y.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Thursday - 2:10 PM
March 3, 1966

WASHINGTON
THE WHITE HOUSE

MEMORANDUM
CONFIDENTIAL

GO 40
GO 20-3
EC 4-3
EXECUTIVE

cmh / v
EXECUTIVE

THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

FG 11-2
FG 11-8-1/Moyers, Bill

I

3 March 1966

Mr. Bill Moyers
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Bill:

In response to your invitation to come over and talk things over some time, I am taking the liberty of putting some ideas on paper regarding the Central Intelligence Agency which you may find interesting and possibly so will the President.

As you remember, almost simultaneously with my swearing in, I had a conference with the President on Vietnam. Then, within hours after taking office -- we were faced with the crisis in the Dominican Republic. It was a period of intense activity: immediate consultation with the President, the establishment and delivery of hourly situation reports, attendance at White House meetings, briefings of Congress, and the closest cooperation with the Federal Bureau of Investigation. In discharging these responsibilities, I placed full reliance on the competence of the CIA experts who produce the finished intelligence. The conclusions reached at that time on the then under-cover activities and aims of the Communists have been borne out. Internally, I quickly set up a Dominican Intelligence Task Force to manage this crisis. It was able to formalize the continuous liaison within CIA and outside the Agency. It provided a mechanism to keep me informed of the activities and plans of the Agency, to keep me abreast of the current intelligence situation, and to read and review the reports flowing to the President and top policy advisors of the Government.

And so there was developed an approach to the utility of intelligence in these early weeks as the new Director of Central Intelligence which stands me in good stead. I get briefed early and often. My daily briefing by experts begins before 7:00 a.m. so that I am fully informed and responsive to policy makers. There is a continuous flow of reports

to my office from every conceivable source from all parts of the world, and accordingly I read widely and deeply. I don't consider that my work is done unless I am sending the best intelligence to the right person's attention on time. This is my sense of mission and I am ever mindful of my charge from the President.

In line with the President's wishes that Dick Helms and I "spare no effort to make this the best intelligence agency in the world", working together during the past ten months, we have made important changes so that the Agency can perform its functions in a more efficient manner; we have inaugurated long-range plans and budgetary systems, pulled together in a modern management center that permits us to efficiently conduct our business. Thus we have under continuing review our performance evaluated against projected goals.

I have delegated to Mr. Helms authorities which permit him to conduct the day-to-day activities of the Agency. He sits as the CIA representative on the United States Intelligence Board, which I chair as the President's representative, and with my strong approval he briefs members of the Congress -- in addition to my own briefing of them. This gives me more time to devote to overall coordination of the Intelligence Community, our broad relations with State, Defense, the FBI, and the NSC -- and allows me time to keep members of Congress informed which we try to do on a weekly basis. It also affords me the needed time to probe into our own organization to assess its state of efficiency, its future development, and to conduct the long-range planning required to meet the intelligence needs of the country's leaders in the future. We have attempted to merge my own executive and managerial experience with the intelligence expertise of Mr. Helms -- hopefully to strike an optimum balance. Our performance will, of course, have to be judged by others.

Last year we completed a study of the intelligence objectives the Agency must be capable of accomplishing within the next ten to fifteen years. This is a master plan stressing cost effectiveness and increased efficiency. The plan is subject to continuous evaluation and review to give us maximum results at the lowest possible cost. We have been told that our management system methods, now in being, are outstanding.

This modern management system has done much to identify and weed out obsolescent and less effective programs and permits us to emphasize the higher priority ones and be responsive to the new and on-coming needs of the intelligence objectives which the long-range planning study had previously brought into focus.

Permanent planning, budgeting, evaluation groups have been set up in each of the Directorates of the Agency. These follow the progress of the work during the year and compare the progress with the current fiscal year goals -- and accomplish budgeting work on a concurrent basis for the upcoming fiscal year. The Bureau of the Budget has complimented us on this newly inaugurated management system.

We have strengthened our scientific and technical intelligence production using, in addition to our own extremely competent scientists under the able direction of Dr. Albert Wheelon -- the skills and talents of other American scientists of world-wide renown who serve as cleared consultants. American industry also has been cooperating and helping in this effort in a heartwarming manner.

We have installed what I term a "24-hour Operations Center" to give prompt and comprehensive intelligence service. This "Center" is staffed with senior intelligence officers and is in continuous contact with the Intelligence Community and with the principal offices of the Government. This is a seven-day-a-week operation.

In connection with the Operations Center mentioned above, we have continued to staff the White House Situation Room with Intelligence Watch Officers who are on duty 24 hours a day. The Situation Room Duty Officers are in close contact with our Operations Center throughout the day and night so that the latest information and intelligence are available to the President and members of the White House staff.

We have established several vital task forces composed of outstanding specialists of the entire Intelligence Community to be more responsive to special needs -- for example, the "Vietnam Task Force".

The Vietnam Task Force within CIA is headed by a senior operations officer with a profound knowledge of the area. The Task Force

members are from every part of CIA -- plus other elements of the Community. The mission and purpose of the Task Force is to emphasize the coordination of all of our intelligence efforts, pertinent to Vietnam -- and in the main to be responsive to the American needs in Southeast Asia.

We have re-emphasized and re-dedicated the mission of CIA to its principal mission -- which is to collect, digest, interpret, and disseminate intelligence. While other aspects of our over-all responsibilities must be appropriately discharged, greater emphasis is being devoted to the job of obtaining foreign intelligence which, as I said in the beginning, I consider our primary mission.

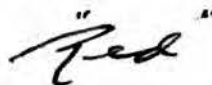
We have emphasized our personal efforts with the Congress, the State Department, the Defense Department, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board -- and believe we are a smoothly-working and harmonious member of the Government.

We shall, however, continue to try to improve in every way the quality of our performance. To do this, we shall continue to emphasize the performance of our personnel -- which is already rated among the highest in Government. They are proud of their association with CIA and know in their hearts and minds that CIA is one of America's first lines of defense to which they are dedicated and of which they are a part.

We are proud to serve the President and will continue to devote our efforts to insure optimum performance of the Central Intelligence Agency.

I shall be pleased to discuss with you any of these or any other topics at your pleasure.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "W. F. Raborn".

W. F. Raborn
Director

RECEIVED
MAR 7 1966
CENTRAL FILES

EXECUTIVE

FG 200

FG 11-2

February 28, 1966

Dear Mr. White:

It was my pleasure today to attend the luncheon at the National Lawyers Club. I'm just sorry that you could not be present for I very much looked forward to meeting you.

The exchange of ideas and comments was very good and I'm glad to have been a part of that session.

Best regards.

Sincerely,

W. Marvin Watson
Special Assistant
to the President

Mr. L. K. White
Executive Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.
WMW:MJC:cfc

EXECUTIVE

(2)

PP13-4

SP3-120/Pro/R*

FG 11-2

THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

24 February 1966

Dear Mr. President:

May I offer my most sincere congratulations to you upon receiving the Annual Freedom Award -- an honor most distinctly merited.

Additionally, may I tell you how very proud the Raborns were of your magnificent speech made on that occasion. It is something all America needed to hear.

Very respectfully,

W. F. Raborn

W. F. Raborn

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

EXECUTIVE

FO5
FG 300
CO 312
VA2
FO2/CO 312
FG11-2

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

February 4, 1966
6:38 p.m.

Mr. President:

The attached concerns a proposed trip to
Viet Nam by Bill Driver.

As I understand this was suggested by *Olin E.*
Congressman ^{*}Teague and is agreed to by
CIA officials in Saigon.

If he goes, he would like to take Bill Stinson. ^{*}

Do you agree?

Yes ✓ No

*Just
They're with go Andrews at
Marvin
hesitant*
A

Marvin

Original to Mrs Scrutts



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON

EXECUTIVE

OSH

CO 303

FG 11-2

FG 11-4

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

PR 18



February 4, 1966

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. BILL MOYERS

After consulting with representatives of the CIA, it is suggested that a useful response to a press inquiry regarding what knowledge we may have of pictures taken by the Soviet^X Luna 9 would be:

"We have obtained some information regarding those pictures from our own sources. Such data are currently under study and evaluation."

E. C. Welsh

cc: Hon. McGeorge Bundy
Mr. Joseph Laitin
Mr. Charles Johnson

EXECUTIVE

PRG-1/R*

FG 11-2

February 4, 1966

Dear Admiral Raborn:

We hope your son will enjoy the enclosed picture which is personalized. I am glad you would contact me with this request.

Best regards,

Sincerely,

Marvin

W. Marvin Watson
Special Assistant
to the President

★
Honorable W. F. Raborn
The Director of Central
Intelligence
Washington, D. C.

Enclosure: color of Pres and Mrs. J. "XX" "As ever - Lyndon B. Johnson
1966"

WMW:MJC:rgm

BB/

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

EXECUTIVE

FG 732

FG 11-2

FG 11-8-11 Bundy

McGeorge

6

Monday, January 26, 1966, 10:30 AM

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT:

Subject: The CIA

I had a farewell meeting yesterday with the members of the Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board, and this morning Clark Clifford called me simply to thank me and to bring me up to date on the proceedings of the Board. In the course of the conversation, it became very clear that the Board is genuinely and deeply troubled about the leadership problem in CIA. These are men who have learned over the years how to keep their mouths damn well shut -- people like Bob Murphy and Bill Langer and Gordon Gray, and Clifford himself. So they are not the source of the gossip. But they see the same things in the Agency that some of the gossips hear about, and they are troubled about their obligation as your advisers.

In this situation, I think it might be wise if you were to get hold of Clark on your own terms and in your own good time, and talk with him about it. He has a good, clear sense of the shape of the problem and the degree of the urgency. (I myself do not think that any catastrophe is imminent, although I do think the situation is serious.) I also believe that if you should wish to execute a change skillfully and silently at any time, Clark is the man who can help most to get it done right. He has been extremely careful to maintain good human relations with all concerned.

McG. B.
McG. B.

January 15, 1966

EXECUTIVE

SP2-4/Pro/R^A
FG 11-2

Dear Red:

Your thoughtful letter concerning my
State of the Union Message is greatly
appreciated by me.

I am confident that you and Dick Helms
are bringing the highest kind of skills
and spirit to the Central Intelligence
Agency. For that I am also grateful.

Sincerely,



Honorable W. F. Raborn^{*}
Director^x
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

LBJ:JV:ny
4

RECEIVED
JAN 19 1966
CENTRAL FILES

January 5, 1966

FOR GARDNER ACKLEY

I have no objection to what appears in the urban section. It does not go into the difficulties cities (and the Federal government) have experienced in urban renewal, e.g., in relocation, the high human cost of breaking up old neighborhood communities, the high economic cost of rehabilitation, etc.; but maybe it is not the role of the Economic Report to point out problems in on-going programs without recommending remedies for them.

Also, it does not emphasize the result of the suburban/central city divide: suburban communities deprived of the cultural facilities and heterogeneous life only cities can provide, city ghettos turned into cauldrons of resentment and frustration. The economics of such a schism are fairly plain in the case of Los Angeles -- minus \$44 million in Watts in one week. According to the Wall Street Journal today, the Watts experience may be repeated in a score of other cities before long.

Harry C. McPherson, Jr.

Attachment - Memo for Doug Cater (who b/s to HCM) from Gardner Ackley, CEA, Jan 5, '66, subject:
• "Review of Galleys of the CEA Annual Report"
(Cities section - Chapter 3a)

NO CYS RETAINED

RECEIVED

MAR 15 1967

COMM. FILED

"HUD"

EXECUTIVE

CO50-1

FO6-3-1

FG-11-2

②

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

January 1, 1966

PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S NEW YEAR MESSAGE

January 1, 1966

My fellow countrymen:

Today, the New Year's Day of 1966, marks the commencement of the 55th year of the Republic of China as reckoned from the time when our Founding Father, Dr. Sun Yat-sen, crowned the National Revolution with the Republic's formal inauguration. As we review the events of the past year, evaluating the international developments, pinpointing the steps of Chinese Communist aggression, and analyzing the strengths and weaknesses of the enemy and ourselves, we are assured of the fact that "the people support the Three Principles of the People which advocate benevolence, and oppose Communism which preaches violence." We have also won the minds and hearts of our compatriots at home and abroad and have aroused their patriotic fervor for recovery of the Chinese mainland and liberation of our people. This triumphant certainty has inevitably resulted from the inspiring ideological leadership of Dr. Sun and the sacrifices and indomitable determination of the revolutionary martyrs!

On the first day of the first year of the Republic, Dr. Sun made his first statement to the world on the fundamental policy of the Republic. He said: "China will fulfill the obligations of a civilized nation in order to enjoy the rights of a civilized nation." Chou Yung, one of our revolutionary martyrs, wrote in his book, The Revolutionary Army: "There are savage revolutions and civilized revolutions. In a savage revolution, there is destruction and no construction. There are also violence, rapine, and wanton disregard for human dignity. A reign of terror thus prevails. An example of the savage revolution

December 23, 1965

EXECUTIVE

PRJ
FG11-2

Dear Red:

The real strength of America is in the men who serve her. After a lifetime of successful service you deserved your respite from duties. But when your President said that you were needed once more, you never hesitated. Once more, you are the commander of an important national enterprise, and the people of our land are the beneficiaries of your sacrifice.

At Christmas, the Johnson family simply wanted you to know of their gratitude for a Raborn tradition of service. May God bless you always.

