



NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20546

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EXECUTIVE

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OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

October 13, 1967

MEMORANDUM to Mr. George Christian
The White House

Mr. Webb was quoted out of context today in the Post^x /OC
The following quote appeared to be related to space
only:

"Webb called congressional failure to pass
the National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
tration's fiscal 1968 space budget 'almost
a constitutional crisis.'"

However, here's the full transcript:

QUESTION: Why isn't landing on the moon in
this decade as important a goal as it was?

MR. WEBB: It is in my view as important a
goal as it was. It is the same in the view
of President Johnson. He authorized me to state
before the Senate, and I did so state, that he
believed the budget he submitted last January
was the best plan for the United States in
space, but there has been this intervening
situation that is almost a constitutional crisis--
something almost unknown in our country; where
Congress has not acted on the appropriations
before the beginning of the fiscal year, has
passed a limited continuing resolution under
which the government could go forward, has come
very close to having those expire, and, therefore,
as the President stated in his message, there is
this intervening requirement not to exceed com-
mitments which we are uncertain at this time can
be made with any assurance they'll be funded by

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL

WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

October 13, 1967
10:15 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Space Treaty. The Space Treaty became formally effective October 10. Ceremonies were conducted in Washington, London, and Moscow. In a statement at the White House, the President urged cooperation rather than "competitive spacemanship" in the future.

2. Launches.

a. The Soviet Union on October 11 launched Cosmos 181 into a low altitude orbit from which the spacecraft is normally recovered after 8 days.

b. The Department of Defense on October 11 launched a military satellite from the Western Test Range, using a Thor-Burner II vehicle.

3. Venus Flights.

a. A Soviet Venus spacecraft, launched on June 12, is approaching that planet for its "encounter" on October 18. Soviet representatives report that all systems are operating, but have yet to give any information of the mission objectives.

b. The U.S. Mariner V spacecraft, launched on June 14, is also nearing Venus for a scheduled "flyby" on October 19. All spacecraft systems are operating and success is anticipated. The purpose is to measure the planet's atmosphere, mass, and magnetic field.

4. Pending Launches.

a. NASA's fourth Orbiting Solar Observatory (OSO) is scheduled for launch from Cape Kennedy on October 18, using a Thor-Delta vehicle.

b. First launch of an unmanned Apollo spacecraft aboard a Saturn V is expected at Cape Kennedy early in November.

5. NASA Appropriation.

a. The Senate passed the NASA appropriation totaling \$4,678,900,000, as recommended by its Appropriations Committee, on October 6 by a vote of 60 to 5. Efforts on the floor to cut the dollar amount were defeated, and hence the total was \$95.5 million above the House-passed figure.

b. Senate-House conferees held their first meeting on October 10, with the next session tentatively scheduled for October 18.

6. Aerospace Awards.

a. October 13, at the White House, Harmon Trophy awards were made to Pilot White, Astronauts Aldrin and Lovell, and British Aviatrice Scott.

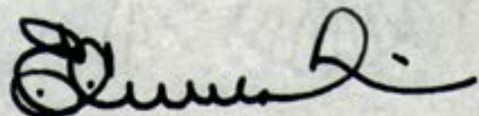
b. Capt. James A. Lovell, Jr., who was command pilot of Gemini 12 last year, has been presented the International Astronautics Federation gold medal award in Athens. Lovell is the first U.S. citizen to receive the medal, previously won by three Soviet cosmonauts.

7. Lunar Orbiters. Lunar Orbiters II and III have been crashed into the Moon's surface according to plan to avoid interfering with our radio communication with future spacecraft. Lunar Orbiter V, meanwhile, has been given a change of orbit to reduce the amount of time it might otherwise be in darkness during the forthcoming Earth eclipse of the Moon.

8. Tropical Storms. During this week, U.S. weather satellites tracked one very damaging typhoon in the West Pacific, one tropical storm in the Eastern Pacific, and a tropical storm in the Atlantic.

9. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(October 13)

	U.S.		USSR	
	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>
Earth Orbit	76	66	32	48
Escape	4	8	3	1



E. C. Welsh

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OCT 17 1967
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1. *U.S. Appropriations*

a. The Senate passed the 1967 appropriation for the U.S. Agency for International Development (AID) on October 11, 1967. The House of Representatives passed the bill on October 12, 1967. The bill was signed by the President on October 13, 1967.

b. House-Senate conferees held their first session on October 11, 1967. The session was held in the House of Representatives.

2. *Appropriations*

a. October 13, at the White House, President Johnson signed the bill. The bill was signed by the President on October 13, 1967.

b. Rep. James A. Lovell, Jr., who was chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, had been presented the Presidential Authorization for the U.S. Agency for International Development (AID) on October 13, 1967. Lovell is the House U.S. Chairman to receive the money. Lovell won by three to one in the House.

c. *U.S. Agency for International Development (AID)* has been expanded into the U.S. Agency for International Development (AID) and the U.S. Agency for International Development (AID). The U.S. Agency for International Development (AID) has been expanded into the U.S. Agency for International Development (AID) and the U.S. Agency for International Development (AID).

d. *Tropical Storm* during this week, U.S. weather service tracked a very intense tropical storm in the Caribbean Sea. The storm was named "Tropical Storm" and was a tropical storm in the Caribbean.

Specialty *U.S. Agency for International Development*
(October 11)

U.S. Agency for International Development
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U.S. Agency for International Development
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U.S. Agency for International Development
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[Signature]

U.S. Agency for International Development

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OUTER SPACE TREATY SIGNING

Tuesday, October 10, 1967

The East Room

10:45 a.m.

Guests arrive

Representatives from the following countries are seated at two tables on either side of the rostrum (listed here in the order they will sign): Bulgaria, Niger, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Finland, Sierra Leone, Denmark, Canada, Japan, Australia, U.S.S.R., United Kingdom, and The United States.

11:00 a.m.

President arrives

He proceeds to table to his left, and is seated.

State Department legal adviser, Leonard Meeker, announces that the Protocol of Deposit is now in order to be signed.

State Department Assistant legal adviser, Charles Bevans, will pass the Protocol of Deposit to each of the country representatives for signature in the order stated above.

The following three signatories will be invited by Meeker to make remarks.

U.S.S.R. Ambassador, Anatoliy F. Dobrynin, will make brief remarks following his signature (3-5 minutes).

United Kingdom Ambassador, Sir Patrick Dean, will make brief remarks following his signature (3-5 minutes).

Secretary Rusk will make brief remarks following his signature (standing behind Secretary Rusk will be Ambassador Goldberg and William C. Foster).

Following his remarks, Secretary Rusk will inform the President that the Treaty is ready to be proclaimed, and he will present the Proclamation to the President for signature.

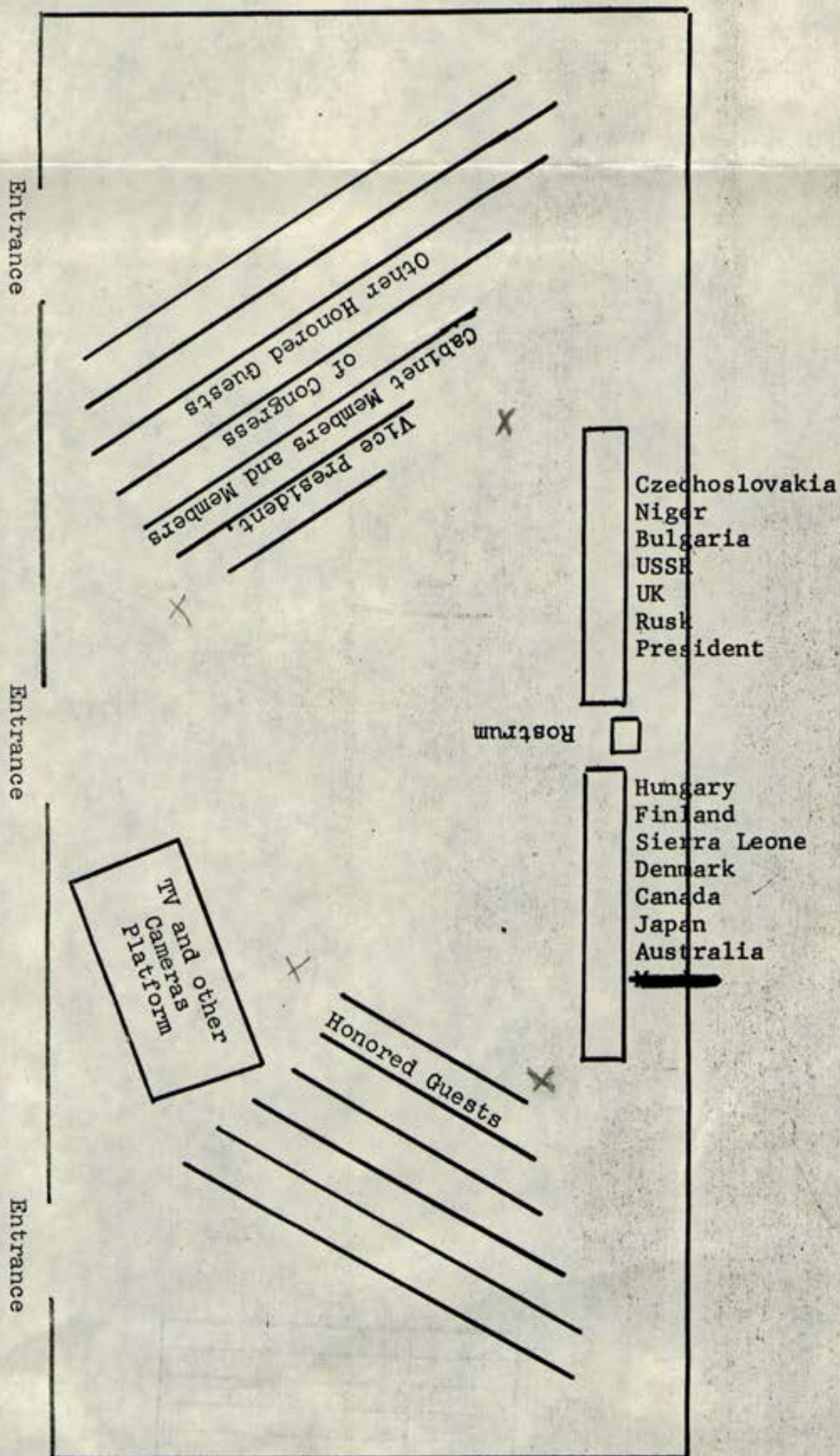
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OCT 12 1967
CENTRAL FILES

President signs Proclamation.

President speaks.

President departs.

(A receiving line in the Blue Room is optional).



[illegible]

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NASA ROUTING SLIP

	CODE	NAME (if necessary)	ACTION
1.			APPROVAL
			CONCURRENCE
			FILE
2.			INFORMATION
			INVESTIGATE AND ADVISE
3.			NOTE AND FORWARD
			NOTE AND RETURN
4.			PER REQUEST
			RECOMMENDATION
5.			SEE ME
			SIGNATURE
6.			REPLY FOR SIGNATURE OF:
7.			

REMARKS:

George:

Here is a transcript-- quick and dirty--
of the WEBB interview with UPI which
Califano thinks you ought to see.

J. Scheer

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OCT 11 1967
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FROM:	CODE:	NAME:	DATE:
		F. J. Julian Scheer	

Q. How far have we come Mr. Webb in the first decade in space ?

A. We have come a very long ways. We have accomplished almost 2,000 hours of manned spaceflight. We have proved in the Gemini program that man could live and work in space for fourteen days; that they could leave the earth when they needed to leave to join up with other vehicles and work together with them and to come back to the surface of the earth near the ship that was waiting for them. We have also proved that we could use weather satellites for major expansions of human knowledge of the earth's atmosphere and for prediction of weather; that we could put relay stations in space in the form of communication satellites that would give us tremendous increases of capability for the human race to communicate and work together, and we now are using these technologies to study every the earth by taking pictures ~~in~~ 20-minutes of the whole pacific area and then running them at the end of the day as a moving picture showing how the clouds and the weather systems actually move in the dynamic region. We further have built big boosters, the Saturn V will carry 280-thousand pounds into orbit and send 95-thousand pounds out as far as the moon. It will put a very major payload into synchronous orbit around the earth. So we have moved along ways in boosters and in the useful applications of space; learning how to use man, but all of this is based on increases in science. We have

expanded tremendously the knowledge of the environment through which the earth moves controlled by the Sun and we now have basic information that will effect operations in this new environment for along time to come.

Q. What do you see *in the next 10 years?*
A. Well first ~~we're going to~~ *we're going to* expand the knowledge the scientific knowledge we have through increased measurements, but we have such a large basic foundation there that this will be less important in the next 10-years. We will be expanding the usefulness without the slightest doubt, and I believe the human race will ~~find~~ *find* the space environment a *unifying* area connecting man-kind in many ways rather than an agreement that separates us as the oceans and the air did for so long. You know both of them have now become connecting links instead separating links. We are going to have bigger boosters because manned spacecraft will be operating in orbit doing many useful work. We will have a lot ^{of} specialized equipment to do specific jobs *with real efficiency.* ~~that would really be sufficient.~~ *Q.* Would you foresee that 10-years from today there might be a colony of humans on the Moon?

A. No, no I doubt that. The moon is a hostile place and we have already learned that it resembles Mars and to some extent other planets and we find outside the earth, quite hostile environments, but there is much to learn there, and some ^{men} ~~men~~ will go there and work there. And if you ask me ^{about} ~~that~~ a hundred years, I'd say we'd be out at Jupiter. We'd be moving from close ^{into} ~~into~~ the Sun out to the

far reaches of the solar-system in the 21st century. The next 10-years is going to have to ~~absorb~~ somewhere along the line ~~a high~~ in rapid operations in order to consolidate your position and figure the next areas of technology ~~with~~ ~~the~~ and present demands on our budget that may come in the next two or three years. ~~Q.~~ Mr. Webb do you think that ~~there~~ will be a man on the moon by 1970, and will he be an American or Russian?