Sincerely,

Vice Admiral William F. Raborn USN (Ret)
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

LBJ:JV:mw

January 4, 1965

TO: Frank Matthews

FROM: Dorothy Territo

The President sent Christmas greetings (a signed letter) on December 23, 1965 to the following persons:

Secretary Dean Rusk
Secretary Willard Wirtz
Director J. Edgar Hoover
Administrator James E. Webb
Director Charles Schultze
Secretary Robert McNamara
Secretary Henry H. Fowler
Secretary John T. Connor
Postmaster General Larry O'Brien
Secretary Stewart Udall
Secretary Orville Freeman
Director Donald F. Hornig
Chairman Gardner Ackley
Vice Admiral William F. Raborn USN (Ret)
Secretary John W. Gardner
Attorney General Nicholas deB. Katzenbach
Special Assistant McGeorge Bundy

HOT
FG 105
FG 160
FG 135-6
FG 260
FG 11-1
FG 115
FG 110
FG 155
FG 140
FG 145
FG 150
FG 11-9
FG 11-3
FG 11-2
FG 165
FG 135
FG 11-8-1/Bundy

These letters are filed in PUBLIC ACTIVITIES-GIFTS-CHRISTMAS 1965 in my body of record.

RECEIVED

EXECUTIVE

P42
FB11-2
FG 240

②

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20505

17 DEC 1965

Honorable Lawson B. Knott, Jr.
Administrator
General Services Administration
Washington, D. C. 20405

Dear Mr. Knott:

In response to a White House memorandum dated December 2, 1965, requesting quantities of materials required by this Agency as listed in attachment, this is to advise that the Agency will not use any of these materials in direct acquisition. *filed same*

Relatively small quantities of some of the items may be used by manufacturers of Agency requirements but, as you know, most of our requirements for material of this nature are met through the General Services Administration and the Department of Defense.

Sincerely,

James R. L. Bannerman

R. L. Bannerman
Deputy Director
for Support

Attachment:

Report of Materials

cc: Honorable Joseph A. Califano, Jr.
Special Assistant to the President
The White House 1022 DEC 8 VN 3 43
Washington, D. C. 20501

JOE CALIFANO JR.
RECEIVED

Dec. 4, 1965

EXECUTIVE

ND 19/CO 312

76 11-2

Dear Steve:

I have read with great interest your letter of November 23 reporting the conclusions which you reached after your three weeks in South-east Asia. I am very glad to have this first-hand report of your impressions. I know that there has been a difference of opinion between you and some of my people about the role of the CIA in Vietnam, and I believe -- as I am sure you do -- that when there are unresolved differences of this sort, it is much better to discuss them privately before discussing them publicly.

I am interested also in other comments which you make, and when we are all back in Washington, I look forward to having a chance to meet with you and with other members of the Senate who have such a deep interest in this grave problem.

Sincerely,



**Honorable Stephen M. Young
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.**

LBJ:McGB:ab

MEMORANDUM

7
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

EXHIBIT
FG110-13
FG11-2
(2)

November 17, 1965

MEMORANDUM FOR

MARVIN WATSON

The Secret Service is not moving as fast as I think they should in implementing the reorganization below the Assistant Director level. While this is having only a minimal effect on the actual conduct of the White House audio countermeasures program, by not firming up their structure (specifically whether to have a Technical Development Division as planned), they are running the risk of losing the CIA "engineer" who is interested in a Secret Service job. The CIA man is presently the Chief, Engineering Branch, Technical Division, CIA; he naturally wants a firm offer before he leaves a "good job."

The ^xClark Committee strongly recommended that the Secret Service hire a fully qualified, top level "tech man" and this is the one we dug up. They are scarce items and very much in demand in the intelligence community.

My views have been made known to Messrs Acheson, Rowley, Young and Wong. While I don't recommend any further direct intervention, if the matter comes up indirectly or incident to other matters, it could be mentioned that it would be beneficial for all concerned if they moved a little faster in this regard.

Charles Sither

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

EXECUTIVE

BE4/aluminum

FG 11-2

8 NOV 1965

The Honorable Joseph A. Califano, Jr.
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Califano:

In reply to your memorandum of November 6, 1965 regarding requirements for aluminum in Calendar Year 1966, it is estimated that the Central Intelligence Agency will require about 125 tons. This aluminum will be used in the fabrication of parts and end items by a number of contractors and sub-contractors engaged by the Central Intelligence Agency. These contractors will of course provide the aluminum through their procurement channels.

As requested, a copy of this letter is being forwarded to Lawson Knott, Administrator of the General Services Administration.

Sincerely,

SIGNED R. L. Bannerman

R. L. Bannerman
Deputy Director
for Support

cc: Honorable Lawson Knott
Administrator
General Services Administration
Washington, D.C.

EXECUTIVE

FI 1-2

FG 11-2



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

5 November 1965

**The Honorable Jack Valenti
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.**

Dear Mr. Valenti:

This is the third and last report in response to Mr. Horace Busby's memorandum of 16 July 1965 asking us to identify economy measures which might be useful for other Government agencies.

Over the past several months the Agency has been making a searching review of its external contracts which utilize computer time, endeavoring to channel such "business" into the Agency's in-house facility. Work in this direction is still in progress, but we believe that substitution of Agency computer time for external service should result in substantial savings. Other agencies having their own computers may find it rewarding to review their external contracts and see where expensive commercial computer time can be replaced by reliance on in-house capability.

After analysis of this Government-wide undertaking is complete, we would appreciate seeing economy measures that other agencies have passed along. Hopefully, our submissions over the past months have been useful.

Sincerely,

(signed) W. F. Raborn

**W. F. Raborn
Director**



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

RECEIVED
McGEORGE BUNDY'S OFFICE

OFFICE OF DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

1965 OCT 26 PM 5 10

26 October 1965

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. McGeorge Bundy
Special Assistant to the President
White House

SUBJECT : Origins of Bernard Collier Article
Alleging that the FBI is to Replace the
CIA in Latin America

1. In an effort to ascertain where Bernard Collier obtained the information on which he based his 25 October 1965 article regarding the transfer of intelligence functions in Latin America from CIA to the FBI, we queried our Miami Station. We have just received the Station's reply, and I thought you would be interested in what they have to say:

"This Station has no hard information regarding the source of Bernard Collier's statements concerning the performance of CIA and the FBI, their future intelligence roles in Latin America, and his allegations that the 'massive CIA operation in the Miami area may be sharply curtailed some time soon.' Collier has not approached any member of our station, and we tend to believe that his speculations are based on his own sources within the Miami area.

"One of the principal sources of both Bernard Collier and Tad Szulc on Cuban affairs has been Jorge Volsky, a former Cuban citizen of Polish origin who is now a permanent resident of the United States. Volsky, although employed by the United States Information Agency, has also worked as a stringer, originally for the New York Times and more recently for the New York Herald Tribune. Through his job with USIA and his many contacts within the Cuban emigre community, Volsky picks up information regarding certain aspects of U.S. Government thinking concerning Latin America, as well as rumors which circulate among the Cubans.

469519
EXECUTIVE.

ND 7

FG 11-2

FG 135-6

COI-8

CO 62

CO 55

PR 18-3

PR 2-2

orig 2 / 12/3/65
other reference filed 2-lac FI 4 8/23/65

cur

EXECUTIVE

BE5-4 ②

FN11-3

FN11-2

October 20, 1965

FOR BERNIE BOUTIN

You might wish to read the attached memorandum in connection with our conversation on housing.

Joseph A. Califano, Jr.
Special Assistant to the President

Enclosure

Copy of memo to the P 10/18/65 from Acting Chrmn CEA Otto Eckstein -
Economic News Notes

EXECUTIVE

ND

FG11-2

October 12, 1965

Dear Mr. Director:

The President on October tenth signed
11249
an Executive Order entitled "Amending Regulations
Relating to the Safeguarding of Vessels, Harbors,
Ports, and Waterfront Facilities of the United
States," a copy of which is enclosed.

Sincerely,

William J. Hopkins
Executive Clerk

Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr.
USN, Retired
Director of Central Intelligence
Washington, D. C.

Enclosure

rrg

EXECUTIVE

PR 6-1/R*

PRESIDENT'S PERSONAL AUTOGRAPH FILE RECORD

FG 11-2

Date Mailed:

10/7/65

Item Autographed:

- () White House Card
- () Autograph Album
- () Book
- () First Day Cover
- () Souvenir Program

14x18

- (**X**) Photograph of the President, furnished by office
- () Photograph of the President, furnished by party being autographed for
- () Photograph of President with someone else
- () Magazine Cover
- () Newspaper Picture
- Further description of photograph if necessary:

- () Other

Inscription:

To Admiral William "Red" Raborn
Who deserves the gratitude of his countrymen
Lyndon B. Johnson

For party other than one to whom addressed or delivered:

Sent or delivered to:

Admiral William ^{*}Raborn
Director, CIA
Washington, D. C.

er

EXECUTIVE

PR 18-2

FG 11-2

Sept. 29, 1965

CIA/Grogan

Bill--

Question: Has the President any comment on charges made in a pamphlet the CIA furnished to some members of Congress alleging that the KGB has a "Department of Disinformation" which uses various communication media in an effort to defame and discredit U.S. departments and agencies that have a major responsibility for the security of the United States?

Recommended Reply: The Director of CIA discussed this document with me before furnishing it to the members of Congress. The document was printed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of yesterday (28 Sept.). It is well-documented and very revealing of the need for the FBI and the CIA, the DIA, and our other vital security forces.

NOT pertinent to CIA but from newspaper reading some questions as follows might be asked:

Any comment on the insult to our Country and our President by Arthur Miller declining to attend a White House function?

Will the Soviet adoption of a "profit" incentive system necessitate studies of the long-range impact on America of increased Soviet production under this imperialist" system? Will it enable the Soviet Union to surpass the U.S. economy in 15 years?

With recent press reports showing increased Viet Cong attacks near Saigon while the U.S. and Vietnamese forces also take the offensive, how does the Vietnamese war look at this time to the Commander in Chief?

With rising labor costs exceeding production, as military costs rise, there is talk of growing inflation. What is the Federal government planning to lessen costs in the non-military field and to keep inflation from getting out of control?

Are there any comments by the President on the serious problem of water shortage and water pollution? What can the Federal government do in these fields?

RECEIVED
OCT 8 1965
CENTRAL FILES

Received with other Carres. fm Agencies re Press Conf
Questions & Answers.

gab/✓
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 28, 1965

MEMORANDUM FOR

MR. MOYERS

~~Handwritten signature~~
EXECUTIVE

76 11-2

CO 303

As the attached AP ticker indicates,
CIA's pamphlet is receiving wide press
attention.

If the President has not already seen
the pamphlet, you may want to call it
to his attention in connection with the
press stories.

BKS

Bromley Smith

Attachments

CIA-RUSSIA

WASHINGTON (AP)-THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY IS CIRCULATING AMONG AN INNER-GROUP OF CONGRESSMEN A REPORT DESCRIBING A SOVIET PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN AIMED AT THE CIA BUT ALSO STRIKING AT THE FBI.

THE ACTIVITY, SAYS THE CIA REPORT, IS CHIEFLY PLANNED AND DIRECTED BY A SPECIAL "DEPARTMENT OF DISINFORMATION" ESTABLISHED IN THE KGB, THE SOVIET STATE SECURITY SERVICE.

THE CIA SAYS THE KGB DEPARTMENT WAS SET UP BY FORMER PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, AND IS HEADED BY GEN. IVAN IVANOVICH AGAYANTS, "A SENIOR, PROFESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICER WITH LONG EXPERIENCE AND WELL-DEVELOPED AGENT AND POLITICAL CONTACTS IN WESTERN EUROPE."

THE OBJECTIVE OF THE CAMPAIGN, THE REPORT STATES, "IS TO ACHIEVE THE DESTRUCTION, BREAK-UP AND NEUTRALIZATION OF CIA" WITH AN ULTIMATE GOAL "TO ISOLATE AND DESTROY WHAT THE KGB DESIGNATES AS 'GLAVNI VRAG' (MAIN ENEMY), THE UNITED STATES."

"BY STRIKING AT CIA," THE REPORT SAID, "THE ATTACK ALSO CENTERS ON THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY WITH PARTICULAR THRUST AGAINST THE FBI AND MR. J. EDGAR HOOVER." HOOVER IS DIRECTOR OF THE FBI.

LT928AED 9/28

WASHINGTON--ADD CIA-RUSSIA (12)

THE CIA, OFTEN UNDER ATTACK BOTH AT HOME AND ABROAD FOR SOME OF ITS REPORTED OPERATIONS IN THE COLD WAR, ISSUED THE REPORT TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS CHARGED WITH KEEPING AN EYE ON ITS OPERATIONS.

THE CIA SAYS THAT GEN. AGAYANTS' "DEFAMATION AND FORGERY OPERATIONS" ARE REVIEWED AND PASSED ON BY THE SOVIET LEADERSHIP AND THAT "DEPARTMENT D" IS DIRECTLY TIED INTO THE SOVIET PRESIDUM.

THE KGB DEPARTMENT, THE CIA SAYS, MAKES USE OF "LOCAL COMMUNIST OR PRO-COMMUNIST PROPAGANDISTS AND OF COMMUNIST BLOC INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY SERVICES."

"THE OPERATIONS OF THE SOVIET DISINFORMATION DEPARTMENT HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL THUS FAR IN STIMULATING A WIDE REPLAY IN AFRICA, SOUTHEAST ASIA, THE MIDDLE EAST, AND EVEN IN THE UNITED STATES," THE CIA SAID.

THE CIA SAYS THAT ONE OF THE PREFERRED INSTRUMENTS UTILIZED BY THE SOVIETS TO "DISSEMINATE DISINFORMATION IS THE FORGED DOCUMENT."

THE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY REPORTED THAT, BETWEEN JUNE 1961 AND LAST JULY, 14 INSTANCES OF "FORGED U.S. OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS HAVE COME UNDER SCRUTINY."

"ALTHOUGH THE CIA HAS NOT BEEN OMITTED FROM SOME OF THESE SPURIOUS DOCUMENTS," THE REPORT OBSERVED, "THE PRINCIPAL PURPOSE OF SUCH FORGERIES HAS BEEN TO DISCREDIT U.S. POLICIES AND THE REPRESENTATIVES OF U.S. AGENCIES, SUCH AS THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, USIA, THE PEACE CORPS, THE ARMED FORCES AND AMERICAN POLITICAL LEADERS GENERALLY."

LT933AED 9/28

XEROX FROM QUICK COPY

RECEIVED
McGEORGE BONDY'S OFFICE

September 1965

1965 SEP 28 AM 10 36

The Soviet and Communist Bloc Defamation Campaign

Synopsis

1. The Soviet and Communist Bloc effort to defame and discredit U.S. departments and agencies that have major responsibilities for national security has been underway since 1948. A major program is aimed at the Central Intelligence Agency and has grown markedly in quantity and intensity since the establishment of the KGB Department of Disinformation in 1959. This program now produces between 350 and 400 derogatory items annually. Communist press and radio attacks against the Agency reveal an increased sophistication in recent years. In addition, many Communist-inspired books and pamphlets which attack the existence, purposes and status of CIA, and reflect a substantial budget for this activity, have appeared throughout Southeast Asia, Africa and the Near East.

2. CIA, in its intelligence role, is feared by the Soviets for its responsibility and ability to penetrate and unmask

Communist conspiracies against democratic institutions. By striking at CIA, the attack also centers on the Intelligence Community with particular thrust against the FBI and Mr. J. Edgar Hoover. The objective of the overall program is to achieve the destruction, break-up and neutralization of CIA. A basic requirement of Soviet policy and a major objective of the Soviet Intelligence Services is the destruction of effective security collaboration among the non-Communist countries in order to carry out Soviet long-term strategic plans for subversion, political upheavals, popular fronts and the eventual political isolation of the United States.

3. Defamation and forgery operations are conceived, directed and perpetrated by a single organization located outside the target areas which makes use of local Communist or pro-Communist propagandists and of cooperating Communist Bloc intelligence and security services. Although such undertakings are the products of the Disinformation Department of the KGB, known as Department 'D', which is headed by General Ivan Ivanovich Agayants, they are reviewed and passed on by the Soviet leadership. The operations of the Soviet Disinformation Department have been successful thus far in stimulating a wide

replay in Africa, Southeast Asia, the Middle East, and even in the United States. CIA will continue to be the prime target of Soviet disinformation and defamation operations.

Soviet and Communist Disinformation

4. It is an established Soviet principle -- now embraced by all members of the Communist Bloc -- that a large percentage of subversive activity be devoted to the planning and conduct of disinformation (dezinformatsiya) operations which mold, divide, and mislead other governments or leaders, and cause them to adopt policies and undertakings which are ultimately advantageous only to the Soviet Union. The Soviet leadership has charged the Soviet State Security Service, the KGB, to place very great emphasis, both organizationally and operationally, on disinformation activity. Communist Bloc services, in turn, are playing their part in this work.

5. What are disinformation operations? "Dezinformatsiya", in Soviet terminology, is false, incomplete or misleading information that is passed, fed or confirmed to a targetted individual, group, or country. "Propaganda", as it is defined by Free World students, may be used as a support element of dezinformatsiya, but propaganda per se lacks the precision and bite of disinformation.

6. Soviet disinformation activity is planned and directed by a specialized Department of the Soviet State Security Service. This KGB Department, which was created to intensify Soviet disinformation activity, is headed by General Ivan Ivanovich Agayants, a senior, professional intelligence officer with long experience and well-developed agent and political contacts in Western Europe, especially in France, where he served under the name Ivan Ivanovich Avalov. At one time in France he controlled the French spy Georges Paques who was sentenced to life imprisonment on 7 July 1964.

7. The assignment of Agayants to take over the disinformation task indicates the high priority that the then Chairman of the Presidium, Nikita Khrushchev, gave to the campaign against American leadership and activity. Chairman Kosygin and First Secretary Brezhnev have made no changes in that program. Department "D" is still directly tied into the Presidium in the planning of its work.*

*It will be recalled that Khrushchev, during his U.S. visit in September 1959, engaged in more than one discussion at the White House and during his tour designed to destroy confidence in American intelligence. His statements and remarks made during interviews, it is known, were prepared in advance in consultation with the Department of Disinformation.

8. Agayants' Department is staffed by an estimated forty to fifty geographical and functional specialists in Moscow alone; it avails itself directly and peremptorily of the world-wide resources, manpower and operations, of the Soviet security apparatus. The purposes, broadly stated, of the Disinformation Department are to:

- a. Destroy the confidence of the Congress and the American public in U.S. personnel and agencies engaged in anti-Communist and Cold War activity.

- b. Undermine American prestige and Democratic institutions and denigrate American leadership with NATO governments and other non-Communist countries, thereby contributing directly to the break-up of the NATO alliance.

- c. Sow distrust and create grounds for subversion and revolt against the U.S. in the Western Hemisphere and among the new nations of Africa and Asia.

These purposes and objectives, it must be emphasized, have been established by the highest elements of Party and Government in the Soviet Union.

9. Personal experiences with this program have been described by officers who have left the Soviet system and are now in the United States. One of these -- Alexander Kaznacheev, who served in Burma as an Information Officer -- described the program and the process in a recent personal memoir:

"...Articles were originated in KGB headquarters in Moscow - for example, about alleged American support of the Indonesian rebels, frequent American violations of Cambodia's sovereignty, subversive activity of Japan in the region, etc. The articles were received from Moscow on microfilm and reproduced as enlarged photo-copies at the Embassy. It was my job to translate them into English. Some other member of Vozny's* group would then arrange through local agents for the articles to be placed in one of the Burmese newspapers, usually pro-Communist-oriented. The newspaper would translate the article into Burmese, make slight changes in style, and sign it from 'Our Special Correspondent in Singapore', for instance. Upon publication of such an article, the illegitimate creation of Soviet Intelligence receives an appearance of legitimacy and becomes a sort of document.

"But the work was not yet finished. I then took the published article and checked it against the original Russian text. I noted all the changes and variations made by the newspaper, and wrote down in Russian the final version of the article. This final version was then immediately sent back to Moscow, this time through TASS channels.

*Ivan Mikhailovich Vozny, a KGB officer, was head of the Political Intelligence Section at the Soviet Embassy in Rangoon, Burma.

"The last stage of this grandiose forgery was under the special care of the Soviet Information Bureau, TASS, Radio-Moscow, the Soviet press, and Soviet diplomatic representatives abroad. It is their duty to see that the material is republished and distributed in all countries of the region as if they were genuine documents which had appeared in the Burmese press. . . ."

10. Although the KGB is able to fabricate in Moscow whatever material is needed for its disinformation operations, it has been making more and more use of material published in the West, some of which had been planted there by earlier disinformation activities. An examination of the books and articles cited in any of the anti-CIA pamphlets reveals extensive use of Western source material, often taken out of context. The most recent Soviet articles on the Agency are exclusively "documented" from Western books, articles, and newspapers.

11. In the fifty-eight pages of CIA Over Asia, a slanderous booklet published in Kanpur, India, in 1962, for example, American newspapers and magazines are cited eleven times, periodicals of other Western or neutral countries fifteen times. The fact that some references are made to Communist organs is obscured by repeated citations from reputable American publications.

*Alexander Kaznacheev, Inside a Soviet Embassy, (New York, 1962), pp. 172-3.

12. A study of Soviet disinformation shows that the Soviets are engaged in an impressive research project to collect and process information and speculation about American intelligence and security services that appears in Western publications and newspapers. This study also has confirmed the deep interest of the Soviet services in the development and "milking" of Western journalists. Americans figure prominently among these.

13. The measure and depth of Department 'D's' activity against the CIA may be judged from a single episode. A booklet attacking the former DCI, Mr. Allen W. Dulles, entitled A Study of a Master Spy (Allen Dulles), was printed and distributed in London during 1961, and has since been reprinted. The ostensible author was a prominent maverick Labor Member of Parliament, one Bob Edwards, who was supposedly assisted in the effort by a British journalist. It is now known that the manuscript was researched in Moscow by a senior KGB disinformation officer, Colonel Vassily Sitnikov, and then served up for final polish and printing in the United Kingdom. Mr. Dulles himself discussed this episode on a TV round-table on 29 March 1964:

"...Mr. Hanson Baldwin: Well, that brings up too, doesn't it, the question of disinformation. What kind of disinformation is being distributed by the Soviets today? Can you explain this, Allen?

"Mr. Dulles: Well, I have here right in my hand. . .

"Mr. Baldwin: And what is disinformation, anyway?

"Mr. Dulles: Well, this is it. Here's A Study of a Master Spy. Here's a booklet that was written about me. Now, it bears on the outside here - you see - A Study of a Master Spy. I won't give you the names of the authors, but one of them is a member of the legislature of a very great friendly country. But the real author of this. . . I am the 'master spy' - I have found out recently after certain research has been done, that the real author of this pamphlet is a Colonel Sitnikov whom I believe you know, or know of. He is the real author.

"Mr. Deryabin*: Sitnikov? I used to work with Sitnikov in Vienna when he was Deputy Chief of the Soviet spy force and he was the Chief of an American desk, I mean working against Americans. He was trained as an intelligence officer. One time he was a spy chief in Berlin and Potsdam, another time he was in Vienna. To my knowledge last time he was in Bonn as a Counsellor to the Embassy, but I mentioned him in my book and in the articles in Life in 1959 and it is my belief that he is at home now.

*Peter Deryabin is a former KGB officer, now in the United States. His personal memoir, The Secret World, (New York, 1959) is probably the most authoritative public account of KGB organization and activity.

"Mr. Dulles: He has a whole dossier on me, I've read some things there about myself that even I didn't know. . . ."

Continuing Attack on the DCI

14. The resignation of Mr. Allen Dulles and the appointment of Mr. John McCone necessitated a shift in the Communist attack on the Director of Central Intelligence. The Soviet propaganda transition from one Director of Central Intelligence to another was accomplished by June 1963 with the publication of a pamphlet entitled, Spy No. 1. Issued by the State Publishing House for Political Literature in Moscow (June 1963), the substance of the book is summarized on the title page:

"John Alex McCone is the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency of the United States. Behind the exterior of a respectable gentleman is hidden the seasoned spy, the organizer of dirty political intrigues and criminal conspiracies.

"This pamphlet tells of the past of the chief of American intelligence, of the methods by which he amassed his millions and became the servant of the uncrowned kings of America, the Rockefellers, and of the influence which McCone exerts on the policies of the US government, particularly in the Cuban affair. . . ."

15. In November 1964, the Soviet newspaper Komsomol'skaya Pravda published a further attack on Mr. McCone entitled, "The

Spy With the Slide Rule". Referring to Mr. McCone's activities as Director of CIA, the article added, "Under the leadership of McCone, the CIA was transformed from just an invisible government to a government of US oil monopolies, mainly Standard Oil and its owners, the Rockefeller group. All of the military adventures in Lebanon, in Southeast Asia, Aden, and Brazil, were carried out with the participation of emissaries of the man with the slide rule."

16. On 8 December 1964, Moscow domestic radio stated, "The American newspaper New York Herald Tribune had reported that:

"U.S. Central Intelligence Agency boss John McCone has secretly approached President Johnson with a resignation request. . . .the American press prefers for the moment not to speak about the actual reason for McCone's resignation. The reason for it consists, in the first instance, in the serious collapse of American foreign policy, which, to a considerable degree, is formulated on the data provided by the CIA. Basing its activity on defense of the interests of the largest monopolistic groups based on the ideology of anti-Communism and militarism, the CIA is proving incapable of a more or less objective correct appraisal of the balance of power in the world arenaThe American journalists, David White [sic] and Thomas Ross, drawing attention to the subversive activity of the CIA, just call it 'The Invisible Government'*. . . .There is a basis to suspect, White and Ross write, that frequently the foreign policy of the

*Reference is to the book by David Wise and Thomas B. Ross, The Invisible Government, New York, Random House, 1964.

United States as made public in the speeches of the state officials, acts in one direction, while secretly, through the Invisible Government, it acts in the opposite direction."

17. President Johnson's appointment of Admiral William F. Raborn on 11 April 1965 gave the Soviet press another opportunity to review and renew its attack on the DCI. Moscow domestic radio announced the next day that the appointment signified "the further strengthening of cooperation between the espionage apparatus and the military and military industrial monopolies."

18. An editorial published on 14 April 1965 in the Tanzanian newspaper, The Nationalist, which was replayed by the New China News Agency, claimed that Admiral Raborn's appointment implied an "attempt to save the face of the U.S. over accusations of interference in the internal affairs of newly independent states in particular."