~~A.~~ Well, the Russians keep saying that they are engaged in a attempt to land men on the moon. They said recently, ~~at Belgrade,~~ for instance that ~~they~~ ~~have~~ ~~are~~ many difficulties to overcome and that they think maybe ~~they~~ ~~they've~~ a little ahead of them. They have been ahead of us with big boosters for a long time, and I believe they wanted to do a ~~lunar~~ flyby this year. I think its not at all sure whether the first man on the moon will be an American or Russian. Its increasing doubtful that either American or Russian will be ~~there~~ in this decade. Certainly in our own program we have slowed down, ~~we~~ have laided 100-thousand people out of the peak employment. We had over 420-thousand we are now down to about 300-thousand, and going down at the rate about 4000-thousand a month. Now this means that the old program is slowing down. ~~Q.~~ Why? ~~A.~~ Because we have finished some of the activities like Gemini and because ~~they~~ ~~there~~ have been something like a billion two or three hundred million dollars cut from the program within the time since President Kennedy said

we ought to learn to ^{said} ~~live~~ on this new ocean. Well, is the fire at Cape Kennedy the major fault here, is this what really put the major stop block in the way? I don't think so except for the fact that people were ~~shocked~~ to see such an accident occur in a program that had vast danger in it, and where the danger was associated with the large boosters that have in the case of the Saturn V a million-tons of TNT equivalent explosive power. They should start to rise ^{and} then fall over and burn is a tremendous ~~dissipation~~ of energy and explosion ^{or} ~~anyway~~. Now the people were accustomed to this kind of danger and our own people began to think that to work in a small capsule ~~into~~ test on the ground wasn't very dangerous, and the people were I think of this country sort of taken back that this could occur. Now we had to go do all of the things necessary to make sure this did not occur again, to make sure that everything that we could possibly do to ⁱⁿ ~~sure~~ safety was done, to redesign the capsule and to put it in production again. This takes time. The major slow-down over the decade though has been ^{deductions} in funds from the amount we plan to spend in 1961 when we presented the plan. Are you prepared to sustain any other cuts in your budget at this point? Where could they be made if you are? Well, the testimony I gave last week to the senate ~~committee~~ on appropriations stated very clearly that we had constructed here ^{the} ~~an~~ space agency ^{any} organization capable of working with the

United States industry with universities and carrying the
work on at any level approved by the Congress. I stated that
we had a machine that was not like the one critized by President
Eisenhower, one that was a prisoner of the military, industrial
scientific complex that we could operate at any level that public
policy dictated. With the foot on the ~~throttle~~ ^{is} or foot on the
brake and that still my position. We ~~have~~ ^{will} ~~carried~~ ^{CARRY} out the missions
that are authorized, well do it efficiently but without the money we
~~them~~ ^{Q.} simply can't carry on. What would happen if Congress cut additional
billion dollars out of your budget? ^{A.} I think we'd put a great ^{an} ~~deal~~
of the equipment that we need to go forward and test into moth balls
and close down a good many of the installations. ^{Q.} The space program
would stop. ^{A.} Well its going to stop anyway under the present programs.
We have no flights ^{to the planets} ~~for the planners~~ after the two ^{missions} ~~manned~~ flights for
1969. And in the ^{plan} ~~time~~ that I presented to the Senate last week
we will have no manned flights beyond the Apollo system except for
~~one~~ ^{one} manned Apollo workshop, ~~one~~ ^{one} Apollo Telescope ^{Mount} ~~and~~ ^{one} higher
latitude training flight. Only three flights are in the program for
the future to use the Apollo equipment so Manned flight is going to
stop as well as the planetary flight except for the military MOL
system. Now, once we stop we are going to have to plan the
best equipment to start up with again. ^{Q.} Mr. Webb what ~~is~~ ^{THREAT} ~~DOES~~

Soviet Space Technology ^{pose} for the United States
today ^a decade after ^{Sputnik} and what will it in the next
decade? ^{A.} Well first of all the Soviet Space Program
gave them an image of great power, of great ability and technology
^{which} ~~that~~ stimulated ^{their} the whole population their ~~the~~ whole economy
their ~~whole~~ educational system and presented an ^{was} image to
the world ~~of~~ of a nation that ~~was~~ ahead of every body
else in these ~~various~~ very advanced areas which are just more
difficult than other areas of technology. The decade has proven that
while they are still advancing, making great progress, feeding this
back into momentum in technology throughout their country, they are not
in a position to have a ^{monopoly} ~~monopoly~~ and we ~~are~~ are going to be ^{there}
when the big decisions are made. However, the ability to operate
with a new technology ~~and~~ in a new environment has always changed the
balance of power among nations. And they have gained substantially...
From there first mastery of space environment by means of a new
technology. Threat, I do not believe that this is the right word
to use. The total power of the communist system is real ^{threat}
^{threat to the} United States, ^{A.} Not what they do in the air or under the sea
or in space, at least at this stage of the game. We talk about
the space race with Russia, what about space cooperation, can you
foresee a time ^{when a Russian & American} might be in the same capsule?
^{A.} I think that ^{there are many} of cooperation other than just
having Russian and American in a Capsule. The

division of the moon into areas different with our exploring one part and they another is one way you can cooperate without ^Q having ^Q a situation where, if they stop work then the whole project falls. The danger of these cooperative projects is that if you get locked into a situation where one side doesn't fulfill its promises the whole system falls and everything is frustrated. We are seeking always those areas where what we do can call for reciprocal action beneficial to both us on that part. But Cooperation requires someone to tell you their plan and the Russians have not been willing to tell us their plans in space. Indeed they have kept saying we're going to do great things and you'd better look out this is going to put us way ahead, so I think the first requirement for cooperation is a willingness to end this secrecy and say what it is their about, and what they propose to do to work together. General statements... general plans to cooperate do not get you very far. On the other hand we are cooperating with them in the exchange of weather data over a link between Washington and Moscow right now! And we are cooperating with them in many other areas, trying to enlarge the area of cooperation.

Q. What do you think their next big breakthrough will be?

A. I think they will use their present ability to move out as far as the moon, perhaps with a flyby. I think the next big breakthrough will be a very large booster, bigger than the Saturn V and with the payloads that will probably startle the world in the accomplishments that they bring about.

BB/ 10/10/67 EXECUTIVE ② SP/FF/105 FG 105 OS

STATEMENT FOR THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT THE SPACE
TREATY ENTRY INTO FORCE CEREMONY, October 10, 1967

Mr. President, Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen:

We know, Mr. President, how much personal satisfaction you must derive from what we do here today. As Senator you carried the message of the peaceful use of outer space to the United Nations on behalf of President Eisenhower; as Vice President and Chairman of the National Aeronautics and Space Council you pressed vigorously for peaceful cooperation in outer space; as President you strongly supported and followed intently the negotiation of this Space Treaty in which Ambassador Goldberg so ably represented us.

We are happy to have joining with us in signing the Protocol of Deposit the Ambassadors of Australia, Bulgaria, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, Hungary, Japan, Niger, Sierra Leone, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

We are confident that the overwhelming majority of the members of the international community will ratify the Space Treaty, which has been signed by eighty-four countries.

BP/

10/10/67

EXECUTIVE ②
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STATEMENT MADE BY THE BRITISH AMBASSADOR,
SIR PATRICK DEAN, C.C.M.G., ON THE
OCCASION OF THE DEPOSIT IN WASHINGTON
OF THE UNITED KINGDOM INSTRUMENT OF
RATIFICATION OF THE OUTER SPACE TREATY
ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1967 AT 11 a.m.

The first aim of the Treaty is to
ensure international cooperation in the exploration and use of outer space for the benefit and in the interests of all countries.

Every country has always attached a peculiar importance to the rule of law in international affairs.

To have peace in every area is
to have peace in the world. In order to
secure its acceptance, in order to
secure its implementation, international

cooperation shall be

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EXECUTIVE

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 10, 1967

MR. WATSON:

Ambassador Henry Cabot Lodge cannot
attend the Space Treaty Signing this
morning at 11:00 a.m. He is fogbound
in Boston -- everything is grounded.

He asked that his regrets please be
conveyed to the President.

Carol

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concluded to the President.
He asked that the telephone be
in Boston -- everything is handled
starting at 11:00 a.m. He is following
along the same track. He is the
Ambassador Henry Carter. He is

MR. WALTON:

OCTOBER 10, 1967

WASHINGTON
THE WHITE HOUSE

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 9, 1967
8:00 p.m.

MEMORANDUM FOR

GUARDS

FROM

JIM JONES OFFICE

SUBJECT: Outer Space Treaty Signing - 11 A.M. - East Room - October 10

OS
FO9 C0205
PR11 C057
FG105-1 C0113
FG105 C080
FG430 C0265
FG410 C061
FG260 C043
FG115 C0141
IT47 C0303
C038 C0305

The attached lists are categorized by agencies:

- | | |
|--|---------------------------|
| 1. Executive Invitees | (Jim Jones Ofc) |
| 2. Senate Invitees | (Mike Manatos Ofc) |
| 3. House Invitees | (Barefoot Sanders Ofc) |
| 4. NASA Invitees | (James Webb Ofc) |
| 5. Department of Defense Invitees
(Including Joint Chiefs of Staff) | (Col. Ashley -11/76691) |
| 6. Department of State Invitees
(Including U.N. and Diplomatic) | (Mr. Abell 182-4448 or 9) |
| 7. OTHERS | (Jim Jones Ofc) |

(Any questions regarding each list should be referred to those offices in parentheses)

CENTRAL FILES

OCT 10 1967

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EXECUTIVE ATTENDEES

Outer Space Treaty Signing - Tuesday, October 10

11:00 a.m.

- ✓ DREW, Dr. Russell, Office of the President's Science Advisor
- ✓ FOWLER, Secretary Henry
- ✓ HAWORTH, Mr. Leland, Director- National Science Foundation
- ✓ HORNIG, Dr. Donald
- ✓ JOHNSON, Mr. Charles, National Security Council Staff
- ✓ KEENEY, Mr. Spurgeon, National Security Council Staff
- ✓ SEABORG, Dr. Glenn, Chairman Atomic Energy Commission
- ✓ SEITZ, Dr. Frederick, President-National Academy of Sciences
- ✓ UDALL, Secretary Stewart
- ✓ WELSH, Dr. Edward, Executive Secretary, National Aeronautics and Space Council
- ✓ WIRTZ, Secretary Willard

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 9, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR JIM JONES

FROM: Mike Manatos *M.M.*

The following **Senators** will attend the signing ceremony of the Outer Space Treaty at **11:00 a.m.** on Tuesday, October 10 in the East Room of the White House and they will use the Northwest Gate:

Senator Clinton Anderson
Senator Frank Church
Senator Joseph Clark
Senator John Cooper
Senator Howard Cannon
Senator Thomas Dodd
Senator J. W. Fulbright
Senator Bourke Hickenlooper
Senator Frank Lausche
Senator Mike Mansfield
Senator Eugene McCarthy
Senator Claiborne Pell
Senator Charles Percy
Senator John Sparkman
Senator Stephen Young

Others who will be present:

Mr. Carl Marcy-Chief of Staff,
Senate Foreign Relations
Mr. William Bader, Consultant,
Senate Foreign Relations
Mr. James Gehrig, Director,
Senate Aeronautical and Space
Mrs. Eilene Galloway, Special
Consultant, Senate Aero and Space

SIGNING OF OUTER SPACE TREATY
11:00 a.m.
Tuesday, October 10, 1967
East Room, White House

HOUSE INVITEES

ADAIR, E. Ross

ALBERT, Carl

BAER, Wally

BELL, ALPHONZO

BROWN, George E., Jr.

BUCHANAN, John

BULLOCK, Roy J.

~~BURLESON, O.~~

CABELL, Earle

CRAWFORD, Boyd

CULVER, John

DADDARIO, Emilio Q.

DAVIS, John W.

DIGGS, Charles C., Jr.

ECKHARDT, Robert C.

FARBSTEIN, Leonard

FASCELL, Dante B.

FORD, Gerald R.

FRASER, Donald M.

FRELINGHUYSEN, Peter H.B.

FULTON, James G.

FUQUA, Don

GALLAGHER, Cornelius

GREEN, William J.

GROSS, H.R.

HAMILTON, Lee H.

HAYS, Wayne L.

HECHLER, Ken

HUNT, John E.

KARTH, Joseph E.

KELLY, Edna F.

LUKENS, Donald L.

McCORMACK, Speaker John W.

MAHON, George H.

MAILLARD, William S.

MILLER, George P.

MORGAN, Thomas E.

MORSE, F. Bradford

MOSHER, Charles A.

MURPHY, William T.

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O'HARA, Barratt

PELLY, Thomas M.

RIVERS, L. Mendel

ROSENTHAL, Benjamin S.

ROUSH, J. Edward

RUMSFELD, Donald

RYAN, William F.

ROYBAL, Edward R.

SELDEN, Armistead I., Jr.

Thomson, Vernon

TUNNEY, John V.

VANDER JAGT, Guy

WAGGONER, Joseph D., Jr.

WHALLEY, J. IRVING

WINN, LARRY, JR.

WOLFF, Lester L.

WYDLER, John W.

ZABLOCKI, Clement J.

NASA ACCEPTANCES, WHITE HOUSE
OUTER SPACE TREATY CEREMONY,
OCTOBER 10, 1967

Major Edwin E. Aldrin, Jr., Astronaut
Capt. William A. Anders, Astronaut
Dr. Oscar E. Anderson, Director, International Organizations
* Division
Mr. Edmond C. Buckley, Associate Administrator for Tracking
** and Data Acquisition
Dr. John F. Clark, Director, Goddard Space Flight Center
Mr. Paul G. Dembling, General Counsel
Dr. Bernhardt L. Dorman, Assistant Administrator for
Industry Affairs
Mrs. Hugh L. Dryden, 5606 Overlea Road, Sumner, Maryland
Mr. Harold B. Finger, Associate Administrator for
Organization and Management
Mr. Arnold W. Frutkin, Assistant Administrator for
International Affairs
Mr. Leonard Jaffe, Director, Space Applications and
Programs
Mr. Donald R. Morris, Deputy Assistant Administrator for
International Affairs
Dr. George E. Mueller, Associate Administrator for
Manned Space Flight
Dr. Homer E. Newell, Associate Administrator
Mr. Julian Scheer, Assistant Administrator for Public Affairs
Dr. Robert C. Seamans, Jr., Deputy Administrator
Mr. Willis H. Shapley, Associate Deputy Administrator
Gen. Jacob E. Smart, Assistant Administrator for Policy
Analysis
Mr. Francis B. Smith, Assistant Administrator for University
Affairs
Dr. John W. Townsend, Jr., Deputy Director, Goddard
Space Flight Center
Mr. James E. Webb, Administrator

*Mr. John R. Biggs, Executive Secretary
** Mr. S. D. Cianella, Assistant Executive Secretary

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Mr. Dwayne Anderson, Deputy Director for Arms Control, International Security Affairs

Brigadier General Russell A. Berg, USAF, Director of Space Systems
Office of the Secretary of the Air Force

Honorable Harold Brown, Secretary of the Air Force

Captain E. Williams Cole, Jr., Office of the Secretary of the Navy

Major General B. F. Evans, Jr., Special Assistant to the Joint Chiefs
for Arms Control

Honorable John S. Foster, Jr., Director of Defense Research and
Engineering

General Wallace M. Greene, Jr., USMC, Commandant of Marines

Dr. Morton H. Halperin, Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for
International Security Affairs

General B. K. Holloway, USAF, Vice Chief of Staff, Air Force

Honorable Paul Ignatius, Secretary of the Navy

General Harold K. Johnson, USA, Chief of Staff Army, (Acting Chairman,
Joint Chiefs of Staff)

Mr. John E. Kirk, Assistant Director of Defense Research and
Engineering

General J. P. McConnell, USAF, Chief of Staff, Air Force

Colonel Clayton H. Moore, USA, Liaison Officer, Office of the U.S.
Representative Military Committee, NATO

Admiral Thomas Hinman Moorer, Chief of Naval Operations

Honorable Paul H. Nitze, Deputy Secretary of Defense

Lieutenant General B. E. Spivy, Director of the Joint Staff

Major General J. P. Stewart, USAF, Vice Director of the MOL Program,
Office of the Secretary of the Air Force

Captain A. J. Valentine, USN, Office of the Joint Chiefs

Honorable Paul C. Warnke, Assistant Secretary of Defense for
International Security Affairs



DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON

3251
10-9-67
8:20 PM

October 9, 1967

IN REPLY REFER TO:
17122

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. WALT W. ROSTOW
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Outer Space Treaty Signing,
October 10, 1967

Enclosed is a list of persons who have accepted invitations to the treaty signing ceremony, as well as a list of persons who have not yet responded. Any additional information received by the Department with regard to acceptances will be transmitted promptly to your office.