19. Krasnaya Zvezda in Moscow asserted (18 April 1965) that the departure of Mr. McCone and General Marshall S. Carter was "connected with new failures in assessing those forces against which American imperialism is aiming its aggressive blows." The article concluded, "The American imperialists probably assume that Raborn will be a more

successful accomplice for them in the struggle against the peoples of the socialist countries and other freedom-loving peoples. These hopes are hardly justified, however, since in our era the course of historical events is not being determined by the Raborns and not even by their Wall Street bosses."

20. On 5 June 1965, the Greek Communist newspaper Avghi, in an article entitled, "U.S.'s Master Spy, William Raborn", alleged that the appointment of Admiral Raborn was intended "to lessen the enmity between the C.I.A. and the Defense Department Intelligence Service." The article continued, "The main reason is the fact that the key posts in the American administration are now being taken over by representatives of the top and overt form of monopolist capital, the most reactionary force that leans toward dangerous adventurism. At least that is what the events in Indochina, Dominican Republic, Congo and elsewhere show."

The Communist Charges Against CIA

21. The themes exploited by the campaign of the Communist Bloc against CIA, its Director, and its operations have remained generally the same since the beginning of the attack. Nevertheless, slants and replays have been constantly adjusted to changing world and regional political developments and to the vulnerabilities of

target audiences and individuals, particularly in the newly emerging areas. The basic anti-CIA themes in use as of mid-summer 1965 are:

a. CIA is an instrument of American imperialism. It is racist, and a direct threat to national liberation movements.

b. In its work against national liberation movements, CIA engages in espionage, economic and political subversion, sabotage, assassination and terrorism; it trains and supports counter-revolutionary forces.

c. CIA is an instrument of American aggression and gathers intelligence for aggressive plans against peace-loving socialist states. Diplomats, tourists, and scientists are used by CIA for these purposes.

d. CIA dominates and generates American foreign policy.

e. CIA engages in psychological warfare, utilizing falsehoods to undermine the international authority of the USSR.

f. CIA is fighting the Communist Party of the USA and the Communist and Worker Parties of other capitalist countries.

g. CIA spies on the allies of the United States and overthrows its henchmen who are unable to suppress national liberation movements.

22. The increasing weight of the attack on CIA becomes evident when an examination is made of the periodicals International Affairs, New Times, and Kommunist, all three of which are issued in Moscow in English and other languages. International Affairs carried one major article on American intelligence in 1960 and another in 1962. Since March 1964, there have been five articles devoted to that theme. These articles have alleged in general that intelligence controls U.S. foreign policy and big business controls intelligence.* The New Times published one article on CIA in 1961, and one in 1963.

*The articles were entitled "Imperialist Intelligence and Foreign Policy" (March 1964), "CIA Intrigues in Latin America" (June 1964), "An Imperialist Spy Consortium" (September 1964), "U.S. Intelligence and Foreign Policy" (October 1964), "U.S. Intelligence and the Monopolies" (January 1965). There were short references to CIA in articles dealing with other topics in its issues of July and August 1965.

Three articles concerning CIA were published by this multilingual magazine during 1964.* In May 1965, Kommunist published an article with the title, "The American Intelligence Service is a Weapon of Adventurism and Provocation".

23. The assassination of President Kennedy was the subject of a book by Joachim Joesten entitled, Oswald - Assassin or Fall Guy? (1964) published by Marzani and Munsell Publishers, Inc. of New York, in which Joesten states that there is no question in his mind that Oswald was a minor CIA agent. Marzani, a known Communist, was co-author of a pamphlet, Cuba vs. CIA, published in 1961. Joesten is revealed in a German Security Police memorandum, dated 8 November 1937, to have been an active member of the German Communist Party (KPD) since 12 May 1932; he was issued Communist Party membership card (Mitgliedsbuch) number 532315.

24. A primary aim of Soviet disinformation is to sow distrust among the Western allies by discrediting the policies

*"American Cassandra" (January 22, 1964), "Soviet Gold" and "The Espionage Jungle" (August 12, 1964). There have been two pieces on CIA in the magazine to date in 1965.

and motives of the United States and American methods of implementing those policies. Considerable attention is devoted to creating apprehension, uncertainty and antagonism toward the United States among the uncommitted and underdeveloped nations. Thus, the Soviets reiterate the long-standing Communist charge that the United States is imperialistic and seeks world domination. They continually emphasize the theme that CIA is a major instrument in the execution of American policy. Two pamphlets, CIA Over Asia (Kanpur, 1964) and America's Undeclared War (Bombay, 1963), are dedicated to this theme.

25. An example of the use of the daily press and radio to mount this line of attack occurred two years ago in Ghana. Sufficient time has now passed to permit an evaluation of the episode. In late February and March 1963, CIA was subjected to an attack in the Ghana press and radio which attempted to tie the Agency to the death of Premier Qassim in Iraq. This campaign was allegedly based on an article in the French paper L'Express which asserted that CIA was the "author of the Iraqi murder". An article in the Ghana Evening News for February 28, 1963 was headlined "Neo-Colonialist Terror in Iraq Menacing Threat Against Africa". On May 15, 1965, the Spark, a weekly

Ghanian newspaper, carried a front page story with the headline "The Secret War of CIA: The Killer at Your Door". According to the article, "This murderous game, which goes by the innocent-sounding name of 'intelligence', has its Western-world nerve-centre in America's Central Intelligence Agency, known briefly as C.I.A." Included in the article were eight illustrations of "spy equipment". Four of these illustrations had earlier appeared in West Berlin - The Facts, an anti-CIA tract that was published in Moscow in 1962.

26. A major theme developed principally in the uncommitted areas during the past twelve to eighteen months has been the alleged interference of the United States, and especially CIA, in the internal affairs of other countries. Three recent pamphlets, American Intelligence - This Is Your Enemy (Cairo, April 1964), The Truth About Komla Gbedemah (Ghana, October 1964), and Operation Boa Constrictor (Colombo, 1964) develop the idea that through its intelligence and aid agencies, the United States is engaged in a conspiracy to dominate the Middle East, Africa and Asia. The conspiracy allegedly takes the form of active efforts to overthrow anti-American governments and to gain economic control of these areas through foreign aid and economic exploitation.

Soviet Forgeries

27. One of the preferred instruments utilized by the Soviets to disseminate disinformation is the forged document. Detailed testimony on thirty-two U.S. forgeries attributable to the Communist Bloc was given by Mr. Richard Helms of CIA on 2 June 1961 before the Internal Security Subcommittee of the United States Senate Committee on the Judiciary. Fourteen new instances of forged U.S. official documents have come under scrutiny by the end of July 1965. Some of the more recent examples are still being studied. Although CIA has not been omitted from some of these spurious documents, the principal purpose of such forgeries has been to discredit U.S. policies and the representatives of other U.S. agencies overseas, such as the Department of State, USIA, the Peace Corps, the Armed Forces of the United States, and American political leaders generally.

28. The Soviet defamation campaign, whatever may be its targets, has but one objective. Defamation of CIA is only an aspect of a coherent, well-orchestrated effort to denigrate the United States and its policies before world opinion. Every department and agency of the United States Government is a potential target of the Disinformation Department when such

attacks will serve Soviet interests. Whatever may be the immediate subject of any single Soviet disinformation operation -- CIA, the State Department, the Peace Corps, or USIA -- the ultimate objective is to isolate and destroy what the KGB designates as "Glavni Vrag" ("Main Enemy"), the United States.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 24, 1965

MEMORANDUM FOR

MARVIN WATSON

EXECUTIVE

FG 110-13

FG 110-13-1

FG 11-2

FG 11-8

WH 8

FG 440

Clark, Jim

Acheson, David

At CIA today I visited their Technical Security Division. In addition to lining up some equipment and personnel to supplement the PRS program, I viewed a highly professional slide-film briefing on the threat from clandestine listening devices. I plan to adapt and give this briefing to the White House Police in about two weeks. This will assist them in conducting the after hours security inspections, as well as "educate" them concerning other aspects of the threat. Along with the briefing we will have a display of some of the actual devices, including some "foreign" types actually found by the U. S.

For planning purposes, I would like your views on giving this same presentation to the staff, after it has been "perfected." It could be scheduled at a time when the impact on operations will be the slightest; within reason, it can be given more than once to catch as many as possible. In addition to the "exotic" aspects, which I know they will find interesting, we can include about 2-3 minutes of basics, regarding access control, document security, telephone procedures, etc. If the fact such a briefing becomes known to the press, it should not receive any undue attention. We can handle the whole matter "low key."

The Vice Presidential staff was briefed on September 22-23 by PRS. While the briefing was "informal," it did have the desired impact.

Will you approve a briefing for the White House staff along the lines described above?

Yes _____

No _____

Charles Sither

Nothing else sent to
Central Files as of 10/18/65

EXECUTIVE

PRG-1/11

502

FG-11-2

September 22, 1965

Checked by KING


My dear John:

The evening of your farewell in the Mansion is still in my mind with mingled emotions of joy and regret.

Because I know being with your good friends that evening had full meaning for you and Ty, *McCone* I want you to have this collection of pictures which capture the warmth of that night.

Lady Bird and I miss you both, and we send to you our enduring affections.

Sincerely,


LYNDON B. JOHNSON

★
Honorable John McCone
1100 Oak Grove Avenue
San Marino 5, California
LBJ:JV:ny

1
9 Photos. Taken 4/27/65

RECEIVED
SEP 28 1965



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20505
OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR FOR INTELLIGENCE

regretted
9/20/65
42

17 September 1965

EXECUTIVE

FG 11-8-1/Bundy

FG 11-2

CO 1/Southeast Asia

Dear Mac:

Admiral Raborn has asked me to invite you CO 1-3 to participate in a meeting on Southeast Asia in our Headquarters building at Langley, Virginia on Wednesday, 29 September, from 1500 hours until 1700 hours. The purpose is to discuss interlocking regional factors affecting the security of Southeast Asia, with special reference to the Chinese Communist threat. Naturally, Vietnam and U.S. problems there will figure largely. A limited number of senior government officials and officers of the Agency will participate in the discussion.

I very much hope that you will be able to join us and help make this an interesting and useful session. Please convey your response to Miss Ryan, Area code 703-351-5151 or Government code 143, extension 5151.

Sincerely,

Ray S. Cline

Ray S. Cline

Deputy Director for Intelligence

Mr. McGeorge Bundy
Special Assistant to the President
for National Security Affairs
The White House
Washington, D. C.

RD
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

EXECUTIVE
PR6-1/R#
FG 11-2

(2)

Dear Admiral Raborn,
The President was looking through
some of his pictures again today
and thought you might like to have
the enclosed.

Juanita
Juanita D. Roberts
Personal Secretary
to the President

Sep 3, 1965

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Hon. William F. [★]Raborn
Director _X
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

3 Photographs of President with others - unsigned

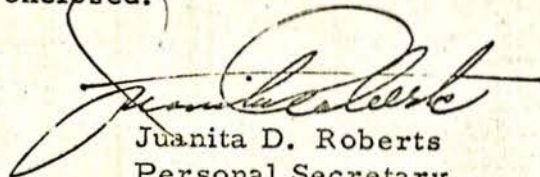
dea

RECEIVED
SEP 4 1965
CENTRAL FILES

RD
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

EXECUTIVE #
PR6-1/H
FG 11-2

Dear Mr. Helm,
The President was looking through
some of his pictures again today
and thought you might like to have
the enclosed.



Juanita D. Roberts
Personal Secretary
to the President

Sep 3, 1965

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

*
Hon. Richard Helm
Deputy Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

Photograph of Mr. Helm with others - unsigned.

dea

RECEIVED
SEP 4 1965
CENTRAL FILES

EXECUTIVE

July 29, 1965

FG 11-2

FG 297

FG 802

FG 732

Clifford, Clark

Dear Admiral:

I thank you for your very fine letter of July 19 and the spirit in which it is written. Your approach to the job is what I expected of you and is a source of strength for me.

You know it is my hope that we can continue to build and strengthen the effectiveness of the Agency, making full utilization of the imaginative talent assembled in the organization. I hope the appointment of Mrs. *Penelope* Thunberg will serve to assure and encourage all your employees to realize that their personal abilities and superior performance do not go unnoticed or unrecognized.

Our intelligence must be unquestionably the best in the world. You have my full support in our effort to make it so.

Sincerely,

LB
LYNDON B. JOHNSON

Honorable William F. Raborn
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

2

copy to Clark Clifford

RECEIVED
AUG 3 1965
CENTRAL FILES

Orig to Mrs. Jerrito

Checked by Kardex

10
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 29, 1965

MR. PRESIDENT:

This is a revision of a letter sent to you earlier which contained -- as it should not have done -- unnecessary criticism of past performance at the CIA.

This is much more constructive and useful for Admiral Raborn's purposes.

Horace Busby

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 27, 1965

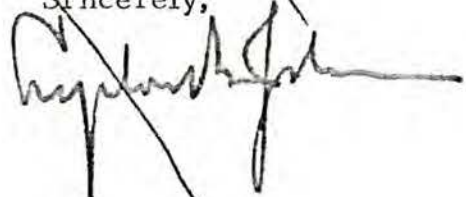
Dear Admiral:

I thank you for your very fine letter of July 19 and the spirit in which it is written. Your approach to the job is what I expected of you and is a source of strength for me.