Benjamin H. Read
Executive Secretary

Enclosure:

As stated

ORIGINAL FILED
OCT 13 1967
RECORDED

1967

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. WALT
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Outer Space Treaty Signing
October 10, 1967

Enclosed is a list of persons who have accepted
invitations to the treaty signing ceremony, as well
as a list of persons who have not yet responded. Any
additional information received by the Department will
be transmitted promptly to your office.

Enclosure
Executive Secretary

Enclosure:

is stated

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Chiefs of Diplomatic Missions Who Have Accepted
Invitation to Treaty Signing Ceremony, October 10, 1967, 11 a.m.

(Arranged in the order in which they will
sign the Protocol of Deposit of Ratifications)

BULGARIA

His Excellency
Dr. Luben Guerassimov,
Ambassador E. and P.

NIGER

His Excellency
Adamou Mayaki,
Ambassador E. and P.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

His Excellency
Dr. Karel Duda,
Ambassador E. and P.

HUNGARY

Mr. Sandor Jozan,
Chargé d'Affaires ad interim

FINLAND

His Excellency
Olavi Munkki,
Ambassador E. and P.

SIERRA LEONE

His Excellency
Christopher O. E. Cole, O.B.E.,
Ambassador E. and P.

DENMARK

His Excellency
Torben Ronne,
Ambassador E. and P.

CANADA

His Excellency
A. Edgar Ritchie,
Ambassador E. and P.

JAPAN

Mr. Ryoze Sunobe,
Minister

U.S.S.R.

His Excellency
Anatoliy F. Dobrynin,
Ambassador E. and P.

UNITED KINGDOM

His Excellency
Sir Patrick Dean, G.C.M.G.,
Ambassador E. and P.

UNITED STATES

The Honorable
Dean Rusk,
Secretary of State

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

The Honorable Dean Rusk, Secretary of State

The Honorable Arthur J. Goldberg, Permanent Representative
of the United States to the United Nations

The Honorable Nicholas deB. Katzenbach, Under Secretary of
State

The Honorable Eugene Rostow, Under Secretary of State for
Political Affairs

The Honorable W. Averell Harriman, Ambassador at Large

The Honorable Henry Cabot Lodge, Ambassador at Large
(Will arrive at National Airport at 10:45 a.m. and
proceed directly to the White House)

The Honorable William Foster, Director, Arms Control and
Disarmament Agency

The Honorable Leonard C. Meeker, Legal Adviser

The Honorable Joseph J. Sisco, Assistant Secretary for
International Organization Affairs

The Honorable William B. Macomber, Assistant Secretary
for Congressional Relations

The Honorable James W. Symington, Chief of Protocol

The Honorable Benjamin H. Read, Executive Secretary of the
Department of State

Mr. Walter J. Stoessel, Jr., Acting Assistant Secretary for
European Affairs

Mr. David H. Popper, Deputy Assistant Secretary for International
Organization Affairs

Mr. Carl F. Salans, Deputy Legal Adviser

Mr. Philip J. Farley, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Politico-
Military Affairs

Vice Admiral Andrew McB. Jackson, Military Adviser, United
States Mission to the United Nations

Mr. Peter Thacher, Counselor, United States Mission to the
United Nations

Mr. Herbert Reis, Assistant Legal Adviser

Mr. Sidney Graybeal, Arms Control and Disarmament Agency

Mr. Gerald B. Helman, Office of United Nations Political Affairs

Mr. Robert Packard, Office of International Scientific
and Technological Affairs

Mr. Vladimir Toumanoff, Office of Soviet Affairs

Mr. John S. Leady, Jr., Bureau of Congressional Relations

Mr. Robert Baraz, Bureau of Intelligence and Research

Mr. David H. Small, Office of the Legal Adviser

Mr. Joseph Lorenz, Office of United Nations Political
Affairs

Mr. Stephen Boyd, Office of the Legal Adviser

TO HEAR FROM

The Honorable Joseph Palmer, Assistant Secretary for
African Affairs

The Honorable William B. Buffum, Deputy Permanent Representative of
the United States to the United Nations

UNITED NATIONS

His Excellency Dr. Kurt Waldheim, Permanent Representative
of Austria to the United Nations

Mr. Henry Darwin, Counsellor and Legal Adviser, United
Kingdom Mission to the United Nations

TO HEAR FROM

His Excellency U Thant, Secretary General

Mr. C.A. Stravropoulos, Under Secretary of the United Nations
for Legal Affairs

His Excellency Corneliu Manescu, President of the General
Assembly

Mr. Platon Dmitrievich Morozov, Deputy Permanent Representative
of the U.S.S.R.

Miss Kwen Chen, Office of the Legal Counsel to the United Nations

His Excellency Dr. Gheorghe Diaconescu, Permanent Representative
of Romania to the United Nations

Mr. Aleksei Nesterenko, Under Secretary of the United Nations
for Political and Security Council Affairs

Mr. Geraldo de Carvalho Silos, Deputy Permanent Representative
to the United Nations, Brazilian Mission

Mr. Eugeniusz Wyzner, Deputy Permanent Representative of Poland
to the United Nations

Professor A.S. Piradov, U.S.S.R. Mission to the United Nations

Mr. G.S. Stachevski, U.S.S.R. Mission to the United Nations

Mr. V.V. Aldoshin, U.S.S.R. Mission to the United Nations

Mr. I.I. Cheprov, U.S.S.R. Mission to the United Nations

Mr. I.I. Andreev, U.S.S.R. Mission to the United Nations

Judge Manfred Lachs

OTHERS

Dr. Richard W. Porter, U.S. Representative to the International
Committee on Space Research

ADDITIONS - OUTER SPACE TREATY SIGNING - 11:00 A. M.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10

State Department

~~Joseph Palmer~~

William D. Krimer - Russian Interpreter

Ambassador William C. Trimble

United Nations

Miss Kwen Chen

Dr. Gheorghe Diaconescu

Geraldo De Carvalho Silos

Professor A. S. Piradov

Mr. I. I. Andreev

OTHER INVITEES:

Mr. and Mrs. George Lowrance

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 9, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR: Sherwin J. Markman
The White House

SUBJECT: Changes in the Invitation List for Outer Space
Treaty Ceremony, Tuesday, 11 a.m.

I hope the following changes are the last (hope springs eternal). In any event, I would appreciate your making the following changes in the invitation list and inviting those substituted or added:

1. The Australian Ambassador cannot come (he will be tied up with his Foreign Minister over at the State Department). The Australian Embassy would appreciate our inviting instead:

*State
Dept OK*

Mr. Robert W. Furlonger, Minister

2. John Leddy, Assistant Secretary of State for European Affairs, cannot be here. The State Department would appreciate your inviting in his stead:

State Dept OK

Walter J. Stoessel, Jr.

Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for European Affairs

3. The State Department would appreciate our inviting:

*John
Stodman
OK*

Dr. John S. Foster, Jr.

Director of Defense Research and Engineering
Department of Defense

4. At our request, NASA is making two astronauts available for the ceremony. Their names should be added to the guest list. They are:

Lt. Colonel Edwin Aldrin

(Aldrin will get the Harmon Trophy at the White House later this week. He spent 5-1/2 hours outside his spacecraft late last year.)

Major William Anders (He is one of the Apollo astronauts scheduled for future flights.)

5. I have passed on to Charlie Bevans of the Treaty Division your request that he and those who are assisting him be here by 10 a. m. He will be assisted by Miss Virginia C. Duke and Mrs. Adeline D. Bencsik. I would appreciate someone in your office clearing them to enter the White House.

Nathaniel Davis

...the ...
...the ...
...the ...
...the ...
...the ...

...

...

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CENTRAL FILES

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
THE LEGAL ADVISER

DIPLOMATIC INVITEES WHO HAVE DEPOSITED
RATIFICATIONS OR HAVE INDICATED THEIR
READINESS TO DO SO

(Arranged in the order in which they
will sign the Protocol of Deposit of
Ratifications)

BULGARIA

His Excellency
Dr. Luben Guerassimov,
Ambassador E. and P.

NIGER

His Excellency
Adamou Mayaki,
Ambassador E. and P.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

His Excellency
Dr. Karel Duda,
Ambassador E. and P.

HUNGARY

Mr. Sandor Jozan,
Chargé d'Affaires ad interim

FINLAND

His Excellency
Olavi Munkki,
Ambassador E. and P.

SIERRA LEONE

His Excellency
Christopher O. E. Cole, O.B.E.,
Ambassador E. and P.

DENMARK

His Excellency
Torben Ronne,
Ambassador E. and P.

CANADA

His Excellency
A. Edgar Ritchie,
Ambassador E. and P.

JAPAN

Mr. Ryoze Sunobe,
Minister

AUSTRALIA

Mr. Robert W. Furlonger,
Minister

MEXICO

His Excellency
Hugo B. Margain,
Ambassador E. and P.

U.S.S.R.

His Excellency
Anatoliy F. Dobrynin,
Ambassador E. and P.

UNITED KINGDOM

His Excellency
Sir Patrick Dean, G.C.M.G.,
Ambassador E. and P.

UNITED STATES

The Honorable
Dean Rusk,
Secretary of State

October 9, 1967

12 astronauts

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

PEWS ?

1) ~~Sincerely~~

RECEIVING LINE

Immediately

Charles Bevers carry book
to each country in order

Then before Soviet -

after he sign 3-5 minutes

Then UK

Sir Patrick Dean - 3-5
minutes

Then Rust

sign 3-5 minutes

Then Mr. Rust not near, to
machine

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Roosevelt proclamation to Ros.

Le. Let signs proclamation

Then Le talks

RECEIVED
OCT 17 1941
HONOLULU

WASHINGTON
THE WHITE HOUSE

Then he talked
about eight problems
about preparation to go.

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MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

October 2, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. JAMES JONES

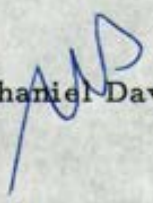
SUBJECT: Proclamation of the Outer Space Treaty

At dinner in New York on September 25, Gromyko proposed October 10 to Secretary Rusk as the date to exchange ratifications of the Outer Space Treaty.

At the Tuesday luncheon on September 26, Under Secretary Katzenbach reported to the President, saying that the Secretary and Ambassador Thompson recommended accepting the Soviet proposal if the British (the third depository power) also agreed. At the luncheon the President decided to have a White House ceremony at 11:00 a.m. on October 10 -- assuming no problem with the British. At the ceremony ratifications would be exchanged and the President would proclaim the treaty.

The British informed us last Friday that they are agreeable to October 10, and we have confirmed our acceptance to the Russians.

The State Department is working on a guest list for the ceremony, which will be ready this afternoon or tomorrow morning at the latest. It will have approximately 250 names (including about 120 Senators and Congressmen concerned with foreign affairs, outer space, etc.).


Nathaniel Davis

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 10, 1967

LIMITED CIRCULATION

MR. LOUGHEED FOR MR. AARON JONES

SUBJECT: Formulation of the Case (page 1 only)

Admitted in New York on September 25, 1967, to proceed
October 10 to Secretary of State and to make arrangements
of the "first phase" treaty.

At the Tuesday luncheon on September 26, 1967, Secretary
of State reported to the President, saying that the Secretary
and Ambassador Thompson recommended accepting the Soviet
proposal for the British (the third condition was not agreed
to the President the President decided to make a "first phase"
agreement with the British. On October 10, 1967, the President
with the British. A preliminary agreement would be exchanged
and the President would accept the treaty.

The British informed us that they were responsible for
October 10, and we have confirmed our acceptance to the President.

The State Department is working on a basis of the Secretary,
which will be ready this afternoon or tomorrow for the President.
It will have approximately 250 pages (including about 100 pages
and the Secretary's comments with foreign officials, other members).

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MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

PARTICIPANTS IN CEREMONY:

The President of the United States

Signers in order:

Dr. Luben Guerassimov, Ambassador of Bulgaria

Adamou Mayaki, Ambassador of Niger

Dr. Karel Duda, Ambassador of Czechoslovakia

Sandor Jozan, charge d'affaires ad interim of Hungary

Olavi Munkki, Ambassador of Finland

Christopher O. E. Cole, Ambassador of Sierra Leone

Torben Ronne, Ambassador of Denmark

A. Edgar Ritchie, Ambassador of Canada

Ryozo Sunobe, minister of Japan

Robert W. Furlonger, minister of Australia

Anatoliy F. Dobrynin, Ambassador of U. S. S. R.

Sir Patrick Dean, Ambassador of U. K.

Dean Rusk, Secretary of State, United States

Leonard Meeker, State department legal advisor, will preside.

Charles Bevans, assistant legal advisor, will pass the Protocol for signing.

October 10, 1967

FOR THE PRESS

PARTICIPANTS IN THE OUTER SPACE
CEREMONY - OCTOBER 10, 1967

The President of the United States

Signers in order;

Dr. Luben Guerassimov, Ambassador of Bulgaria

Adamou Mayaki, Ambassador of Niger

Dr. Karel Duda, Ambassador of Czechoslovakia

Sandor Jozan, Charge d'affaires and Interim of Hungary

Olavi Munkki, Ambassador of Finland

Christopher O. E. Cole, Ambassador of Sierra Leone

Torben Ronne, Ambassador of Denmark

A. Edgar Ritchie, Ambassador of Canada

Ryozo Sunobe, Minister of Japan

Robert W. Furlonger, Minister of Australia

Anatoliy F. Dobrynin, Ambassador of the U.S.S.R.

Sir Patrick Dean, Ambassador of U.K.

Dean Rusk, Secretary of State, United States

Leonard Meeker, State Department Legal Advisor, will preside.

Charles Bevans, Assistant Legal Advisor, will pass the Protocol for signing.

#

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OCT 19 1967
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October 10, 1967

FOR THE PRESS

PARTICIPANTS IN THE OUTER SPACE
CEREMONY - OCTOBER 10, 1967

The President of the United States

Signers in order:

Dr. Ivoan Goetschalov, Ambassador of Bulgaria

Adamou Mayaki, Ambassador of Niger

Dr. Karel Duda, Ambassador of Czechoslovakia

Sandor Jozsa, Charge d'affaires and Interim of Hungary

Olavi Munkki, Ambassador of Finland

Christopher O. E. Cole, Ambassador of Sierra Leone

Torben Ronne, Ambassador of Denmark

A. Edgar Ritchie, Ambassador of Canada

Ryomo Sanohe, Minister of Japan

Robert W. Furlonger, Minister of Australia

Anatoliy F. Dobrynin, Ambassador of the U.S.S.R.

Sir Patrick Dean, Ambassador of U.K.

Dean Rusk, Secretary of State, United States

Leonard Meeker, State Department Legal Advisor, will preside.

Charles Bevans, Assistant Legal Advisor, will pass the Protocol for signing.

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MEMORANDUM

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

9 October 1967

Mr. James Jones
The White House

Pursuant to your request, attached is a list of the Defense personnel who will attend the signing of the Outer Space Treaty at 1100 hours on Tuesday, 10 October, in the East Room of the White House.


Lewis J. Ashley
Colonel, USA
Military Assistant

Attachment

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

Tim Jones

Here are the
inevitable additions,
subtractions and
changes from the
State Dept for
next Tuesday's
ceremony.

You still plan to
send them out
tomorrow? Not Davis

SUPPLEMENTARY GUEST LIST FOR ENTRY INTO FORCE
OF THE OUTER SPACE TREATY
OCTOBER 10, 1967

Jim Symington

DIPLOMATIC INVITEES WHO HAVE DEPOSITED
RATIFICATIONS OR HAVE INDICATED THEIR
READINESS TO DO SO

U.S.S.R.

His Excellency
Anatoliy F. Dobrynin,
Ambassador E. and P.

(F)

UNITED KINGDOM

His Excellency
Sir Patrick Dean, G.C.M.G.,
Ambassador E. and P.

BULGARIA

His Excellency
Dr. Luben Guerassimov,
Ambassador E. and P.

NIGER

His Excellency
Adamou Mayaki,
Ambassador E. and P.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

His Excellency
Dr. Karel Duda,
Ambassador E. and P.

HUNGARY

Mr. Sandor Jozan,
Chargé d'Affaires ad interim

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FINLAND

His Excellency
Olavi Munkki,
Ambassador E. and P.

SIERRA LEONE

His Excellency
Christopher O. E. Cole, O.B.E.,
Ambassador E. and P.

DENMARK

His Excellency
Torben Ronne,
Ambassador E. and P.

CANADA

His Excellency
A. Edgar Ritchie,
Ambassador E. and P.

JAPAN

His Excellency
Ryuji Takeuchi,
Ambassador E. and P.

SUPPLEMENTARY GUEST LIST FOR ENTRY INTO FORCE
OF THE OUTER SPACE TREATY
OCTOBER 10, 1967

add to Stodman

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Brigadier General Russell A. Berg,
U.S.A.F.,
Pentagon

Major General J. P. Stewart,
U.S.A.F.,
Pentagon

CHANGES: (On original list)

*Made corrections
on per lead list*

PAGE 21 (United Nations) :

Delete: Mr. M. A. Vellodi ^{1.}

Add: Mr. Aleksei Nesterenko, Under Secretary of the United Nations
for Political and Security Council Affairs
United Nations Plaza, New York, New York 10017

PAGE 23 (Others):

Add: Judge Manfred Lachs
c/o The United Nations
Thirty-fourth Floor
New York, New York, 10017

SUGGESTED GUEST LIST FOR ENTRY INTO FORCE
OF THE OUTER SPACE TREATY
OCTOBER 10, 1967

Manus

CONGRESSIONAL INVITEES

United States Senate

The Honorable
Mike Mansfield ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Everett McKinley Dirksen ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Russell B. Long ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Thomas H. Kuchel ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
J. W. Fulbright ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
John J. Sparkman ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Wayne Morse ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Albert Gore ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Frank J. Lausche ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Frank Church ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Stuart Symington ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Thomas J. Dodd ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Joseph A. Clark ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Claiborne Pell ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Eugene J. McCarthy ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Bourke B. Hickenlooper ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
George D. Aiken ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Frank Carlson ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
John J. Williams ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Karl E. Mundt ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Clifford P. Case ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
John Sherman Cooper ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Clinton P. Anderson ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Margaret Chase Smith

The Honorable
Richard B. Russell

The Honorable
John Stennis ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
John O. Pastore ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Warren G. Magnuson ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Stephen M. Young

The Honorable
Howard W. Cannon ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Spessard L. Holland ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Carl T. Curtis ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Len B. Jordan ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Edward W. Brooke ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Charles H. Percy ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Walter F. Mondale ~~and Mrs.~~

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Carl Marcy,
Chief of Staff, Committee on Foreign Relations, Senate

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ William Bader,
Consultant, Committee on Foreign Relations, Senate

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ James J. Gehrig,
Director, Committee on Aeronautical and Space Sciences,
Senate

Mrs. Eilene Galloway,
Special Consultant, Committee on Aeronautical and
Space Sciences, Senate

*Sunder*United States House of Representatives

The Honorable
Speaker John W. McCormack ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Carl Albert ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Gerald R. Ford ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Leslie C. Arends ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
L. H. Fountain ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
William S. Broomfield ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Thomas E. Morgan ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Olin E. Teague ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Clement J. Zablocki ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Omar Burleson ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Edna F. Kelly

The Honorable
Wayne L. Hays ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Armistead I. Selden, Jr. ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Barratt O'Hara ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Dante B. Fascell ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Leonard Farbstein

The Honorable
Charles C. Diggs, Jr. ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
William T. Murphy ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Cornelius Gallagher ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Robert C. Nix ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
John S. Monagan ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Donald M. Fraser ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Benjamin S. Rosenthal ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Edward R. Roybal ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
John C. Culver ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Lee H. Hamilton ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
John V. Tunney ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Frances P. Bolton

The Honorable
E. Ross Adair ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
William S. Maillard ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Peter H. B. Frelinghuysen ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
J. Irving Whalley ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
H. R. Gross ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
E. Y. Berry ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Edward J. Derwinski ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
F. Bradford Morse ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Vernon W. Thomson ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Paul Findley ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
John Buchanan ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Robert Taft, Jr. ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
L. Mendel Rivers ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
William H. Bates ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
George P. Miller ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
James G. Fulton

The Honorable
George H. Mahon ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Joseph E. Karth ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Ken Hechler ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Emilio Q. Daddario ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
J. Edward Roush ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
John W. Davis ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
William F. Ryan ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Thomas N. Downing ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Joe D. Waggoner, Jr. ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Don Fuqua and Mrs.

The Honorable
George E. Brown, Jr. ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Lester L. Wolff ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
William J. Green ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Earle Cabell ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Jack Brinkley ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Robert C. Eckhardt ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Charles A. Mosher ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Richard L. Roudebush ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Alphonzo Bell ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Thomas M. Pelly ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Donald Rumsfeld ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Edward J. Gurney ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
John W. Wydler ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Guy Vander Jagt ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Larry Winn, Jr. ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Jerry L. Pettis ~~and Mrs.~~

The Honorable
Donald L. Lukens

The Honorable
John E. Hunt ~~and Mrs.~~

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Boyd Crawford, Staff Administrator,
Committee on Foreign Affairs, House of
Representatives.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Roy J. Bullock, Senior Staff Consultant,
Committee on Foreign Affairs, House of
Representatives

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Charles F. Ducander, Executive Director,
Committee on Science and Astronautics,
House of Representatives

THE SUPREME COURT

~~The~~ Chief Justice ~~and Mrs.~~ Earl Warren

Mr. Justice Hugo L. Black

Mr. Justice William O. Douglas ~~and Mrs. Douglas~~

Mr. Justice John M. Harlan ~~and Mrs. Harlan~~

Mr. Justice William J. Brennan, Jr. ~~and Mrs. Brennan~~

Mr. Justice Potter Stewart ~~and Mrs. Stewart~~

Mr. Justice Byron R. White ~~and Mrs. White~~

Mr. Justice Abe Fortas ~~and Mrs. Fortas~~

Mr. Justice Thurgood Marshall ~~and Mrs. Marshall~~

Pal McKee

EXECUTIVE INVITEES

The Vice President ~~and Mrs.~~ Humphrey

Secretary of the Treasury ~~and Mrs.~~ Henry H. Fowler

Attorney General ~~and Mrs.~~ Ramsey Clark

Postmaster General ~~and Mrs.~~ Lawrence F. O'Brien

Secretary of the Interior ~~and Mrs.~~ Steward L. Udall

Secretary of Agriculture ~~and Mrs.~~ Orville L. Freeman

Secretary of Commerce ~~and Mrs.~~ Alexander F. Trowbridge

Secretary of Labor ~~and Mrs.~~ W. Willard Wirtz

Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare ~~and Mrs.~~ John W. Gardner

Secretary of Housing and Urban Development ~~and Mrs.~~ Robert C. Weaver

Secretary of Transportation ~~and Mrs.~~ Alan S. Boyd

Director of Central Intelligence ~~and Mrs.~~ Richard Helms

Director of the United States Information Agency ~~and Mrs.~~ Leonard H. Marks

Administrator of the Agency for International Development ~~and Mrs.~~ William S. Gaud

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Glenn T. Seaborg, Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Walt W. Rostow, Special Assistant to the President

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Donald F. Hornig, Special Assistant to the President

- Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Edward C. Welsh, Executive Secretary
National Aeronautics and Space Council
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Nathaniel Davis, The President's Office
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Spurgeon Keeney, Staff, National Security
Council
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Charles E. Johnson, Staff, National Security
Council
- Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Nicholas E. Golovin, Office of the President's
Science Adviser
- Mr. Walter D. Sohler, 63 Wall Street, New York, N.Y. 10005
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Leland J. Haworth, Director, National
Science Foundation
- Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Frederick Seitz, President, National
Academy of Sciences

Lead

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Dean Rusk,
Secretary of State.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Arthur J. Goldberg,
Permanent Representative of the
United States to the United Nations.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Nicholas deB. Katzenbach,
Under Secretary of State.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Eugene V. Rostow,
Under Secretary for Political Affairs:

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Foy D. Kohler,
Deputy Under Secretary for
Political Affairs.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ W. Averell Harriman,
Ambassador at Large.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Henry Cabot Lodge,
Ambassador at Large.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ William Foster,
Director, Arms Control and
Disarmament Agency.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Adrian Fisher,
Deputy Director, Arms Control
and Disarmament Agency.

Mr. Leonard C. Meeker,
The Legal Adviser.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Joseph J. Sisco,
Assistant Secretary,
International Organization Affairs.

- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ John Leddy,
Assistant Secretary,
European Affairs.
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ William Bundy,
Assistant Secretary,
East Asian and Pacific Affairs.
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Joseph Palmer,
Assistant Secretary,
African Affairs.
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Lucius D. Battle,
Assistant Secretary,
Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs.
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Covey T. Oliver,
Assistant Secretary,
Inter-American Affairs.
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ William B. Macomber, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary,
Congressional Relations.
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ James W. Symington,
Chief of Protocol.
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Benjamin H. Read,
Executive Secretary of the Department.
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ David H. Popper,
Deputy Assistant Secretary,
International Organization Affairs.
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Carl F. Salans,
Deputy Legal Adviser.
- Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Philip J. Farley,
Deputy Assistant Secretary of State
for Politico-Military Affairs.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Herman Pollack,
Director, International Scientific and
and Technological Affairs.

Ambassador ~~and Mrs.~~ William B. Buffum,
Deputy Permanent Representative of the
United States to the United Nations.

Vice Admiral ~~and Mrs.~~ Andrew McB. Jackson,
Military Adviser, United States Mission
to the United Nations.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Peter Thacher,
Counselor, United States Mission
to the United Nations,
799 United Nations Plaza,
New York City, N.Y. 10017

Miss Elizabeth A. Brown,
Director, Office of United Nations
Political Affairs.

Mr. Herbert Reis,
Assistant Legal Adviser.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Sidney Graybeal,
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Gerald B. Helman,
Office of United Nations Political Affairs.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Robert Packard,
Office of International Scientific
and Technological Affairs.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Vladimir Toumanoff,
Office of Soviet Affairs.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Raymond L. Garthoff,
Special Assistant for Soviet Bloc
Politico-Military Affairs.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ John S. Leahy, Jr.,
Bureau of Congressional Relations.

Mr. Robert Baraz,
Bureau of Intelligence and Research,
Department of State.

Mr. David H. Small,
Office of the Legal Adviser,
Department of State.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Joseph Lorenz,
Office of United Nations Political Affairs.

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Stephen Boyd,
Office of the Legal Adviser,
Department of State.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

(Other than Joint Chiefs)

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Robert S. McNamara, Secretary of Defense

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Paul H. Nitze, Deputy Secretary of Defense

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Stanley R. Resor, Secretary of the Army

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Harold Brown, Secretary of the Air Force

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Paul Ignatius, Secretary of the Navy

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Paul C. Warnke, Assistant Secretary of Defense
for International Security Affairs.

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Morton H. Halperin, Acting Deputy Assistant
Secretary for International Security Affairs.

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Finn J. Larsen, Deputy Director, Office
of Defense Research and Engineering

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Daniel J. Fink, Deputy Director of Defense,
Research and Engineering

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Albert Weinstein, Office of Defense Research
and Engineering (Space Systems)

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Jack L. Stempler, Assistant to the Secretary
for Legislative Affairs

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Dwayne Anderson, Deputy Director for Arms
Control, International Security Affairs

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ John E. Kirk, Assistant Director of Defense
Research and Engineering

Capt. ~~and Mrs.~~ E. Williams Cole, Jr., Office of the
Secretary of the Navy

Dr. Foster

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

General ~~and Mrs.~~ Earle G. Wheeler, USA, Chairman *N*

General ~~and Mrs.~~ Harold K. Johnson, USA, Chief of Staff *N*
Army

General ~~and Mrs.~~ J. P. McConnell, USAF, Chief of Staff, *N*
Air Force
Vice

General ~~and Mrs.~~ Wallace M. Greene, Jr., USMC, Commandant
of Marines

Admiral ~~and Mrs.~~ Thomas Hinman Moorer,
Chief of Naval Operations

Lt. General ~~and Mrs.~~ B. E. Spivy
Director of the Joint Staff

Maj. Gen. ~~and Mrs.~~ B. F. Evans, Jr., _____, Special
Assistant to the Joint Chiefs for Arms Control

Lt. General ~~and Mrs.~~ George S. Brown, Assistant to the
Joint Chiefs

Captain ~~and Mrs.~~ A. J. Valentine, USN, Office of the
Joint Chiefs

~~Admiral ~~and Mrs.~~ William S. Ward, USN, United States~~
Representative to the NATO Military Committee

Col.