I have told you before but I cannot repeat too often my hope and insistence that we must make every possible fresh, imaginative effort to get the best out of the talent assembled in the Agency. You know you have my support in what is necessary to achieve that goal. I know you are not a man to rest on laurels of the past -- and we really don't have many such laurels in the intelligence field.

Let me know anytime -- and all the time -- what is needed and what can be done better to make our intelligence unquestionably the best in the world. We must not settle for anything less.

Sincerely,



Honorable William F. Raborn
Director, Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

original to handwriting

Mon. 7/19/65
5:00 P.M.

(27)

54

THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

WASHINGTON, D.C.
McGEORGE BUNDY'S OFFICE

19 July 1965

1965 JUL 19 PM 4 48

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Bundy
Franklin
C

Dear Mr. President:

Your recent selection of Mrs. Penelope Thunberg from this Agency to serve on the United States Tariff Commission does great honor to this Agency and to me personally.

Since assuming my present position, I have been greatly impressed by the dedication and competence of personnel in the intelligence profession -- and the selection of Mrs. Thunberg typifies in one respect the request for services and personnel which have been levied on this Agency. I remain mindful of your instruction to me to leave no stone unturned in building the finest intelligence service in the world. Let me assure you that my every action will be directed toward that goal.

To maintain the quality of our personnel, we have long had an imaginative recruiting program designed to bring into the Agency the highest qualified and best motivated young men and women from our best colleges and universities and other sources.

To improve the knowledge available to this Agency, we have had continuing associations throughout the industrial and academic communities, and we have recently decided to expand this kind of contact. In this connection, we have recently approached the President of the National Research Council and the President of the National Academy of Sciences to enlist their cooperation in an exchange of information which should enable us to meet better the unexpected challenges in the present day world.

In response to your expressed desires, I have undertaken to associate myself closely with Mr. Clark Clifford and the members of your Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board. From my point of view, this has so far been a thoroughly helpful relationship. I find their guidance and counsel of great benefit.

Perhaps our most important project designed to improve the United States foreign intelligence effort is a planning exercise which seeks to define intelligence requirements ten years from now -- and to make recommendations for the capabilities which we will need to meet their objectives. As Director of Central Intelligence, I shall invite the participation of all elements of the United States intelligence community by pin-pointing geographical areas and by refining the first five years into annual plans and programs. We believe that we can thereby emphasize the higher priority objectives and at the same time focus on those lower priority programs which can then be phased out.

We are building on a solid base. If we are not the best intelligence service in the world, certainly our standing is very high. It takes something on the order of 15 years to build up a professional intelligence service, and I am pleased to report that the heads of some 50 of the Agency's major components have accrued 18 or more years of intelligence experience. Moreover, their academic credentials are impressive. For example, 80% of these component heads have at least one advanced degree; about 1/3 have two or more degrees; and 10% hold doctorates.

I should be glad to send you information or talk to you in more detail about the professional competence in this Agency -- including the fact that we can operate in some 122 foreign languages and dialects. But I believe it more important at the moment that you have my assurance that we are not resting on our laurels and intend to recruit the best people and exploit the best sources of knowledge in the world today.

Respectfully,



W. F. Raborn

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 28, 1965

EXECUTIVE

PR 6-1

FG 296

FG 11-2

FG 11-2-1/Bundy

FG 105

FG 11-2-1/Bundy

FG 11-2-1/Moyers

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. VALENTI:

Copies of the attached picture have been sent to the following people:

Carl Rowan
Mac Bundy
Chet Cooper *Henry Cabot*
Ambassador Lodge
Director Raborn
Mr. Busby *William F.*
Bill Moyers
Leonard Unger
Bill Bundy
Dick Helms

Mary White

RECEIVED
JUL 30 1965
CENTRAL FILES

July 22, 1965

W H. Felt
EXECUTIVE

CO 94
FG 105
FG 11-2

Papandreu, Maggie

Dear Mr. Schwartz:

Thank you for sending the President the "Report on Greek Political Situation" written by Mrs. Andreas Papandreu. Government officials have received several other copies of it.

The United States Government is naturally concerned over political instability in as close and trusted an ally as Greece. We are following the situation closely. I can also assure you that any reports of differences about the situation between our State Department and various other U.S. agencies are simply at variance with the facts.

Sincerely,

R. W. Komer

Mr. James Schwartz
17341 Clark Street
Encino, California 91316

RECEIVED
JUL 23 1965
CENTRAL FILES

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 19, 1965
8:45 p.m.

EXECUTIVE
WH 12
FG 115
FG 11-7

Mr. President:

A secure facsimile transmission system as mentioned in the attached Bundy memo would allow complete transmission of a message from State, Defense, and/or CIA immediately to the Message Room here in the White House.

All of the above named departments are constructing the system and the White House installation will be paid for by the three departments. It will take approximately 300 square feet of space which will be taken from Bundy's shop. Bundy recommends that this be done.

May we proceed?

Yes ☒ No ☐

Marvin

some more on the problem
which you mentioned to
tion here in the basement.

here is essentially the
e-CIA system which is
already appropriated.

turned out to be practical
down here -- which is an

esident's interest urgently
ie new system. Secure
a day-to-day basis, and
n a fast-moving crisis
ging to the President not
fense and CIA.

Nothing else sent to
Control

7/24/65

WHL
7/19

TSN/

EXECUTIVE

FG 11-8-1/Sither, Chas

FG 11-2

AR

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 19, 1965

Mr. Watson:

On 20 and 22 July, CIA is giving briefings on the "state of the art" in the positive and counter audio field. Since the Clark Report was about 90% concerned with the audio threat, I plan to attend these briefings.

I will leave with Jim Jones the room and telephone number where I can be reached.

Chas. Sither

RECEIVED
JUL 20 1965
CENTRAL FILES

July 17, 1965

EXECUTIVE

FG600

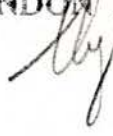
FG11-2

Dear Admiral:

This is a note to express my appreciation for your attendance at the task forces meeting on Friday. I know that you and your people will do a first-rate job in carrying out the objectives of this important effort -- and I want you to know that I am grateful.

Sincerely,

LYNDON B. JOHNSON



Honorable William F. Raborn
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

LBJ:HB:gbk

VSM:ew
July 16, 1965

EXECUTIVE

FG 600

FG 115	FG 140
FG 245	FG 265
FG 11-15	FG 260
FG 240	FG 226
FG 296	FG 11-2
FG 105-4	FG 202
FG 300	FG 155
FG 165	FG 145
FG 160	FG 110
FG 105	FG 150

Director Schultze, Bureau of Budget memo to Mr. Busby, 6/24/65 attaching memo he sent to Cabinet re task forces to identify areas of savings. He also sent similar memos to 13 major non-Cabinet agencies. 6/30/65 Mr. Schultze sent Mr. Busby list of agencies which should be invited to two meetings which the President wishes to hold with Task Forces. Mr. Busby sent memo to President enclosing recommendations for meetings. --- approved by the President for July 14 and 15th meetings --- 6/1/65, Mr. Schultze sent Mr. Busby draft statement (with different memo to Secy. Defense, McNamara) -- 7/2/65, Mr. Busby advised Mr. Schultze that invitations for meetings sent out for July 14 and 15. 7/2/65 memos sent to following by Mr. Busby asking them to meetings of 14th and 15th: Atty. Gen. Katzenbach; Adm. Housing and Home Finance Agency; Director, Office of Economic Opportunity; Adm. General Services Administration; Adm. United States Information Agency; Adm., Agency for International Development; Adm. of Veterans Affairs; Secy., Health, Education and Welfare; Sec., Labor Department; Sec., State Dept.; Postmaster General; Secretary of Defense; Director, National Science Foundation; Adm., National Aeronautics and Space Admin.; Director, Federal Aviation Agency; Director, Central Intelligence Agency; Chairman, Atomic Energy Commission; Secy., Commerce Dept.; Secy., Agriculture Dept.; Secy., Interior Dept.; Secy., Treasury Dept.; Alfred B. Fitts., Spec. Asst. to Secy. of Army for Civil Functions; Departments sent list of names attending the meetings to Gwen King. --- 7/8/65, Director Schultze sent memo to Mr. Busby, enclosing draft of memo to each of above listed advising them that the President might call on them for a presentation at the meeting --- 7/9/65, Mr. Busby advised Mr. Schultze that meeting of 7/14 changed to 7/16. Mr. Busby sent memos to ones for meeting on 7/14 and advised them of change -- also asking that they be prepared to summarize their work of Task Force -- memo to meeting of 7/15 advising they also might be called on for report --- 7/16/65, Mr. Busby sent memo to President, outlining Agenda for meetings.

EXECUTIVE

PR 6-1

MA 1-2

AUTOGRAPH FILE/

7G 11-2

7G 226

7G 260

7G 105-4

702/00124

7G 115

7G 261

7G 111

7G 155

7G 110

The following persons received the National Civil Service League's Career Service Award for 1965 at the White House on May 19, 1965. An 8 x 10 photo of those present inscribed to each: "With best wishes, Lyndon B Johnson" -- Sent 7/8/65

2
x
Mr. Jean J. Courturier
Executive Director
National Civil Service League
1725 N Street
Washington, D. C.

x
Hon. Richard Helms
Deputy Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington 25, D. C.

x
Hon. Alan L. Dean
Associate Administrator
Federal Aviation Agency
Washington 25, D. C.

x
Hon. Homer E. Newell
Associate Administrator
National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Washington 25, D. C.

x
Mr. C. Tyler Wood
Mission Director
Agency for International Development
Washington 25, D. C.

x
The Hon. Robert Campbell Strong
American Ambassador
U. S. Embassy
Republic of Baghdad
Iraq

x
Hon. Leonard Niederlehner
Deputy General Counsel
Department of Defense
The Pentagon
Washington 25, D. C.

x
Mr. Walter E. Washington
Executive Director
National Capital Housing Authority
Washington 25, D. C.

x
Hon. Carl H. Schwartz, Jr.
Chief
Resources and Civil Works Div.
Bureau of the Budget
Washington 25, D. C.

x
Jaszi, Hon. George
Director
Office of Business Economics
Department of Commerce
Washington 25, D. C.

x
Mr. Bernard L. Glaudieux
3 Walworth Avenue
Scarsdale, New York

x
Mr. Artemus E. Weatherbee
Asst. Sec. for Administration
Department of the Treasury
Washington 25, D. C.

*sent by R.S. to Mr. Read
State Dept. for transmittal*

Tuesday, June 15, 1965
10:00 a.m.

EXECUTIVE

H 0 1 8

F 0

FG 11-2

PU 2-2

ED

LOVESTONE, Jay

WE 3

MR. PRESIDENT:

This is a little item of some interest to you.

Bill Moyers

une 1965

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR

9 June 1965

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. Bill Moyers

1. I thought you would be interested in this effort to do something constructive in the student field on behalf of United States foreign policy.

2. This memorandum is sent only to you since the identity of the behind-the-scenes advisor is sensitive.

Rich
Richard Helms

Attachments - 2

1. Memo 9 June, "The July 4th Movement"
2. Clipping from COLUMBIA DAILY SPECTATOR, May 31, 1965

ment appeared in the Columbia Daily ing the founding of the July 4th

movement is Professor CHURBA, phi College in New York. A chief fund-raising is the well-known Director for the Department of

contacted the heads of local unions in f raising donations in the amount of order that this movement can campaign onths when there are several thousand the opposition might be caught sleeping. rganized effectively before the opening ember.

been able to persuade the movement to h Society to infiltrate and take over the nstrumental in preventing the movement ere offered by Senator TOWERS and

have nationwide impact, it must raise le it to open an office in New York, ads in college newspapers. Mr. LOVESTONE

is looking for financial support in order that the movement will have participants in rallies and discussions within the next few months. He, himself, is seeking trained organizers and experienced debaters from the labor movement to spark this effort. He is meeting with representatives of the movement on Friday in New York to review their program.

RECEIVED
AUG 4 1965
CENTRAL FILES

528
June 9, 1965

EXECUTIVE
FG 11-2
FG 411/ Appropriations
+ Armed Service
FG 431/ Appropriations
+ Armed Service
ND 7

Dear Admiral:

The President is most appreciative of your May 27 letter and very much would like to receive the reports you mention concerning appropriate committees of Congress.

Sincerely,

Marvin

W. Marvin Watson
Special Assistant
to the President

Admiral W. F. Raborn
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington 25, D. C.

WMW:MJC:rgm

2

RECEIVED
JUN 9 1965
CENTRAL FILES



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

27 May 1965

*very important
get Report*

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

rolling in files 4/11/65

In response to your expressed wishes to me that a continuing effort should be maintained to keep the appropriate committees of Congress fully informed on intelligence matters, I have requested the Chairmen of the CIA Subcommittees to meet with me once a week. There are CIA Subcommittees from each of the Committees for Appropriations and Armed Services of both Houses. The CIA Subcommittees of Appropriations and Armed Services of the Senate have for several years followed the practice of conducting combined meetings.

Below is a tabulation of the actual meetings held with these Subcommittees during the first month of my tenure as Director of Central Intelligence.