Brig. Gen. Berg-
maj. Gen. Stewart-

Webb

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ James Webb, Administrator

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Robert C. Seamans, Jr., Deputy Administrator

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Willis H. Shapley, Associate Deputy Administrator

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Mac C. Adams, Associate Administrator for
Advanced Research and Technology

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Edmond C. Buckley, Associate Administrator for
Tracking and Data Acquisition

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Harold B. Finger, Associate Administrator for
Organization and Management

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Charles W. Mathews, Director of Saturn/Appollo
Applications

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ George E. Mueller, Associate Administrator for
Manned Space Flight

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Homer E. Newell, Associate Administrator for
Space Science Applications

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Arnold W. Frutkin, Assistant Administrator
for International Affairs

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Paul G. Dembling, General Counsel

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Donald R. Morris, Deputy Assistant Administrator
for International Affairs

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ O. Edward Anderson, Director, International
Organizations Division

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Leonard Jaffee, Director, Space Applications
and Programs, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ John F. Clark, Director, Goddard Space Flight Center

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ John W. Townsend, Jr., Deputy Director,
Goddard Space Flight Center

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Robert J. Allnutt, Assistant Administrator
for Legislative Affairs

Gen. ~~and Mrs.~~ Jacob E. Smart, Assistant Administrator
for Policy Analysis

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Julius Scheer, Assistant Administrator
for Public Affairs

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Richard L. Leshner, Assistant Administrator
for Technology Utilization

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ B. L. Dorman, Assistant Administrator
for Industry Affairs

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Francis Smith, Assistant Administrator
for University Affairs

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Demarquis D. Wyatt, Assistant Administrator
for Program Plans and Analysis

Adm. ~~and Mrs.~~ W. Fred Boone, Assistant Administrator
for Defense Affairs

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Bernard Moritz, Assistant Administrator
for Contracts, Negotiations and Review

Mrs. Hugh L. Dryden, 5606 Overlea Road, Sumner, Maryland

N.B. NASA WILL LET US KNOW WHETHER THEY THINK THAT A FEW
OF THE ASTRONAUTS SHOULD ATTEND. THE CONTACT POINT IS
DR. O. E. ANDERSON OF NASA, CODE 13 EXT. 22281

UNITED NATIONS

His Excellency U Thant ~~and Mrs. Thant~~, Secretary-General of the United Nations, New York, N.Y. 10017

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Ralph J. Bunche, Under Secretary of the United Nations for Special Political Affairs, United Nations Plaza, New York City, New York 10017

Mr. C. A. Stravropoulos, Under Secretary of the United Nations for Legal Affairs, United Nations Plaza, New York City, New York 10017

His Excellency Corneliu Manescu, President of the General Assembly of the United Nations, New York, N.Y. 10017

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Platon Dmitrievich Morozov, Deputy Permanent Representative of the U.S.S.R. to the United Nations, 136 E. 67th Street, New York, N.Y. 10021

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ M. A. Vellodi, Director of the Office of the Under Secretary of the United Nations, United Nations Plaza, New York City, New York 10017

Miss Kwen Chen, Office of the Legal Counsel to the United Nations, New York, N.Y. 10017

His Excellency Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Kurt Waldheim, Permanent Representative to the United Nations, Austrian Mission to the United Nations, 14 East 68th Street, New York City, New York 10021

His Excellency Professor ~~and Mrs.~~ Gheorghe Diaconescu, Permanent Representative to the United Nations, Mission of the Socialist Republic of Romania, 60 East 93rd Street, New York City, New York 10028

Mr. Geraldo de Carvalho Silos, Deputy Permanent Representative to the United Nations, Brazilian Mission, 605 Third Avenue, 16th Floor, New York City, New York 10016

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Eugeniusz Wyzner, Deputy Permanent Representative of Poland to the United Nations, 9 E. 66th Street, New York, N.Y. 10021

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Henry Darwin, Counsellor and Legal Adviser, United Kingdom Mission to the United Nations 845 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022

Professor A. S. Piradov, U.S.S.R. Mission to the United Nations, 136 E. 67th Street, New York, N.Y. 10021

Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ G. S. Stachevski, U.S.S.R. Mission to the United Nations, 136 E. 67th Street, New York, N.Y. 10021

Mr. V. V. Aldoshin, U.S.S.R. Mission to the United Nations, 136 E. 67th Street, New York, N.Y. 10021

Mr. I. I. Cheprov, U.S.S.R. Mission to the United Nations 136 E. 67th Street, New York, N.Y. 10021

Mr. I. I. Andreev, U.S.S.R. Mission to the United Nations 136 E. 67th Street, N.Y. 10021

OTHERS

Professor ~~and Mrs.~~ Myres S. McDougal, Yale Law School,
New Haven, Connecticut

Professor ~~and Mrs.~~ Leon S. Lipson, Yale Law School,
New Haven, Connecticut

Professor ~~and Mrs.~~ Howard J. Taubenfeld, Southern Methodist
University Law School, Dallas, Texas

Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Richard W. Porter, U.S. Representative to
the International Committee on Space Research,
c/o General Electric Corporation
(~~address forthcoming~~)
570 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

October 7, 1967

TO: Jim Jones

FROM: Nathaniel Davis *MS*

Attached are three supplemental
names of participants invited to the Outer
Space Treaty ceremony on Tuesday, 11 a.m.

*to be
Send to Symington*

ADDITIONAL DIPLOMATIC INVITEES (Supplemental List)

AUSTRALIA

His Excellency
John Keith Waller, C.B.E.
Ambassador E. and P.

MEXICO

His Excellency
Hugo B. Margain
Ambassador E. and P.

JAPAN

Charge d'Affaires Mr. Ryoza Sunobi

Gray Able

October 6, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR AMB. JIM SYMINGTON

The President is planning to sign the Outer Space Treaty at 11:00 a.m. Tuesday, October 10 in the East Room of the White House.

Attached are the Diplomatic invitees. Will you issue the invitations to the attached list and let me have an alphabetical list of acceptances by Monday evening, October 9?

They should enter at the Northwest Gate of the White House a few minutes before 11:00 a.m.

James R. Jones

Attachment

JRJ:djb

RECEIVED
OCT 12 1967
DEPT. OF STATE

October 6, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR BEN READ:

The President is planning to sign the Outer Space Treaty at 11:00 a.m. Tuesday, October 10 in the East Room of the White House.

Attached are suggested guest lists of invitees from the Department of State and the United Nations. Will you issue the invitations to the attached lists and let me have an alphabetical list of acceptances by Monday evening, October 9?

They should enter at the Northwest Gate of the White House a few minutes before 11:00 a.m.

James R. Jones

Attachment

JRJ:djb

October 8, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR MIKE MANATOS:

The President is planning to sign the Outer Space Treaty at 11:00 a.m. Tuesday, October 10 in the East Room of the White House.

Attached is a list of Senate invitees.

Will you please issue the invitations and let me have an alphabetical list of those who will attend ?

They should enter at the Northwest Gate of the White House a few minutes before 11:00 a.m.

James R. Jones

Attachment

JRJ:djb

October 6, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR BAREFOOT SANDERS:

The President is planning to sign the Outer Space Treaty at 11:00 a.m. Tuesday, October 10 in the East Room of the White House.

Attached is a list of House invitees.

Will you please issue the invitations and let me have an alphabetical list of those who will attend?

They should enter at the Northwest Gate of the White House a few minutes before 11:00 a.m.

James R. Jones

Attachment

JRJ:djb

October 3, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR JAMES WEBB

The President is planning to sign the Outer Space Treaty at 11:00 a.m. Tuesday, October 10 in the East Room of the White House.

Attached are suggested invitees from NASA. Will you issue the invitations to the attached list and let me have an alphabetical list of acceptances by Monday evening, October 9?

They should enter at the Northwest Gate of the White House a few minutes before 11:00 a.m.

James R. Jones

Attachment

JRJ:djb

October 3, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR JOHN STEADMAN:

The President is planning to sign the Outer Space Treaty at 11:00 a.m. Tuesday, October 10 in the East Room of the White House.

Attached are suggested invitees from Department of Defense. Will you issue the invitations to the attached list and let me have an alphabetical list of acceptances by Monday evening, October 9?

They should enter at the Northwest Gate of the White House a few minutes before 11:00 a.m.

James R. Jones

Attachment

JRJ:djb

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 6, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR

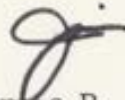
~~PAT McKEE~~

Donna & Sally

The President is planning to sign the Outer Space Treaty at 11:00 a.m. Tuesday, October 10 in the East Room of the White House.

Attached are the Executive invitees. Will you issue the invitations to the attached list and let me have an alphabetical list of acceptances by Monday evening, October 9?

They should enter at the Northwest Gate of the White House a few minutes before 11:00 a.m.



James R. Jones

Attachment

THE SUPREME COURT

The Chief Justice and ~~Mrs.~~ Earl Warren

*Mrs. McHugh said
court in session - regret on
all*

Mr. Justice Hugo L. Black

Mr. Justice William O. Douglas and ~~Mrs. Douglas~~

Mr. Justice John M. Harlan and ~~Mrs. Harlan~~

Mr. Justice William J. Brennan, Jr. and ~~Mrs. Brennan~~

Mr. Justice Potter Stewart and ~~Mrs. Stewart~~

Mr. Justice Byron R. White and ~~Mrs. White~~

Mr. Justice Abe Fortas and ~~Mrs. Fortas~~

Mr. Justice Thurgood Marshall and ~~Mrs. Marshall~~

THE SUPREME COURT

The Chief Justice and the Justices of the Supreme Court are the highest judges in the land. They are the final authority on the law.

Mr. Justice Brandeis

Mr. Justice William O. Douglas

Mr. Justice John M. Harlan

Mr. Justice William J. Brennan, Jr.

Mr. Justice Charles E. Whittaker

Mr. Justice Byron R. White

Mr. Justice Abe Fortas

Mr. Justice Thomas M. Swann

EXECUTIVE INVITEES

- Pat McKee*
- ~~NO~~ The Vice President ~~William~~ Humphrey *wcB*
- Yes* Secretary of the Treasury ~~Robert~~ Henry H. Fowler *Miss Porton wcB*
- ~~NO~~ Attorney General ~~William~~ Ramsey Clark *Miss Sarah wcB*
- ~~NO~~ Postmaster General ~~William~~ Lawrence F. O'Brien *Phillis - out of town in Gumbo Rice*
- Yes* Secretary of the Interior ~~William~~ Steward L. Udall *Miss Lewis - wcB*
- ~~NO~~ Secretary of Agriculture ~~William~~ Orville L. Freeman *Miss [unclear] Warren - wcB*
- NO* Secretary of Commerce ~~William~~ Alexander F. Trowbridge *Vickie - wcB*
- Yes* Secretary of Labor ~~William~~ W. Willard Wirtz *Karen Reynolds -*
- Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare ~~William~~ John W. Gardner *Debra Waters wcB*
- ~~NO~~ Secretary of Housing and Urban Development ~~William~~ Robert C. Weaver *Miss Boen wcB*
- Secretary of Transportation ~~William~~ Alan S. Boyd *Mr. Melville wcB*
- ~~NO~~ Director of Central Intelligence ~~William~~ Richard Helms *Nancy [unclear] Mr. Durnaven will be in New York*
- ~~NO~~ Director of the United States Information Agency ~~William~~ Leonard H. Marks *Nancy will be in Europe*
- N* - Administrator of the Agency for International Development ~~William~~ William S. Gaud *Peggy - wcB*
- Yes* - Dr. and Mrs. Glenn T. Seaborg, Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission *Cathy - wcB*
- Mr. ~~William~~ Walt W. Rostow, Special Assistant to the President *Low - wcB*
- Yes* Mr. and Mrs. Donald F. Hornig, Special Assistant to the President *Hooknare - wcB*

- ~~YES~~ ³³⁰⁰ Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Edward C. Welsh, Executive Secretary *Wona*
National Aeronautics and Space Council
- 4988 Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Nathaniel Davis, The President's Office *Mr Dwyer-wcb*
- ~~4985~~ ~~YES~~ Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Spurgeon Keeney, Staff, National Security *Mrs. Jenkins*
Council *wcb*
- ~~YES~~ Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Charles E. Johnson, Staff, National Security
Council *wcb*
- ~~NO~~ ~~YES~~ Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Nicholas E. Golovin, Office of the President's
Science Adviser *out of the country till (Asst Dr. Drew Russell. Yes)*
Ellen
- 76 Mr. Walter D. Sohler, 63 Wall Street, New York, N.Y. 10005
- ~~YES~~ ~~YES~~ Mr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Leland J. Haworth, Director, National
Science Foundation
- ~~YES~~ ~~YES~~ Dr. ~~and Mrs.~~ Frederick Seitz, President, National
Academy of Sciences *Engles - wcb*

EXECUTIVE INVITEES

~~Vice President Humphrey~~

Dr. Russell Drew, Office of the President's Science Advisor

Secretary Henry Fowler

Mr. Leland Haworth, Director National Science Foundation

Dr. Donald Hornig

Mr. Charles Johnson, National Security Council Staff

Mr. Spurgeon Keeney, National Security Council Staff

Dr. Genn Seaborg, Chairman AEC

Dr. Frederick Seitz, President, National Academy of Sciences

Secretary Stewart Udall

Dr. Edward Welsh, Executive Secretary, National Aeronautics and Space Council

Secretary Willard Wirtz

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 6, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR MIKE MANATOS:

The President is planning to sign the Outer Space Treaty at 11:00 a.m. Tuesday, October 10 in the East Room of the White House.

Attached is a list of Senate invitees.

Will you please issue the invitations and let me have an alphabetical list of those who will attend ?

N.W.

They should enter at the Northwest Gate of the White House a few minutes before 11:00 a.m.

10:45



James R. Jones

Attachment

OK
Make calls

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 3, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TAVEL

The President is planning to visit the White House
Tuesday at 1:00 p.m. Tuesday, October 3, in the
East Room of the White House.

Attached is a list of names of persons.

Will you please advise the White House and let me
know as soon as possible if any of these names will attend?

They should arrive at the White House at 11:00 a.m.
Please advise me by return mail.

James S. Jones

Attachment

RECEIVED
OCT 11 1967
WHITE HOUSE

3:30

252 Names

SUGGESTED GUEST LIST FOR ENTRY INTO FORCE
OF THE OUTER SPACE TREATY
OCTOBER 10, 1967

Mamters

40 names

CONGRESSIONAL INVITEES

United States Senate

→ *J.P. Connor called*

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----|--|-----------|
| <i>yes will try</i> | 1 | The Honorable
Mike Mansfield and Mrs. 2644 - <i>Mary Jane</i> | <i>XM</i> |
| <i>No Atlantic City</i> | 2 | The Honorable
Everett McKinley Dirksen and Mrs. 3135 <i>glad</i> <i>regret</i> <i>Atlantic City</i> | <i>XD</i> |
| <i>No</i> | 3 | The Honorable <i>below</i>
Russell B. Long and Mrs. <i>Finance Committee</i> <i>Betty</i> | |
| <i>will call if he can</i> <i>No</i> | 4 | The Honorable
Thomas H. Kuchel and Mrs. <i>Richard</i> <i>2708</i> <i>Miss Johnson</i> <i>in Clara</i> | <i>XF</i> |
| <i>yes</i> | 5 | The Honorable
J. W. Fulbright and Mrs. <i>will let me know</i> | <i>XS</i> |
| <i>yes</i> | 6 | The Honorable
John J. Sparkman and Mrs. | |
| <i>No</i> | 7 | The Honorable
Wayne Morse and Mrs. <i>W.B. Chairman</i> <i>Education '66</i> | |
| <i>No</i> | 8 | The Honorable
Albert Gore and Mrs. <i>Don Lynch</i> <i>No Jamin. Speech</i> | |
| <i>yes</i> | 9 | The Honorable
Frank J. Lausche and Mrs. <i>Penny</i> <i>sec.</i> | <i>XL</i> |
| <i>yes</i> | 10 | The Honorable
Frank Church and Mrs. | <i>XC</i> |
| <i>No</i> | 11 | The Honorable
Stuart Symington and Mrs. <i>Virginia</i> <i>Lord</i> | |
| <i>yes</i> | 12 | The Honorable
Thomas J. Dodd and Mrs. <i>Sottie</i> | <i>XD</i> |

church
black
corner

- YES 13 The Honorable Joseph A. Clark and Mrs. Blaine XC
- YES 14 The Honorable Claiborne Pell and Mrs. John F. XP
- YES 15 The Honorable Eugene J. McCarthy and Mrs. } Jan Stoll
arrive late Mon. XM
- YES 16 The Honorable Bourke B. Hickenlooper and Mrs. Donnelly (OK) XH
- NO 17 The Honorable George D. Aiken and Mrs. Ellie 4294
- NO 18 The Honorable Frank Carlson and Mrs. Ada will let me know Mon.
- NO 19 The Honorable John J. Williams and Mrs. Mr. Clark
- NO 20 The Honorable Karl E. Mundt and Mrs. appt as Van Beek
- NO 21 The Honorable Clifford P. Case and Mrs. Miss Fucci
- YES 22 The Honorable John Sherman Cooper and Mrs. Martin XC
- YES 23 The Honorable Clinton P. Anderson and Mrs. Eloise 6621 XIA X
- NO 24 The Honorable Margaret Chase Smith Mary
- NO 25 out of town The Honorable Richard B. Russell Jordan out of town -
- NO 26 The Honorable John Stennis and Mrs. OK

Steve

No ✓ The Honorable

John O. Pastore and ~~Mrs.~~ - *not*

No ✓ The Honorable

Warren G. Magnuson and ~~Mrs.~~ - *not*

arrives late
2:30 ✓ The Honorable

Stephen M. Young - *not*

Yes ✓ The Honorable

Howard W. Cannon and ~~Mrs.~~ - *not*

No ✓ The Honorable

Spessard L. Holland and ~~Mrs.~~ - *not* *NO*

lunch 1 PM ✓ The Honorable

Carl T. Curtis and ~~Mrs.~~ - *not* *Mark lunch at 1 PM.*

No ✓ The Honorable

Len B. Jordan and ~~Mrs.~~ - *not*

No ✓ The Honorable

Edward W. Brooke and ~~Mrs.~~ - *not*

Yes ✓ The Honorable

Charles H. Percy and ~~Mrs.~~ - *not*

No ✓ The Honorable *Mike Brennan*

Walter F. Mondale and ~~Mrs.~~ - *not*

yes ✓ Mr. and ~~Mrs.~~ Carl Marcy, - 4615

Chief of Staff, Committee on Foreign Relations, Senate

yes ✓ Mr. and ~~Mrs.~~ William Bader,

Consultant, Committee on Foreign Relations, Senate

yes ✓ Mr. and ~~Mrs.~~ James J. Gehrig,

6477. Director, Committee on Aeronautical and Space Sciences, Senate

yes ✓ Mrs. Eilene Galloway,

Special Consultant, Committee on Aeronautical and Space Sciences, Senate

4
XC

XP

11-APK

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 6, 1967

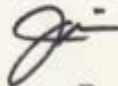
MEMORANDUM FOR BAREFOOT SANDERS:

The President is planning to sign the Outer Space Treaty at 11:00 a.m. Tuesday, October 10 in the East Room of the White House.

Attached is a list of House invitees.

Will you please issue the invitations and let me have an alphabetical list of those who will attend?

They should enter at the Northwest Gate of the White House a few minutes before 11:00 a.m.



James R. Jones

Attachment



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE

OS
FH 11-4

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

October 6, 1967
10:15 A. M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Saturn V/Apollo. Launch of the first unmanned Apollo spacecraft aboard a Saturn V vehicle will be delayed from the week of October 22 until early in November. The slippage is the result of problems with testing equipment at the Cape Kennedy launch complex.
2. Launch. The Soviet Union successfully launched another Molniya I communication satellite into a highly elliptical 12-hour orbit on October 3.
3. Surveyor. Data from NASA's Surveyor V spacecraft, soft-landed on the Moon September 10, indicate that the lunar surface material analyzed through a radiation device resembles common terrestrial surface material with a basaltic composition.
4. INTELSAT. The latest INTELSAT II communication satellite, launched on September 27, was successfully injected into a synchronous orbit on September 30. Operational use of the satellite for the Pacific area is expected to begin in mid-November.
5. Congress.
 - a. The Senate Appropriations Committee on October 3 approved funds for NASA totaling \$4,678,900,000. This is an increase of \$95.5 million over the amount voted by the House. The Committee recommended increases in Apollo Applications, Voyager, the nuclear rocket, tracking and data acquisition, and Nuclear Rocket Development Station programs. Senate floor action is due today.
 - b. The Senate approved funding of \$142.3 million for the SST on October 5 by a vote of 54-19.
6. Langley Birthday. NASA's Langley Research Center is celebrating its 50th Anniversary this week with a series of briefings and displays on the Center's role in aerospace research. Messages from the President and from the Vice President, and a Congressional Resolution, were featured.

7. X-15 Sets Record. Air Force pilot Major William J. Knight set a record speed of 4,534 miles per hour -- nearly seven times the speed of sound -- in an X-15 rocket plane on October 3.

8. Spaceflight Safety. NASA has appointed a three-man interim working group to review its safety procedures and to prepare a plan for establishing an Aerospace Safety Advisory Board as called for in the FY 1968 Appropriations bill.

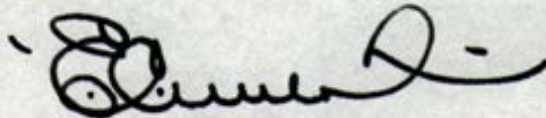
9. Space Treaty. Joint ratification ceremonies for the Treaty on Peaceful Uses of Outer Space will be held on October 10 in the White House, as well as in London and Moscow.

10. Weather. U.S. weather satellites tracked two hurricanes in the Atlantic and a tropical storm in the Pacific. Warnings were issued.

11. Fatality. Clifton C. Williams, Jr., a Major in the U.S. Marine Corps, was killed in a crash of a T-38 jet trainer near Tallahassee, Florida, October 5. He joined the astronaut team in 1963 and was a backup pilot for Gemini 10.

12. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(October 6)

	U. S.		USSR	
	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>
Earth Orbit	74	65	32	47
Escape	4	8	3	1



E. C. Welsh

1967 OCT 9 PM 11 12

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OCT 10 1967
THE WHITE HOUSE
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1. Y-12 Staff Records. At Fort Belvoir, William J. ...
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2. Specialist's Report. WADA has appointed ...
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3. Space Travel. Joint ...
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4. Research. U.S. ...
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5. Research. ...
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Space ...
(October 5)

U.S.		USSR	
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THE WHITE HOUSE



NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20546

EXECUTIVE ①

OS

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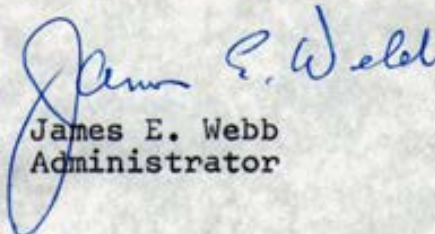
OCT - 6 1967

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

MEMORANDUM FOR Mr. James R. Jones
The White House
Washington, D.C.

I am pleased to accept on behalf of my colleagues at NASA the invitation to attend the Outer Space Treaty ceremony at the White House on Tuesday, October 10.

I am enclosing the alphabetical list of acceptances you requested in your memorandum of October 6.


James E. Webb
Administrator

Enclosure
As stated



32

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

September 29, 1967
10:30 A. M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Launches.

H a. The DOD successfully launched a navigation satellite using a Scout launch vehicle from the Western Test Range on September 25. This provides a 3 satellite system for military and civilian use.

b. A new INTELSAT satellite, jointly owned by 58 nations and managed by the ComSat Corporation, was launched by a Delta rocket on September 27 to double the capacity of the present trans-Pacific satellite communications system.

c. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 179 into a low altitude orbit on September 19 and Cosmos 180 on September 26 into a low altitude orbit from which the spacecraft is normally recovered after 8 days.

2. Pending Launches.

a. NASA will launch a radio research satellite not earlier than October 3 from Wallops Island using a Scout launch vehicle.

b. The huge Saturn V/Apollo is expected to be launched by NASA during the week of October 22.

3. Congress.

a. The Senate Independent Offices Appropriations Subcommittee reviewed the NASA appropriation request September 28. The Committee seemed to favor restoring funds selectively in the NASA program. Likely candidates for restoration are nuclear rockets, tracking, and Apollo Applications.

b. The Senate Appropriations Committee approved funds of \$142 million for the SST on September 27 after rejecting by a vote of 13 to 2 an effort to eliminate these funds completely. The Committee also added \$60 million to the FAA budget for air traffic control improvements.

4. Surveyor.

a. The first chemical analysis of the lunar surface, performed by Surveyor V's radiation device, gave significant data about the surface.

b. Surveyor V was shut down September 24 for the two week long lunar night after televising 18,006 pictures.

5. Storm Activity. Reports reaching the Weather Bureau indicate increasing utilization of automatic picture transmission from weather satellites by over 300 ground stations in 45 countries. In the U.S., 12 TV stations are operating their own equipment to obtain such pictures directly from the satellites for use in weather broadcasts. This is in addition to regular TV network utilization of photographs released daily by ESSA.

6. Spinoff. A prominent aerospace concern has developed a highly nutritious chemical food substitute as a by-product of its research into rocket propellants. After two years of investigation, experimental commercial development has begun.

7. Soviet Report. Professor Sedov of the Soviet Academy of Sciences said in Belgrade that the Soviet Union does not plan any spectacular space shots in the months to come, either for the 10th anniversary of the first Sputnik in October or the 50th anniversary of the Soviet Revolution in November.

8. Technology Utilization. Both DOD and AEC have advised the Senate Small Business Committee on Science and Technology of their plans to expand civilian utilization of technology developed through their research and development activities. This would supplement technical information now being furnished to industry by NASA.

9. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(September 29)

	U.S.		USSR	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
Earth Orbit	71	65	32	46
Escape	4	8	3	1


E. C. Welsh

1967 SEP 29 PM 12 07

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File Memo
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ND 19/CO 312

Box no. 1047 containing the following material sent to Central Files on the above date by Mr. Gaither's office. Correspondence dated 1966.

1. Loose leaf binder - miscellaneous material mostly on legislation
2. Report to Congress - U.S. Aeronautics & Space Activities
3. Booklets (2)
 1. Long Run Objectives in Unemployment Insurance
 2. Income Maintenance for the Disabled
4. Loose leaf binder - D.C. Government Organization
5. Loose Leaf binder Bill S. 3580 - Vietnam Era Veterans Bill



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE
05
FBI-4

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

September 22, 1967
10:20 A. M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Pending Launches.

a. NASA will launch an INTELSAT payload for the ComSat Corporation on September 27 from Cape Kennedy using a Thor-Delta launch vehicle. This satellite will be stationed over the Pacific.

b. There is considerable speculation and uncertainty as to what spectacular space activity will be undertaken by the USSR on the occasion of the 50th anniversary of the Communist Revolution.

2. Launches.

a. The DOD successfully launched two military satellites from the Western Test Range, one on September 15 and the other on September 19, using a Thor-Agena and a Titan IIIB launch vehicle, respectively.

b. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 177 on September 16 into a low altitude orbit from which the spacecraft is normally recovered in eight days. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 178 into a low altitude orbit on September 19.

3. Congress.

a. The Independent Offices Appropriations bill, including the requested funds for the National Aeronautics and Space Council, was passed by the Senate 77 to 65. NASA funds will be handled separately.

b. The U.S. aerospace industry has estimated that action to prohibit Export-Import Bank financing and credit guaranties to any nation trading with North Vietnam would cost at least \$3 billion between now and 1970 in reduced U.S. aerospace sales abroad.

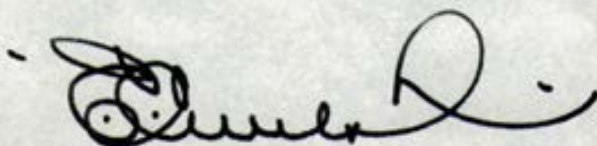
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SEP 26 1967
FBI-4

4. Soviet Venus Probe. The Soviet Union announced that their Venus-4 spacecraft will encounter the planet on October 18, which is one day before the U.S. Mariner 1967 spacecraft will pass Venus. Appearance of a Soviet statement at this time suggests the Soviets have high confidence that they will experience their first planetary success.
5. Voyager. NASA this week publicly requested proposals from the Scientific Community to conduct experiments for the Voyager Mars program. Although funding authority for a 1973 mission has been withheld by Congress, NASA still plans to evaluate the proposals and to select scientists for possible participation in the program.
6. Domestic ComSat. The Ford Foundation has asked the FCC to withhold approval of ComSat Corporation's proposed pilot plan for a domestic communication satellite system. ComSat Corporation has responded that the Foundation's effort to delay experience from the proposed pilot program is not persuasive and hinders needed progress.
7. Italy. NASA and the Italian Space Commission are considering further joint use of the San Marco sea launch platform located off the Kenya coast.
8. Aeronautics.
 - a. The President has asked the Transportation Department to develop a comprehensive plan for improving the air traffic control system in light of the rapid increase in air transport.
 - b. NASA has scheduled the high-speed flight of the X-15 for September 25. The flight plan calls for rocket-powered aircraft to achieve record speed of approximately 4,500 mph.
9. Weather. As seasonal storm activity reached a new intensity, U.S. weather satellites have tracked more than a dozen hurricanes and typhoons in the Northern Hemisphere. Advance warnings minimized loss of life.
10. Aerospace Growth. Employment in the aerospace industry reached a record high of 1,390,000 in June 1967 and is expected to grow to 1,409,000 by March 1968. The rise in employment is due largely to increased production of civilian transports and such programs as water desalination, air and water pollution control, waste management, oceanographic research, and communications systems and equipment.