<u>Date</u>	<u>Committee</u>	<u>Subject</u>
1. 29 April 1965	CIA Subcommittee of House Armed Services	Agency Programs and World Situation
2. 30 April 1965	CIA Subcommittees of Senate Armed Services and Senate Appropriations	Dominican Republic
3. 3 May 1965	CIA Subcommittee of House Appropriations	Dominican Republic
4. 11 May 1965	CIA Subcommittee of House Armed Services	World Situation

5. 14 May 1965	CIA Subcommittee of House Appropriations	World Situation
6. 20 May 1965	CIA Subcommittees of Senate Armed Services and Senate Appropriations	Dominican Republic Vietnam Middle East
7. 21 May 1965	CIA Subcommittee of House Appropriations	Dominican Republic South Vietnam
8. 27 May 1965	CIA Subcommittee of House Appropriations	South China Military Situation Vietnam Bolivia Dominican Republic Russian Space Activities

I plan to forward to you a monthly report of my meetings with these Subcommittees.

Respectfully yours,



W. F. Raborn
Director

MEMORANDUM

21
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

EXECUTIVE

PC11-2

PR8-2/m*

June 2, 1965
Wednesday - 6:30 p.m.

MR. PRESIDENT:

*
+
John McCone will be in Washington June 4 through June 8
if you should want to see him.

Yes _____

No ☒ _____

Jack Valenti

RECEIVED
JUN 4 1965
CENTRAL FILES

EXECUTIVE

pa/fm

FG 11-2

FILE MEMO

June 2, 1965

C.I.A. recommendations of John J. McCone for his
successor for C.I.A.-----filed in John Macy's office.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Friday, 9:30 a.m.
May 21, 1965

MR. PRESIDENT:

Some items for attention:

1. Uprisings in other Latin countries.

You have given instructions to State to have each ambassador report in on his country -- what his situation is.

Also you have asked CIA to give you up-to-date reports on other countries.

Questions: What is our plan if a Communist-inspired revolt breaks out in another country?

What do we do with the OAS?

What specific steps do we take to prevent such an uprising?

Who can we consult with?

Are we keeping OAS and other countries informed now?

These reports and answers need to be briefed and underscored and in your hands quickly.

Shall I follow up on this particular aspect of Hemisphere problems and see to it that these reports in proper form get to you?

Yes _____ No _____

2. The idea to have John Bartlow Martin have a back-grounder is excellent.

We need to grab the initiative from the POST and TIMES.

orig. to Mrs. T. ...

EXECUTIVE 10
C01-8 F
F0
H42
IT37
F02/C0
FG11-2
ND19/C062
FG600/TK
FG105

EXECUTIVE

PE 4

FG 11-2

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

ROUTE SLIP

(To Remain With Correspondence)

TO Secretary of Labor

PROMPT HANDLING IS ESSENTIAL.
WHEN DRAFT REPLY IS REQUESTED
THE BASIC CORRESPONDENCE MUST
BE RETURNED. IF ANY DELAY IN
SUBMISSION OF DRAFT REPLY IS
ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE TELEPHONE
OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL ASSISTANT.

Date May 17, 1965

FROM THE SPECIAL ASSISTANT

ACTION:

Comment _____

Draft reply _____

For direct reply _____

For your information _____

For necessary action _____

For appropriate handling X

See below _____

Remarks:

Memo for the President, 5/12/65, fm Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr.,
U.S.N. (Ret), Director of Central Intelligence re
Safety Program of the CIA -- Mission SAFETY-70,
in compliance with President's memo of Feb 16, 1965.

rah GPO 16-71264-2

By direction of the President:

Paul M. Popple

~~Douglas C. Carter~~
~~SPECIAL~~
Special Assistant
to the President

5K
md
EXECUTIVE 6

May 14, 1965

FG 11-2

MR. BUNDY:

The President read about these fellows in the newspaper and has asked CIA to interview them.

He thought perhaps you could use this.

Bill Moyers

Attachment - Letter dated May 14, 1965 to Mr. Moyers from J. ^xLarocque, Jr., Assistant Director for Operations, CIA re ^xCuesta, ^xPerez, ^xSantamaria, ^xHermida, ^xGuerrero and ^xPegueró.

RECEIVED
MAY 17 1965
CENTRAL FILES

Nothing else sent to
Central Files as of 5/20/65

Chiron
EXECUTIVE

BEST

FG 11-3

FG 105-4

FG 11-2

CO 1-4

May 13, 1965

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

TO: CEA - Mr. Gardner Ackley
A/aid - Mr. David Bell
CIA - Mr. Ray Cline

FROM: W. W. Rostow

SUBJECT: Sectoral Economic Analysis in the US Government

I am struck by a gap in economic analysis and presentation which appears to hold equally for our treatment of the US economy, developing nations, and intelligence evaluations of the Communist bloc.

The gap consists in the lack of a systematic way to organize and present sectoral economic data in a sufficiently disaggregated form to grip key structural problems. The statistical categories we do employ in the analyses are so broad that they lard over rather than illuminate critical structural changes; e.g., "industry"; "government expenditures"; "services"; etc.

With respect to the analysis of the US economy, for example, it would be helpful if the CEA reports showed clearly, in an economical and compressed way which sectors (or closely linked sectoral complexes) are growing rapidly; which are moving at a rate similar to over-all GNP increases; which are slower or decelerating.

With respect to work in Latin America, for example, I am struck by the fact that, while we all agree that the import substitution boom is coming to an end, as the

basis

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

EXECUTIVE

CO 1-8

FG 11-2

15

file

Mr President:

Might it not be a good idea to ask CIA
to bring uptodate ALL information in ALL Latin countries
about possible trouble?

Jack Valenti

Wednesday, May 12, 1965
7:15 pm

yes

orig to Mrs. Territt

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 30, 1965

REPORT FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Jack Valenti

One fact is sure: If the Castro-types take over the Dominican Republic, it will be the worst domestic political disaster any Administration could suffer.

If we move, we must lay out a choice, a clear-cut choice backed up with facts, figures, names and addresses:

The choice is: ~~X~~ Castro in Dominican Republic
or
U.S. intervention

Here's how it might be done -- for in the doing of it, clean, understandable communications are needed:

1. Show indisputable evidence that Castro-types are in charge. This cannot be just a statement. Raborn must have pictures, names, a full dossier.

He must show the erosion of responsible leaders - and the surfacing of the Castroites.

We must leave NO DOUBT as to our evidence.

2. Call on Dominican citizens to rise up and defense of their freedom -- or else the Republic will sink into an abyss of total darkness.

(Here what is vitally needed is a group of Dominican Republic citizens who call on the U.S. and other Hemispheric nations for salvation. (Without some semblance of internal groupings, our intervention is weakened in the world public opinion arena.)

EXECUTIVE (4)
C062
C055
FG11-2
C01-8
ND20-2
H46
ND4-1

Z7

EXECUTIVE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

PR6-1/H⁴
AUTOGRAPH FILE/H^{*}

FG 11-2

Dear Mr. Helms,

It was the President's pleasure to
autograph the enclosed photograph
for you.

With best wishes,

Juanita
Juanita D. Roberts
Personal Secretary
to the President

April 29, 1965

Photograph of the President with Mr. Helms inscribed:

To Dick Helms, Good man - tough job; Lyndon B. Johnson

Sent to: Honorable Richard Helms^{xx}
Deputy Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D.C.

RECEIVED
APR 30 1965
CENTRAL FILE

54 / ✓

EXECUTIVE

FG11-2

①

L

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Mr. President:

Requested info on Director John McCone:
x

Meetings with
89

Telephone calls with
14

103

vm
6:20 pm
4-25-65

Yellow copy
with app sent to
Central files as of 12/21/65

pa
MS
EXECUTIVE (3)

FG 11-2

ND 14-4

April 5, 1965

FG 11-8-1 / WATSON
Marvin

MEMORANDUM:

TO: The President

FROM: Mildred

The CIA representative, Mr. [?]Kuhn, who quite often comes over to look over our FBI files on those persons needing special CIA clearances, asked Marvin and me to get CIA clearance so he could talk about the files involved. There is a special briefing they give you at the time they give us our clearances. My briefing was scheduled this morning and that was where I was when you called. The situation room was the only private room around so we met in the situation room. Marvin has already had his briefing. This gives us a clearance on a "need to know" basis--and I won't need to know much!

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

4/5/65

Mr. President:

For your information.

Marvin

DECLASSIFIED

RECEIVED
MAY 1 1965
CENTRAL FILES

used to know inter;
a sentence on a "used to know" page--and I would
want to see exactly what the sentence is. The page is
private room and so we are in the situation room.
When you call. The situation room was the only
was described this morning and that was where I was
at the time that the page was sent. My presence
was involved. There is a absence of the page and
and we to get CIV sentence so we could talk about the
because we're not sure of the CIV sentence, asked what
often comes over to look over our FBI files on those
The CIV representative, Mr. Korn, who didn't

FROM: [illegible]
TO: The President
MEMORANDUM:

May 2, 1965

100-100000-1
100-100000-2
100-100000-3
100-100000-4
100-100000-5
100-100000-6
100-100000-7
100-100000-8
100-100000-9
100-100000-10
100-100000-11
100-100000-12
100-100000-13
100-100000-14
100-100000-15
100-100000-16
100-100000-17
100-100000-18
100-100000-19
100-100000-20
100-100000-21
100-100000-22
100-100000-23
100-100000-24
100-100000-25
100-100000-26
100-100000-27
100-100000-28
100-100000-29
100-100000-30
100-100000-31
100-100000-32
100-100000-33
100-100000-34
100-100000-35
100-100000-36
100-100000-37
100-100000-38
100-100000-39
100-100000-40
100-100000-41
100-100000-42
100-100000-43
100-100000-44
100-100000-45
100-100000-46
100-100000-47
100-100000-48
100-100000-49
100-100000-50
100-100000-51
100-100000-52
100-100000-53
100-100000-54
100-100000-55
100-100000-56
100-100000-57
100-100000-58
100-100000-59
100-100000-60
100-100000-61
100-100000-62
100-100000-63
100-100000-64
100-100000-65
100-100000-66
100-100000-67
100-100000-68
100-100000-69
100-100000-70
100-100000-71
100-100000-72
100-100000-73
100-100000-74
100-100000-75
100-100000-76
100-100000-77
100-100000-78
100-100000-79
100-100000-80
100-100000-81
100-100000-82
100-100000-83
100-100000-84
100-100000-85
100-100000-86
100-100000-87
100-100000-88
100-100000-89
100-100000-90
100-100000-91
100-100000-92
100-100000-93
100-100000-94
100-100000-95
100-100000-96
100-100000-97
100-100000-98
100-100000-99
100-100000-100

March 24, 1965

MR. PRESIDENT:

Two Questions:

1. Whom of your White House staff do you want at the NSC meeting on Friday at 1:00 p.m.?
2. Mac Bundy told me to put John McCone on the schedule 1/2 hour before the NSC meeting. ~~This~~ I have done. He suggested to put it ON THE RECORD. Is this your judgment.

Yes _____ No _____

Jack Valenti

EXECUTIVE

7G 11-2/A

7G 11-2

THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

22 April 1965

Dear Mr. President:

Wm. F.
I propose that Admiral Raborn be sworn in at 12:00 o'clock noon on Wednesday, April 28th. While I realize the enormous demands on your time, I think that Admiral Raborn would get off to a running start (he's already going along pretty well) if you could come down to the CIA building at Langley and present him with his commission as he takes the oath of office. This could be done in our auditorium and witnessed by 400 or 500 of the senior people in CIA who are resident in Washington. Also, the members of the United States Intelligence Board will be in meeting on Wednesday morning and therefore they will be present.

To do this, if it is at all possible from your standpoint, would not only get Admiral Raborn off to a good start, and Dick Helms as well, but it would give you an opportunity to say a few words about the importance of CIA and the Intelligence Community and this, I think, is needed in view of some of the derogatory but most unfair and inaccurate statements which have been made recently and some of which you referred to this morning.

This is my last official request and I hope that you can go along with it.

Respectfully yours,

John A. McCone
John A. McCone

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

P.S. Helicopter time from the
White House to CIA is
10 minutes.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 7, 1965

Mr. President:

Wm. F.

Admiral^x Raborn called and left
this message. His answer to
your question of yesterday is
'affirmative'. He would like to
speak to you.

Telephone nos:

Residence:

ac 213 799-0262

Office:

ac 213 288-7250

M -
for food sale tell
me about such calls
Marvin
What time did he call?
L.

6:44 PM apm 7.

MJDR.

RECEIVED
MAY 12 1965
CENTRAL FILES

Juanita:

Marvin returned this -- said that he didn't
know why it had been given to him.

vm

3/25/65

2:00 pm

Janita —

4/17/11 Taken care of.

Wm W / Rgm

①
EXECUTIVE

FG11-2
UT1-3

THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

19 March 1965

PERSONAL

Dear Mr. President:

I have learned that a telephone call you were in the middle of was interrupted by your secretary to make way for my call to you yesterday morning. This was because both your secretary and mine, so I am told, apparently thought there was a degree of urgency in connection with my call to you.

I am sorry for this as I do not wish to at any time unnecessarily intrude on you, most particularly when you are, as you indicated yesterday, under extreme pressure from many directions.

*Wm
per
Marie* I hope for an opportunity to discuss two or three matters with you at your convenience, and will await word from your office.

Respectfully yours,

John A. McCone
John A. McCone

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

gah

EXECUTIVE ⁽²⁾

PE 2
76 11-2

February 9, 1965

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HELMS

Harry ¹Fitzgibbons will be reachable through Fred
Holborn of the White House after February 15.
Forrestal and Clifton think you might be interested
in talking to him about a job in counter-insurgency.