11. Education Support. Since 1958, NASA has provided over one-half billion dollars to 152 U.S. educational institutions for student training, fellowships, laboratory construction, and research grants.

12. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(September 22)

	U.S.		USSR	
	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>
Earth Orbit	70	63	32	44
Escape	4	8	3	1



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SEP 26 55 PM 11 44

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1. Education Report. Since 1955, there has been a steady increase in the number of students attending the various institutions of higher learning, and research work.

2. Social and Economic Conditions. (Continued)

1955		1956	
100	100	100	100
100	100	100	100

[Signature]
J. F. Wilson

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THE WHITE HOUSE
1967 SEP 22 AM 11 44

September 22, 1967

EXECUTIVE

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FG 2.60

PL/ST 36

PU 2-2/30*

OS

FCI

Dear Jim:

Thank you for the clippings of your Tulsa talk. As usual, it made good reading and good sense.

Sincerely,



*

Honorable James E. Webb
Administrator
National Aeronautics and
Space Administration
Washington, D.C. 20546

LBJ:CMM:caw -

Tulsa Daily World/OKLA.

RECEIVED
SEP 23 1967
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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

September 15, 1967
10:30 A. M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Surveyor. The Surveyor V spacecraft was successfully soft-landed near its target point on the Moon September 10 after a complex maneuver necessitated by leaking of helium from the vernier engine propellant tanks. Ground control was brilliantly performed. The spacecraft, launched from Cape Kennedy on September 7, has transmitted a large number of photographs of excellent quality. Data are being received from an instrument designed to study the chemical characteristics of the lunar surface and results of this experiment are being analyzed.
2. Biosatellite. NASA's Biosatellite II, launched from Cape Kennedy on September 6, was successfully recovered by an Air Force plane as it parachuted over the Pacific on September 9. First reports on the insect and plant life experiments aboard included the fact that wheat seedlings grew during the 45-hour mission as much as they would normally in three days on Earth.
3. Launches.
 - a. The Soviet Union on September 11 launched Cosmos 175 into an orbit from which satellites are normally recovered after eight days.
 - b. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 176, a scientific satellite, on September 12.
4. NASA Appropriation. The NASA FY 1968 appropriation bill is scheduled to reach the Senate floor early in October. Some efforts are being made in the Senate Appropriations Committee to increase the funding level over that passed in the House, particularly in the area of nuclear propulsion.
5. Apollo Control. Effective September 11, NASA modified its program direction policy for Project Apollo, providing a greater degree of central control in Washington.

6. Weather.

a. U.S. weather satellites are tracking a series of severe storms in the Atlantic and the Pacific. Advisories were sent to interested areas. The increasing number of early sightings is due to improved capabilities of U.S. weather satellites.

b. Computer-produced maps of tropical storms prepared in Washington are being transmitted daily over Automatic Picture Transmission circuits aboard the ATS synchronous satellite now over the Pacific. As a result, weather analysts can speedily obtain accurate data on changing storm patterns. Miami Hurricane Center is making special use of this facility during the current hurricane season.

7. Lunar Clutter. Lunar Orbiters II and III are being maneuvered so that they will crash on the lunar surface to eliminate radio interference with future spacecraft.

8. Vice President. The Vice President visited the Air Force Association exhibits in Washington September 11 and was given special recognition by that organization for his effective use of air transport and his interest in improved aeronautics.

9. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(September 15)

	U.S.		USSR	
	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>
Earth Orbit	66	61	31	42
Escape	3	8	3	1



E. C. Welsh

7
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

September 8, 1967
10:20 A. M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Launches.

a. NASA successfully launched on September 7 the second biological research spacecraft (BIOS II) from Cape Kennedy using a Thor Delta launch vehicle. The spacecraft, carrying 13 experiments on the effects of the space environment on life processes, is scheduled for recovery by aircraft on September 10 in the Pacific. Telemetry difficulties are being evaluated.

b. Surveyor V was launched successfully from Cape Kennedy on September 8 via an Atlas-Centaur. It will be the first spacecraft equipped to analyze the chemical characteristics of the lunar soil. It is targeted to soft-land in the Sea of Tranquility, 36 miles north of the Ranger VIII impact point.

2. Lunar Orbiter. For manned space flight tracking crew training, NASA's Lunar Orbiter III has been maneuvered into a new orbit about the Moon to simulate as closely as possible the orbit which the manned Apollo will fly. Its latest maneuver, performed almost 200 days after launch, marked the 25th consecutive successful firing of the spacecraft's velocity control engine.

3. Saturn/Apollo. The unmanned Apollo spacecraft scheduled to be launched from Cape Kennedy next month on the first Saturn V flight will have its cabin filled with nitrogen, rather than oxygen, during the launch phase. The shift was made for maximum insurance against the possibility of fire since the spacecraft has not been modified in accordance with the recommendations of the Apollo 204 Review Board.

4. Satellite Applications.

a. During the flight of a U.S. commercial jet airliner from Frankfurt, Germany, to Dulles International Airport, an INTELSAT satellite was used to transmit passport photographs, facsimile reproductions of health records, customs declarations, and other cargo data from the German airport to Dulles. The experiment successfully expedited document processing at the terminal.

b. NASA's Applications Technology Satellite (ATS-1), in synchronous orbit over the Pacific, is being used to relay river height and rainfall measurements from automatic transmitters about the Earth. The joint NASA/Weather Bureau experiment is expected to lead to a fast, reliable, operational system to relay information on potential flood conditions.

c. U.S. weather satellites tracked a hurricane in the Atlantic from August 26 through September 4, and another off the west coast of Mexico August 29-September 1. They also tracked three typhoons in the Western Pacific August 29-September 4. Warnings were sent.

5. Air Speed Limit. The Federal Aviation Agency has proposed a speed limit of 288 miles per hour for all aircraft flying at altitudes below 10,000 feet. Purpose of the restriction is to give pilots more time to see and avoid other traffic. FAA will receive comments until October 30. Protests are expected.

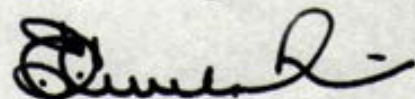
6. Jet Noise. The Los Angeles Airport Commission has begun a test program to reduce the effects of aircraft noise in the vicinity of the airport by treating various types of houses with different acoustic insulation materials.

7. Soviet Rocket Flights. The Soviet Union on September 2 initiated a new series of Pacific Ocean re-entry tests. The flights, impacting in an area 500 miles northwest of Midway Island, are expected to continue through October 30.

8. MOL Progress. DOD's Manned Orbiting Laboratory program has made significant progress in development of equipment and payloads, with promise of meeting its schedule of flight in 1970.

9. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(September 8)

	U.S.		USSR	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
Earth Orbit	64	61	31	40
Escape	3	8	3	1



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THE WHITE HOUSE
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of the Navy's Space Technology Center (STC) in Annapolis, Maryland, is being used to test a new type of satellite. The satellite is being used to test a new type of satellite. The satellite is being used to test a new type of satellite.

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Space Technology Center (STC) in Annapolis, Maryland

U.S. Space Technology Center (STC) in Annapolis, Maryland

U.S. Space Technology Center (STC) in Annapolis, Maryland

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SEP 11 1967

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL

WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

September 1, 1967

10:10 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Apollo/Saturn Rollout. On August 26, the first Apollo/Saturn was successfully moved 3.5 miles from the Vehicle Assembly Building at Cape Kennedy via the huge "crawler" to its launch pad. About six weeks will be required to prepare the mated spacecraft and booster for an unmanned launch in October, the first flight for a Saturn V.
2. Launch. The Soviet Union announced that they had launched Cosmos 174 into a highly elliptical orbit, August 31.
3. Pending Launches.
 - a. NASA's second biological research spacecraft (Biosatellite) is scheduled for launch from Cape Kennedy on September 7. The spacecraft, carrying 13 experiments to measure the effects of the space environment on life processes, is to be recovered by aircraft three days after launch.
 - b. NASA's Surveyor V lunar-landing spacecraft is scheduled to be launched from Cape Kennedy on September 8. It will be the first in the Surveyor series to carry an instrument for sampling the chemical characteristics of the Moon's soil.
4. Apollo Weight. Modifications made to the Apollo spacecraft as a result of the January fire have added about 1,000 pounds of weight. This is not expected to pose any launching problem, but larger parachutes are to be used for reentry.
5. Soviet Splashdown Training. The Russian newspaper Red Star has reported that Soviet cosmonauts have been practicing parachute landings in the sea. While this may be merely an effort to provide training for emergency landings, it could also indicate Russian interest in water recovery as an alternate mode for space operations.

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SEP 2 1967
CENTRAL FILES

6. Soviet SST. The USSR Minister of Civil Aviation was reported to have stated that the Soviet supersonic transport would not enter service until sometime after 1970.

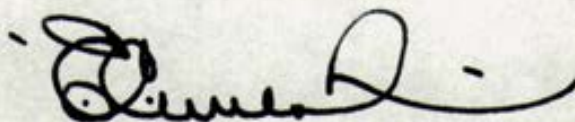
7. Jet Noise Program. NASA's Lewis Research Center has initiated a testing program which is expected to lead to reduction in jet engine noise, which has become a problem in and around major airports. The program is expected to cost \$50 million and is aimed primarily at the development of a new turbo fan.

8. U.N. Group in Session. The Scientific and Technical Subcommittee of the United Nations Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space reconvened on August 28 in a session scheduled to last until September 8. The agenda includes discussion of the World Weather Watch, a report on India's space activities, a report on the International Telecommunications Union's space interests, and the Secretary General's report on space education and training.

9. Transatlantic Cuts. A major carrier has filed with the FCC to reduce the cost of a voice circuit to Europe from \$8,000 to \$6,500 per month, effective October 1. This reduction in composite rate (cable and satellite) is made possible by the low cost of the satellite circuits now provided by the INTELSAT system.

10. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(September 1)

	U.S.		USSR	
	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>
Earth Orbit	64	60	31	40
Escape	3	7	3	1



E. C. Welsh

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THE WHITE HOUSE
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1. Foreign Aid. The USSR Minister of Civil Aviation has reported to have stated that the Soviet government would not enter into any agreement with the West.

2. Jet Noise Problem. The FAA's Lewis Research Center has initiated a testing program which is expected to lead to reduction in jet engine noise, which has become a problem in and around major airports. The program is expected to cost \$50 million and is aimed primarily at the development of a new turbo fan.

3. E. W. Gross in Session. The Scientific and Technical Subcommittee of the United Nations Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space convened on August 28 in session scheduled last until September 2. The session is being held in the World Weather Watch, a report on future space activities, a report on the International Telecommunications Union's space program, and the Secretary General's report on space education and training.

4. Transatlantic Cable. A major project has been initiated by the FCC to reduce the cost of a voice circuit between Europe from \$1,000 to \$500 per month, effective October 1. This reduction in corporate rate (cable and satellite) is made possible by the low cost of the satellite circuit now provided by the INTELSAT system.

Space Payloads Currently Launched
(Continued)

U.S.S.R.	1966	1967	U.S.S.R.	1966	1967
Earth Orbit	10	24	Earth Orbit	10	24
Interplanetary	1	1	Interplanetary	1	1

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1967 SEP 1 AM 11 22

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THE WHITE HOUSE

EXECUTIVE

August 29, 1967

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FOR MR. OKAMOTO

FROM: Loyd Hackler

Have we an approved photo to fill this request? If so,
please forward to this office.

LH/cg

Attachment: Letter from U.S. Naval Institute requesting photo of
President signing treaty on outer space.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE

OS
FBI-4

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

August 25, 1967
11:00 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Launches.

a. The Department of Defense launched a military satellite from the Western Test Range on August 23, using a Thor-Burner II launch vehicle.

b. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 173 into orbit on August 24.

2. NASA Funds.

a. By a vote of 312 to 92, the House on August 22 passed the NASA FY 1968 appropriation as submitted by the Appropriations Committee. The approved total of \$4.583 billion was \$516 million less than requested in the budget and \$282 million less than the amount voted in the Authorization Bill. Two amendments which would have made further cuts were defeated by voice votes.

b. The Senate Independent Offices Appropriations Subcommittee is marking up the NASA Appropriations Bill for presentation to the full Appropriations Committee on August 28. Current indications are that the NASA appropriation will be considered after Labor Day on the Senate floor separately from the remainder of the Independent Offices appropriation.

3. Mariner.

a. A study of Mariner IV photographs conducted with a new computer technique has disclosed that the surface of Mars has about three times as many craters as had formerly been believed, and is similar to the lunar surface, although more smoothly eroded. Analysis with color filters confirms that the Martian surface is in fact reddish in color, as it appears from Earth.

SEP 11 1967

THE WHITE HOUSE
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EXECUTIVE

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20503



EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

August 25, 1967
11:00 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Launches.

a. The Department of Defense launched a military satellite from the Western Test Range on August 23, using a Thor-Burner II launch vehicle.

b. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 183 into orbit on August 24.

2. NASA Funds.

a. By a vote of 315 to 95, the House on August 23 passed the NASA FY 1968 appropriation as submitted by the Appropriations Committee. The approved total of \$4,583 million was \$316 million less than requested in the budget and \$282 million less than the amount voted in the Authorization Bill. Two amendments which would have made further cuts were defeated by voice.

b. The Senate Independent Offices Appropriations Subcommittee is marking up the NASA Appropriations Bill for presentation to the full Appropriations Committee on August 28. Current indications are that the NASA appropriation will be considered after Labor Day on the Senate floor separately from the remainder of the Independent Offices appropriation.

3. Martian.

a. A study of Mariner IV photographs conducted with a new computer technique has disclosed that the surface of Mars has about three times as many craters as had formerly been believed, and is similar to the lunar surface, although more smoothly eroded. Analysis with color filters confirms that the Martian surface is in fact reddish in color, as it appears from Earth.

1967 AUG 25 PM 12 44

RECEIVED
THE WHITE HOUSE

b. Mariner IV, which took the first close-up photographs of Mars, completed its 1,000th day of successful operation today (August 25). The spacecraft continues to measure interplanetary fields and particles.