Bromley Smith

RECEIVED
JAN - 31
1965

EXECUTIVE

FG 431/H *

FG 11-2

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Mr. President:

Mac Bundy called w/ the following:

John

* Mr. McCone is going to talk to the
Armed Services Committee on January
11, 1965 -- Monday... in the Senate.

But not on Viet Nam.

He is going to talk on our intelligence
of Soviet Strategic Strength.

He has some concern that it may stir
some members that are worried about
our strategic strength.

He just wanted you to know this information
in case you were talki ng to Senator
Russell.

McB/vm
5:02 pm
1-9-65

file

RECEIVED
JAN 10 1965
CENTRAL FILE



CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20505

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR (INTELLIGENCE)

EXECUTIVE 6377
00303
FCH
9511-8-1/Bundy
30 DEC 1964
1/4/64
Enclosed
H2

Mr. McGeorge Bundy
Special Assistant to the President
for National Security Affairs
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Bundy:

I hope you will be able to join us in a working dinner to discuss Soviet affairs which we plan to hold at the CIA Headquarters in Langley on the evening of 6 January. Other senior officials from the Department of Defense and The White House will be meeting with us, and we are also inviting one or two outstanding specialists in Soviet matters from the academic world. We expect to keep the total guest list quite small. Mr. McCone plans to be present and very much wants you to come.

Our routine is to have drinks and a quick dinner, after which a CIA analyst will spend about fifteen minutes outlining key questions and propositions relating to U.S. strategic interests for general discussion. We will be primarily concerned with the outlook for Soviet foreign policy, but Khrushchev's fall will require us to consider domestic developments, especially economic and military planning, in an effort to get at the attitudes of his successors. After the initial presentation, all are urged to speak their minds in an off-the-record discussion.

Please have your secretary inform Miss Holland (Code 143, Ext. 5151) as to whether you can join us. Cocktails will be at 7:30 p.m.

Sincerely,

Ray S. Cline

Ray S. Cline

Deputy Director (Intelligence)

reg

88K
Z
EXECUTIVE 6227
CO 232
FG 11-2
FG 2/Eisenhower
17 December 1964
FG 55
THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

Dear Mr. President:

Yesterday, by arrangement worked out with Mr. McGeorge Bundy, I sent a CIA officer to Chicago to meet General Eisenhower who was enroute West by train and submitted to him a draft of your proposed statement on Panama.

After reading the statement, the General called me by telephone and stated that he had read the statement carefully and that "my approval is complete." He then suggested certain editorial changes which have been submitted to McGeorge Bundy.

I specifically asked if he approved the use of his name as indicated on the first page and he answered that doing so was "perfectly all right with me."

You will be interested to know that your new Secretary of Commerce, Jack Connor, was in my office when Ike called and, while he had no knowledge of the above conversation, I told General Eisenhower of the new appointment, put Connor on the telephone, and I am pleased to report to you that the new appointment was received with very great enthusiasm by General Eisenhower.

Respectfully yours,


John A. McCone

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Nothing else sent to
Central Files as of 1/6/65

EX-100
FG 11 - 8 - 1 / *Dungan*
FG 11 - 2

November 27, 1964

Dear John:

As you well know, the past weeks have been hectic and have not permitted much opportunity for relaxed conversation. Consequently, I have not had the time to express adequately to you my thanks for your friendship and support over the years. We take very good memories with us to Chile and look forward keenly to this new challenge. Nevertheless, we shall greatly miss our friends and the work here in Washington.

We wish you all the best in the future.

Sincerely,

Ralph

Ralph A. Dungan

Honorable John A. McCone
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D.C.

dhl

8/6/12/17
THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

EXECUTIVE (2)

FG 11-2

FG 2/Truman

24 November 1964

27
Mr. Jack J. Valenti
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Jack:

I will travel to Independence, Missouri, on the morning of 10 December to give President Truman his periodic briefing on the world situation in accordance with The President's instructions.

I tell you this in the event The President would like me to take any message or other information to Mr. Truman.

Yours in the faith, and

Faithfully yours,



Marshall S. Carter
Lieutenant General, USA

RECEIVED
NOV 3 0 1964
CENTRAL FILES

EXECUTIVE

FG 2/TRUMAN, HARRY

FG 11-2

July 31, 1964

Dear General Carter:

I appreciated the fine work you did in briefing President Truman and for conveying my regards to him. Thank you for your thoughtfulness and prompt attention in this matter.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

LYNDON B. JOHNSON

Lt. Gen. Marshall S. ^xCarter, USA
The Deputy Director of Central Intelligence
Washington, D.C.

LBJ:RHN:rgm

2

RECEIVED
AUG 3 1964
CENTRAL FILES

102
EXECUTIVE

FG 11-2

THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

29 July 1964

Mr. Jack Valenti
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Jack:

The attached letter for the President is sent to
you personally in the belief that it should not be handled
through normal Message Center channels.

Many thanks,

Faithfully yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "MS" or "tal" with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Marshall S. Carter
Lieutenant General, USA

RECEIVED
JUL 31 1964
CENTRAL FILES

Amx
WK

EXECUTIVE

FG 11-2

PR 15-7

①

PROPOSED STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

One of the agencies represented here today rarely receives official public recognition. I am speaking of the Central Intelligence Agency. Its work is vital. The Agency reports directly to me and I consider the information which they gather and their penetrating estimates of the consequences on developing critical situations in this fast-moving world are essential to me and this Government.

The Central Intelligence Agency, whose Director reports to me, is not freewheeling and independent as is so often stated. It is carefully controlled and operates in support of established American policy.

I believe the American people are grateful that they are served by capable and dedicated men and women in the Central Intelligence Agency who must remain anonymous.

RECEIVED
JUN 23 1964
CENTRAL FILES

original to Mrs Teinto

do release

EXHIBIT

June 6, 1964

FOI/00312/A

CO312

FG-105

FG-115

FG-11-2

FG-105-4

FG 296

MEMORANDUM FOR

THE SECRETARY OF STATE
THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE
THE ADMINISTRATOR, AID
THE DIRECTOR, USIA

It has come to my attention that in a number of instances departments and agencies have had difficulty in getting needed consent from individuals who are recommended for service in South Vietnam.

This country has no more important job right now than to get the very best men in every field for more effective service to our embattled friends in South Vietnam. If in any case direct word from me can be helpful, I expect to be called on. I would want no U. S. officer to be in doubt of the value of service in South Vietnam and of the importance which I personally attach to it.

LBJ:McGB:ab

6/8/64

Nothing else sent to
Central Intelligence of 6/25/64

RECEIVED
JUN 9 1964
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

EXECUTIVE
MAI-3
FG 11-2

June 5, 1964

MEMORANDUM TO HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES:

It is a special pleasure and privilege for me to announce that the President's Awards for Distinguished Federal Civilian Service are being made in 1964 to these members of our career service:

John Doar, First Assistant to the Assistant Attorney General,
Civil Rights Division, Department of Justice

Herbert Friedman, Superintendent, Atmosphere and Astrophysics
Division, U. S. Naval Research Laboratory

Lyman B. Kirkpatrick, Jr., Executive Director-Comptroller,
Central Intelligence Agency

Bromley K. Smith, Executive Secretary, National Security
Council

These individuals stand tall among the many men and women who serve their country and fellow citizens with great distinction. They are the exceptional doers who by selfless effort and brilliance of achievement have made unique contributions to scientific progress, to the advancement of human rights, and to the strengthening of our national security. I know you share my gratitude for their distinguished, although usually unpublicized, services to the Nation.

It is my desire that these awards, as well as those granted at other echelons within Departments and Agencies, in recognition of notable accomplishment, serve the further purpose of giving our people a better understanding of the tremendous contributions which our public servants make to a better America.



June 2, 1964

Dear Mr. McCone:

It is a pleasure to inform you that Lyman B. Kirkpatrick, Jr., whom you nominated for the President's Award for Distinguished Federal Civilian Service, has been selected by the President to receive the award. A public announcement to this effect will be made soon after your receipt of this letter.

The award will be granted by the President in a ceremony tentatively scheduled to take place at the White House on June 22 at 12:00 noon. Will you please make arrangements for Mr. Kirkpatrick to be present? His family and close friends, up to a total of twelve persons, are cordially invited to attend the ceremony.

Our plans provide for you to accompany Mr. Kirkpatrick and present him at the ceremony. Since a citation will be read concerning his achievements, I believe it would be best if your presentation remarks were confined to a few sentences which highlight personal background that you believe would be of special interest to the President. Appropriate officials of your agency, up to seven, are also invited to attend the ceremony.

A list of the persons who will attend the ceremony and their relationship to the award winner should be sent to Mr. John W. Macy, Jr., Executive Secretary, Distinguished Civilian Service Awards Board by June 18.

Sincerely yours,

Jack Valenti
Special Assistant to the President

Honorable John A. McCone
Director of Central Intelligence
Washington, D. C.

cc: Honorable John W. Macy, Jr., Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Holborn, Central Files

9Mx
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

7
May 6, 1964

NT SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON

2395
EXECUTIVE
ND (U)

PL6-3

FG115

FG105

FG11-2

Mr. President:

May 4, 1964

For information.

McG. B.
MEMORANDUM FOR MCGEORGE BUNDY
The White House

Subject: Republican Candidates Briefings

You may be interested in the present status of arrangements with various Republican Presidential Candidates who have been offered national security briefings by Secretaries Rusk and McNamara and John McCone.

Governor Rockefeller accepted the invitation under date of April 24, leaving any meeting date indefinite. I called his office in Albany May 1 and stated that I stood ready to organize a session on a mutually agreeable date and should be considered the immediate point of contact. I believe that we should leave the matter in this posture so the ball is in his court rather than ours.

Senator Margaret Chase Smith accepted the briefing offer April 28 and I called her office to leave the situation in the same stance as with Rockefeller.

Governor Scranton has accepted and requested a briefing in Washington May 21. This meeting will likely set the pattern for any others; subject to your guidance, I suggest that the briefing for him consist of (a) an intelligence briefing by John McCone; and (b) a policy briefing by Secretary Rusk and a subordinate from the Defense Department, or by George Ball and Secretary McNamara. Tying up the Secretaries of State and Defense for the briefing seems to me to play it in a higher key than is desirable. All the briefing sessions should be in the Secretary of State's conference room in order to avoid the inevitable press and so forth going to the CIA, and so that the only press exposure will be when the candidate comes into the

EXECUTIVE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

FG11-2

RE11

⑤

May 1, 1964

MEMORANDUM FOR

THE PRESIDENT

I was talking with Clark Clifford on another subject today, and he and I agreed on the ideal method of keeping John McCone really happy about the level of his contact with you: Golf.

McCone is an energetic and agreeable golfer, and while he does not disprove the Reston Rule as effectively as Valenti or me, he has more free time and he can pay his own Burning Tree Greens fee.

McG. B.

McG. B.

RECEIVED
MAY 5 1964
CENTRAL FILES

EXECUTIVE

MA 2/11

FG 11-2

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Presented April 27, 1965

CITATION TO ACCOMPANY THE AWARD OF
THE NATIONAL SECURITY MEDAL

TO

JOHN A. McCONE

X

- - - -

JOHN A. McCONE

is hereby awarded

THE NATIONAL SECURITY MEDAL

As principal foreign intelligence officer of the United States and as senior intelligence advisor to the President since 1961, Mr. McCone has given distinguished leadership to the foreign intelligence effort of our Nation. During his years of service as Director of Central Intelligence, he has discharged the high responsibilities of his office with inspiration and idealism. To the service of the security of the United States, Mr. McCone has brought the wisdom and experience of a long career in business and government. His devotion to the welfare of our Nation and his unchallenged integrity in the performance of his duties have set an exemplary standard for the intelligence community. The service of Mr. McCone reflects the highest credit upon him and the Central Intelligence Agency.

RECEIVED
AUG 24 1965
CENTRAL FILES

*Noted
Records
vrg*

told him OK right after
NSC - ③
THE WHITE HOUSE **EXECUTIVE**
WASHINGTON *PR 8-1/M **
4/15/64 *FG 11-2*

Bill: .

John
McCona
*
Walter Elder says that
the Director ^{now} needs to see
the President tomorrow.

Chairman
Congr. Cannon has sent
for him to come up to the Hill
at ten o'clock -- but he could
break away from that after a
short time . He could come
either before or after the NSC
meeting at 12.

Toi

RECEIVED
APR 17 1964
CENTRAL FILES

202

EXECUTIVE (2)

PRS-2/M*

FG 11-2

THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

(P)

31 January 1964

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

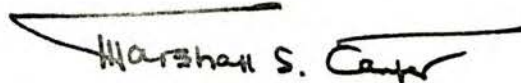
Dear Mr. President:

I have just received from Mr. ³⁵⁴⁷⁴McCone in Rome a message which he asked be passed to you. The message is as follows:

"I will return to Washington Saturday night. While I do not want to impose on your time, I believe it would be most helpful to you if I could sit down with you for one hour on Sunday."

If your staff will let me know whether or not such a meeting on Sunday is possible, I will make whatever arrangements are convenient to you.

Faithfully yours,

 Marshall S. Carter

Marshall S. Carter
Lieutenant General, USA
Acting Director

THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

24 Jan. 1964

Dear Mr. President.

This is to tell you of the very heartwarming, universal, and spontaneous reaction of your guests to the briefings and dinner last night. Mrs. Carter and I heard many comments from Senators and their wives — all favorable in high degree, all expressing personal admiration and affection for Mrs. Johnson and you — and all totally bipartisan.

This is an expression of our appreciation for being included, as well as an intelligence report! With great respect

Marshall S. Carter
Acting Dir

Lt. Gen. Marshall S. Carter
x

Nothing else sent to
Central Files as of -----

JAN 24, 1964

EXECUTIVE (8)

FG 105
FO 2/00232
NN 14
FG 11-2
CO 232
GARY, Mrs.,
Margaret W.
Pu 2-2/G*

What's Going on Here?

By Henry J. Taylor



SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK, taken by surprise about events in Panama, told the House Foreign Affairs Committee on Jan. 15 that his department had consulted our returned ambassador, Joseph S. Farland. "Oh yes, Mr. Farland has been completely de-briefed," he testified. On Ambassador Farland's statement to writer Victor Riesel, this is absolutely untrue. He was asked about nothing. He sat around Washington for three solid weeks without even—or ever—being consulted ("de-briefed"). Hey, Mr. Secretary!

It is vital now for President Johnson to find out who in the State Department arranged to misinform his Secretary of State.

Repeated failures to be informed, failures of subordinates to level with their boss, calculated sabotage of information such as the Farland brush-off, and repeated denials of the undeniable mistakes confront us again with the same mysteries we faced in the days of Yalta and of Alger Hiss.

Each crisis is a surprise—Soviet missiles in Cuba, Laos, the Berlin Wall, Nehru's invasion of Goa, the Dominican revolution, the Cambodian backlash, Zanzibar, Panama. Surprise, surprise, surprise. In the sacred name of the security of the United States, what's going on here? ??

Like Secretary Rusk, CIA director John A. McCone also failed inexplicably to consult Mr. Farland when the Ambassador returned from Panama, altho Mr. Farland's dispatches bristled with information about the Castro build-up and mounting crisis. An ex-FBI star, counter-espionage expert, the chief of mission and admittedly the most successful ambassador we've had in Latin America for many years, Mr. Farland was utterly ignored. Who in the CIA and State Department kept him away from the tops? And why was no new ambassador to Panama appointed for five critical months after Mr. Farland's return home last August?

Now, one of the things Mr. Farland knew, and that I knew, too, was that the CIA in both Cuba and Panama had been infiltrated wholesale by Soviet-trained Castro agents. This disclosure was

main agent in Panama, only to prove beyond any possible doubt that no surprise at the top of our Government is permissible.

"Castro's guerilla fleet is moving fighters and their arms into Panama. Costa Rican communist Julio Sunol is in Havana directing this with support in Costa Rica—on Panama's border. The chief debarkation point is La Colma (Cuba), now a Soviet-occupied port. Castro's receiving agent, protector and cover in Panama is famous Panamanian communist Thelma King—vicious, relentless, competent.

"By air these groups operate from the Soviet air base at San Julian, 90 miles southwest of Havana, and from San Antonio de los Banos. They are headquartered in downtown Cienfuegos and the central radio tool is a very modern Russian-built station on Key Breton."

That was Feb. 27, 1963!

Starting with the Bay of Pigs, after new teams entered the innards of the State Department and CIA, the endless pattern of surprises and failures we have would be utterly impossible unless our Government has been infiltrated at the policy level.

The British, French, West German, Italian, Dutch and Swedish governments have experienced such Soviet infiltration. As our American Ambassador to Switzerland, I saw this happen even there. And we are seeing the success of deep-cover Sino-Soviet agents and fellow travelers planted here.

As it did to Chancellor Adenauer and Prime Minister Macmillan, it must come as a tragic, horrible shock to President Johnson. But all legislation and other important duties fall to nothing compared with the heart-breaking, shifty, diabolic problem he confronts: the restoration of internal top-level security. Moreover, he knows the enemy's self-serving alibi of "witch hunt" will automatically blare, as always and everywhere, the moment he moves.

May all intelligent citizens and thoughtful newspapers across our country help give him the strength to reach each discoverable truth, place security above every other consideration and let the chips fall where they may. This nation is in absolute peril—within Washington.

current policy of our State Department. We will support a strong man.
(Mrs) Margaret W. Gary

RECEIVED
JAN 30 1964
CENTRAL FILE

very little time is now to clean out State!

EXECUTIVE

ND 14-3

FG 11-8

FG 11-2

FE 14

FG 2/ ROOSEVELT,

Franklin D.
DONOVAN, WILLIAM J.

FG 240-1

January 14, 1964

Dear Mr. Kirkpatrick:

X In reply to your letter of 7 December concerning the request of Mr. Walter Wager for the declassification of the Donovan memorandum of 10 June 1941, to President Roosevelt, Mr. Wager informed me yesterday that he had written to the National Archives at approximately the same time he wrote to me last September and had received shortly thereafter, from the National Archives, a copy of the Donovan memorandum.

In view of the development, the White House office is taking no position on the declassification matter.

Sincerely,

C. V. CLIFTON
Major General, U. S. Army
Military Aide to the President

Mr. Lyman B. Kirkpatrick
Executive Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington 25, D.C.

Copy in Permanent File

RECEIVED
JAN 16 1964
CENTRAL FILES

EXECUTIVE

FI 4

FI 1-2

SP 2-4 / P / EX

FG 2 / EISENHOWER
Dwight D.

FG 11-2

January 13, 1964

Dear Mr. President:

I very much appreciate your
letter of January 9th. Coming
from you, these words of encouragement
have a very special meaning.

Sincerely,

L

LYNDON

*

Honorable Dwight D. Eisenhower
Gettysburg, Pennsylvania

LBJ:bm:cw

RECEIVED
JAN 16 1964
CENTRAL FILES

Nothing released to
Central Files as of 1/21/64

CH

THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

EXECUTIVE
F ②
FG 635
FG 11-2

9 January 1964

Dear Mr. President:

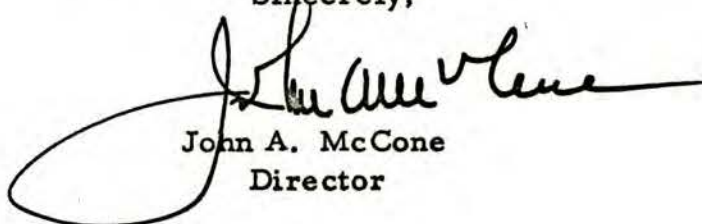
Last night Mr. John McCloy dined with me in my home.

He expressed concern over the lack of action on the part of the Commission appointed to investigate President Kennedy's assassination. He was particularly disturbed over being told the committee cannot meet again until January 21st because of unavailability of members. He feels with the passage of time "trails will be lost" and, hence, the investigation will not be meaningful.

His specific recommendation was that you call Chief Justice Warren urging some action and he asked that I communicate this suggestion to you.

Mr. McCloy's interest in helping you in a consultative capacity or on any specific assignment was clearly indicated in our discussions.

Sincerely,


John A. McCone
Director

The President
The White House



lyr

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

EXECUTIVE

FG2/Truman, Harry S.
FG150
FG11-1
FG11-2
White House
Washington

January 2, 1964

1964 JAN 2

MEMORANDUM TO: The President
The White House

FROM: Charles S. Murphy
Under Secretary

Herewith for your files is a memorandum reporting on my visit to President Truman. I have already reported the gist of this to you orally on December 31st.

Charles S. Murphy

Attachment

DEPARTMENT



Growth Through Agricultural Progress

file

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

EXECUTIVE (3)

FGI
C 0113
F06-3
FG 11-2

27 December 1963

Mr. Pierre Salinger
The White House
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Pierre,

This item from Budapest may be of interest to you.

Sincerely,

Paul

Paul M. Chretien
Assistant to the Director

Enclosure

RECEIVED
JAN 1 1964
CENTRAL FILE

OK

PRESIDENT'S PERSONAL AUTOGRAPH FILE RECORD

EXECUTIVE

PR6-1/m*

FB 11-2

Date Mailed: December 24, 1963

Item Autographed:

- (X) White House Card
- () Autograph Album
- () Book
- () First Day Cover
- () Souvenir Program
- () Photograph of the President, furnished by office
- () Photograph of the President, furnished by party being autographed for
- 2 (X) Photograph of President with someone else
- () Magazine Cover
- () Newspaper Picture
- Further description of photograph if necessary:
- () Other

Inscription: 1 card - With best wishes Lyndon B. Johnson
1 photo - To John McCone, My best LBJ
1 photo - To John, The best LBJ

For party other than one to whom addressed or delivered:

Sent or delivered to: ^{*}Honorable John A. McCone
Director of Central Intelligence
Washington, D. C.

RECEIVED
DEC 26 1963
CENTRAL FILES

CRS 41

December 20, 1963

EXECUTIVE

FE 12 / Kennedy
John F.

FG 11-2

Dear Mr. McCone:

The Attorney General will shortly communicate with you with respect to the collection of materials for the John F. Kennedy Library. I regard this as a project of historic importance. Nothing like it has been attempted before in the entire record of the Presidency. If carried through successfully, it will give future generations a unique grasp of the history of our times. I fully endorse the project and request that every department or agency cooperate fully, subject to applicable laws and regulations and departmental or agency policies.

Sincerely,

LYNDON B. JOHNSON

Carbons stamped in
processing area

Honorable John A. McCone
Director of Central Intelligence
Washington, D.C.

mjs

CH

EXECUTIVE ①

FG 810
FG 11-2

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Mr. President,
John A.

Director McCone's office called asking for confirmation on his being expected at your 5 p. m. meeting with the Business Advisory Council (said you invited him yourself).

Also --- he would like to see you alone about 10 minutes prior to the BAC meeting.

mjdr
Dec4

RECEIVED
SEP 3 1964
CENTRAL FILES

11

EXECUTIVE ①
FG 810
FG 11-2

THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

The White House

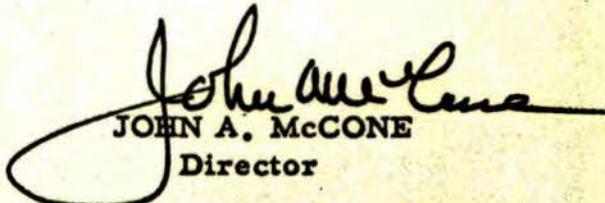
4 December 1963

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT 1663-250 4 PM 2 07

In addition to other matters you will discuss with the Business Council, I would hope you would indicate a keen interest in and continuing support of Radio Free Europe. A few weeks ago President Kennedy held a luncheon for about 60 corporate executives and emphatically urged their continued financial support of RFE.

Crawford Greenewalt, Chairman of du Pont, is heading this year's fund-raising drive at President Kennedy's request.

not sent to C. Files
The attached memorandum summarizes the position taken at the luncheon and released by the White House to the press thereafter.


JOHN A. McCONE
Director

Attachment

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

RECEIVED
SEP 3 1964
CENTRAL FILES

File in front of
Folder,

THE WHITE HOUSE
Washington

January 16, 1962

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

In carrying out your newly assigned duties as Director of Central Intelligence it is my wish that you serve as the Government's principal foreign intelligence officer, and as such that you undertake, as an integral part of your responsibility, the coordination and effective guidance of the total United States foreign intelligence effort. As the Government's principal intelligence officer, you will assure the proper coordination, correlation, and evaluation of intelligence from all sources and its prompt dissemination to me and to other recipients as appropriate. In fulfillment of these tasks I shall expect you to work closely with the heads of all departments and agencies having responsibilities in the foreign intelligence field.

In coordinating and guiding the total intelligence effort, you will serve as Chairman of the United States Intelligence Board, with a view to assuring the efficient and effective operation of the Board and its associated bodies. In this connection I note with approval that you have designated your deputy to serve as a member of the Board, thereby bringing to the Board's deliberations the relevant facts and judgments of the Central Intelligence Agency.

As directed by the President and the National Security Council, you will establish with the advice and assistance of the United States Intelligence Board the necessary policies and procedures to assure adequate coordination of foreign intelligence activities at all levels.

With the heads of the Departments and Agencies concerned you will maintain a continuing review of the programs and activities of all U. S. agencies engaged in foreign intelligence activities with a view to assuring efficiency and effectiveness and to avoiding undesirable duplication.

7.0.1 12/30/64

As head of the Central Intelligence Agency, while you will continue to have over-all responsibility for the Agency, I shall expect you to delegate to your principal deputy, as you may deem necessary, so much of the direction of the detailed operation of the Agency as may be required to permit you to carry out your primary task as Director of Central Intelligence.

It is my wish that you keep me advised from time to time as to your progress in the implementation of this directive and as to any recommendations you may have which would facilitate the accomplishment of these objectives.

(signed)

JOHN F. KENNEDY

cc: Secretary of State
Secretary of Defense
Attorney General
Chairman, Atomic Energy Commission

RECEIVED
DEC 30 1964
CENTRAL FILES

Central Intelligence Commission
Attorney General
Department of Defense
cc: Department of State

JOHN F. KENNEDY

(signature)

accomplishment of these objectives.
to and recommendations for which will be made within the limits of the
to and to the extent of the information of the Commission and to
it is not clear that the Commission has the right to make

himself as Director of Central Intelligence.
of the Agency he will be required to determine how to carry out the
which necessarily, as much of the direction of the Commission's operations
which expect him to determine to the extent of his authority, as he will
will continue to make all the necessary arrangements for the Agency. I
as head of the Central Intelligence Agency, which will