4. Lunar Farside Map. NASA has published an extensive map covering more than 75% of the surface of the far side of the Moon. The map, using photographs from NASA's Lunar Orbiters I through IV and those published by the Soviet Union, will be used at the current International Astronomical Union meeting in Prague as an assist in naming farside lunar features.

5. Soviet TV System. The Soviet Union announced the addition of two more receiving stations to its space television network, consisting of more than 20 Earth stations and using Molniya satellites to connect Moscow with Siberia and the Far East.

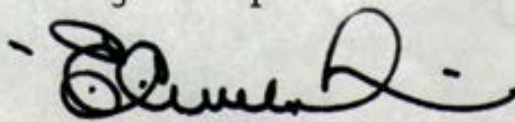
6. Weather. The ESSA V weather satellite photographed four tropical storms and one typhoon in the Western Pacific from August 16 through August 22, and one tropical storm and one hurricane in the Eastern Pacific during the August 14-21 period. Advisories were issued.

7. Saturn V. The first Apollo/Saturn V is now scheduled for rollout from the Vehicle Assembly Building at Cape Kennedy early on August 26. Check-out of the mated spacecraft and booster will take about six weeks.

8. Engine. Completion of the qualification tests of the Apollo Lunar Descent engine has been announced. The four-year developmental cycle of this engine to "man-rated" acceptance by NASA is the shortest on record for an engine of such great complexity.

9. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(August 25)

	U.S.		USSR	
	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>
Earth Orbit	64	60	30	39
Escape	3	7	3	1


E. C. Welsh

CEM 1000 1173
11/23 2 18PM
RECEIVED

1. Antares IV, which took the first close-up photograph of Venus, completed its 1,000th day of successful operation today (August 25). The spacecraft continues to transmit information to Earth and continues to operate.

2. Antares IV has published an extensive map covering more than 75% of the surface of the far side of Venus. The map, which is a composite of 1,000 photographs taken by the spacecraft, will be used at the National Astronomical Union in Washington to study the Venusian surface.

3. Antares IV has also published the position of two more Venusian craters. The spacecraft has also discovered a new Venusian crater, which is about 100 miles in diameter. The spacecraft is continuing to search for more craters.

4. Antares IV has also published a map of the Venusian atmosphere. The spacecraft has also discovered a new Venusian atmospheric feature, which is about 100 miles in diameter. The spacecraft is continuing to search for more atmospheric features.

5. Antares IV has also published a map of the Venusian surface. The spacecraft has also discovered a new Venusian surface feature, which is about 100 miles in diameter. The spacecraft is continuing to search for more surface features.

6. Antares IV has also published a map of the Venusian atmosphere. The spacecraft has also discovered a new Venusian atmospheric feature, which is about 100 miles in diameter. The spacecraft is continuing to search for more atmospheric features.

Space Programs Successfully Launched
(August 25)

U.S.	1966	1967	1968	1969
Earth Orbit	1	1	1	1
Interplanetary	1	1	1	1

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AUG 26 1967
CENTRAL FILES



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE

05
F411-4

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

August 18, 1967
11:00 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities

1. Communications Policy. The President on August 14 sent to the Congress a special Message on global and domestic communications policy. To further this major progress, he appointed a Government task force to make a comprehensive study.
2. Lunar Orbiter. Lunar Orbiter V has transmitted a photograph showing most of the Earth's disc in sunlight, the first such photograph taken from such a distance. The picture, released by NASA on August 14, was snapped when the spacecraft was in lunar orbit 214,800 miles from the Earth. Other pictures of the Earth's disc from lesser distances were taken previously by Soviet's Molniya, and by NASA's Applications Technology Satellite and DOD's Gravity Experiment Satellite. The Orbiter, launched on August 1, will take the last of its planned 212 photographs late today.
3. Venus Flight. NASA's Mariner V spacecraft, launched from Cape Kennedy on June 14 for a Venus flyby on October 19, reached the halfway point in the duration of its flight on August 17 and, having flown 100 million miles by today, will pass the mid-mark in distance on August 22. The spacecraft is on course and functioning normally.
4. Apollo Progress.
 - a. The first Apollo/Saturn V is now scheduled for roll-out from the Vehicle Assembly Building at Cape Kennedy on August 28. It will make its 3.5-mile trip from the VAB to the Saturn V launch pad.
 - b. The three-man crew assigned to the first manned Apollo flight visited August 16 the McDonnell Douglas plant near Sacramento, Calif., to observe the final checkout of the S-IVB stage of the Saturn V booster which will send them on their 10-day mission early next year.
5. Mars.
 - a. Another simulated Mars-entry parachute drop was successfully carried out 25 miles above the New Mexico desert on August 15. The 65-ft.-diameter

ring-sail parachute is one of three types being studied by NASA for possible use in future Mars missions.

b. NASA has invited industry to bid on nine-month engineering studies of a manned Mars reconnaissance mission and Mars/Venus reconnaissance mission being considered for 1975 and 1977, respectively.

6. Molniya TV Coverage. The Soviet Union has announced that it will soon be transmitting television programs via the orbiting Molniya satellites from Moscow to the Siberian city of Khabarovsk, 3,900 miles to the east and about 200 miles from the China Sea.

7. Helicopter Service. Washington Airways has indicated its intent to provide helicopter service linking the Dulles, Friendship, and Washington National airports with each other and with downtown Washington. The company was formed by ten airlines serving this metropolitan area and is one of nine applicants seeking CAB authority to operate local helicopter service.

8. Space Treaty. The French cabinet has authorized the signing of the United Nations Treaty on Outer Space, which has already been signed by some 80 other nations.

9. Launch. The Department of Defense on August 16 launched a military satellite from the Western Test Range, using a Titan III-B/Agena vehicle.

10. Pending Launches.

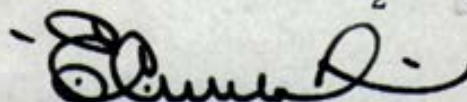
a. NASA's 940 pound Biosatellite, an unmanned scientific spacecraft containing 13 experiments to test effects of space flight on plant and animal life forms, is now scheduled to be launched into a 196 mile circular orbit on September 7

b. The fifth Surveyor lunar-landing spacecraft is due to be launched on September 8.

11. NASA Funds. The House Appropriations Committee acted on NASA's 1968 Budget request. The cut is \$516,600,000 below the budget request, \$384,600,000 less than FY 1967 appropriations, and \$285,351,000 below FY 1968 authorization. The Committee recommendation is \$4,583,400,000.

12. Space Payloads Successfully Launched

	U.S.		USSR	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
Earth Orbit	61	59	29	38
Escape	3	7	2	1



E. C. Welsh

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

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EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

August 11, 1967
10:25 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities

1. Lunar Orbiter. NASA's Lunar Orbiter V successfully entered its planned elliptical orbit on August 5 and has begun its photographic mission. Pictures of the far side of the Moon were taken on August 8, and the next day the orbit was changed to provide the best position for photographs of the visible side. Pictures are of excellent quality.
2. Launches.
 - a. The Department of Defense sent a classified payload into orbit from the Western Test Range on August 7, using a Thor-Agena launch vehicle.
 - b. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 171 into a low-altitude orbit on August 8. It returned to Earth after a single orbit.
 - c. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 172 on August 9, putting it into a low-altitude orbit from which a spacecraft is normally recovered after eight days.
3. NASA Funds. The Senate has not yet decided whether to act soon on NASA's FY '68 appropriations or to wait and take it up later as part of an omnibus supplemental bill. NASA much prefers the former.
4. British Space Proposal. A British Parliamentary committee has proposed that all British space activities be consolidated under a special minister within the Ministry of Technology and provided with a slightly increased budget of some \$100 million annually. The all-party committee charged waste and disorganization in existing space policies, and recommended that Britain develop its own communication satellite system and rely less on international cooperative programs.
5. British Aircraft Sales in U.S. The British National Exports Council, concerned over a decline in sales of U.K. -built aircraft in the United States, has set up a new committee to promote such transactions.

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NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

WASHINGTON, D.C.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

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DATE: [Illegible]

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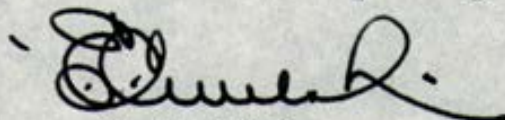
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6. SST Plans. Eleven U.S. and 14 foreign airlines, which have reserved U.S. Supersonic Transport delivery positions, have formed an SST technical committee and 12 specialist teams to provide technical coordination between the producer and the users of the aircraft.
7. Aerospace Profits. Profits for the aerospace industry in the first half of 1967 were down 9% from the first half of 1966, according to statistics compiled by the First National City Bank of New York. This compared with a decline of 8% for the whole manufacturing industry and a decline of 7% for all U.S. industry.
8. Saturn V Tests. NASA's Marshall Space Flight Center has concluded an 11-month dynamic test program on the Saturn V vehicle and the Apollo spacecraft, signalling the go-ahead for the first unmanned Saturn V flight test this fall.
9. Solar Flares Spotted by Mariner. Mariner V, en route to its Venus flyby in October, has detected two solar flares, both described as of medium intensity.
10. Astronauts.
- a. Commander M. Scott Carpenter, one of the seven original astronauts and pilot of the second manned Mercury orbiting flight on May 24, 1962, has returned to the Navy, where he will be assigned to undersea exploration.
- b. Two MOL astronauts were involved in an aircraft accident in California this week. Some ground fire was caused by fuel in a dropped tip tank, but there were no injuries.
11. "Sewage" Rocket. A 250-pound thrust rocket engine has been test fired, using a new fuel containing human wastes and other disposable materials.

12. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(August 11)

	U.S.		USSR	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
Earth Orbit	58	58	29	38
Escape	2	7	2	1


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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

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EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

August 4, 1967
10:45 A. M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Launches.

a. NASA successfully launched Lunar Orbiter V from Cape Kennedy on August 1, using an Atlas-Agena vehicle. A small correction in trajectory was made on August 2, and the spacecraft is expected to enter a lunar orbit August 5. Last in the highly successful Orbiter series, it will photograph areas of general geological interest on both the visible and far sides of the Moon, as well as supply additional pictures of previously photographed prospective landing sites. Photography is to commence on August 6 and continue for about three weeks.

b. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 170 on July 31, putting it into a low-altitude orbit from which a spacecraft is normally recovered after eight days.

2. Transit Declassified. The Vice President announced on July 29 that the Transit navigation satellite system will now be made available for civilian and commercial purposes. The Vice President said that the President had authorized commercial production of shipboard Transit receivers on an unclassified basis, and that consideration is being given to selective export of this equipment.

3. NASA Funds. The Senate approved by voice vote on August 2 a compromise \$4.866 billion NASA Fiscal Year 1968 Authorization Bill agreed upon by Senate-House conferees two days earlier. The measure now awaits House action.

The authorization, about \$234 million less than the budget request, cuts about \$25 million from Project Apollo and \$107 million from Apollo Applications. The conferees included \$42 million of the \$71.5 million sought for the Voyager planetary program, cut \$10.1 million to eliminate the Mariner Mars 1971 project, provided \$99.5 million of the requested \$104.2 million for Space Applications, funded \$73 million of the \$74 million requested for nuclear

rocket development, and voted \$3 million of the \$12 million added by the House (but not requested by NASA) for the 260-inch solid rocket motor development.

The Senate Appropriations Committee will continue its hearings on the NASA appropriation during the week of August 7.

4. New Astronauts. Twelve new NASA scientist-astronauts have been chosen. NASA regulations were changed to include in the astronaut program naturalized citizens as well as those not qualified as aircraft pilots.

5. ComSat Corporation. The Communications Satellite Corporation on July 28 reported in detail to the FCC on its proposed domestic communications satellite project. The proposal is to launch two synchronous satellites each having the equivalent of 12 color television channels, and to deploy East and West Coast primary Earth stations. In addition, about 30 small receive-only Earth stations for use in program distribution are to be deployed in the Western United States. Total cost over a two-year period is estimated at \$105 million.

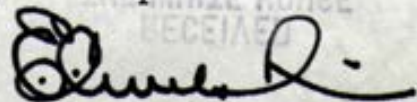
6. Yugoslav ComSat Station Planned. The Yugoslav press reports that that country's postal authorities favor joining INTELSAT and building a communications satellite ground station that would service not only Yugoslavia but also Bulgaria, Rumania, and Hungary.

7. German Space Priorities. The Bonn Government indicated the high priority it gives a space exploration program by approving substantial fund increases for it while cutting back on other fund commitments, including military items.

8. European Rocket. The eleventh attempt to launch the Europa 1 rocket for the European Launcher Development Organization (ELDO) was partially successful at Woomera, Australia, on August 4. The first stage performed successfully, but the second stage failed to ignite and the rocket crashed in the desert.

9. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(August 4)

	U. S.		USSR	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
Earth Orbit	57	57	28	36
Escape	1	7	2	1


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EXECUTIVE

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^X
THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE

August 3, 1967

MEMORANDUM

TO: MARVIN WATSON

FROM: JOHN CRISWELL ^X

The attached clipping is from a Miami newspaper.

As you might know Mr. ^{George} Wackenhut is a John Birch type who heads Governor Kirk's private police force.

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JCR talked to Jim Wackenhut*

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE

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EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

October 27, 1967
10:30 A. M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Venus Exploration. Release of further data from last week's Soviet and U.S. Venus missions shows areas of both agreement and disagreement. There is general agreement that there is neutral hydrogen but no oxygen in the planet's outer atmosphere, and that Venus has an ionosphere but no appreciable magnetic field. The lower atmosphere is extremely hot and at least ten times as dense as that of Earth. Significant differences, however, include the fact that the U.S. Mariner flyby spacecraft measured a hydrogen corona about 100 times as dense as that reported by Russia's Venus 4 and a much stronger ionosphere. A weak magnetic field was detected by Mariner. Soviet measurement showed 90-95% carbon dioxide while Mariner data indicate that a carbon dioxide content of 70-85% appears more likely.

2. Launches.

a. The Soviet Union launched its seventh Molniya communications satellite into a highly elliptical 12-hour orbit on October 22.

b. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 184 into an orbit similar to that of Soviet weather satellites on October 24 and Cosmos 185 on October 27.

c. The DOD launched a military spacecraft into orbit from the Western Test Range on October 25, using a Titan III-B launch vehicle.

3. Pending Launches.

a. An Applications Technology Satellite is due to be launched from Cape Kennedy on November 3, carrying six major experiments.

b. The first launch of a Saturn V, carrying an unmanned Apollo spacecraft, is now scheduled at Cape Kennedy for November 7. It will put the Apollo into earth orbit and simulate a lunar-return reentry.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES AND SPACE COUNCIL

WASHINGTON, D.C.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: [Illegible]

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c. Surveyor VI, next-to-last in the lunar soft landing series, is scheduled for launch at Cape Kennedy November 7.

d. A Tiros weather satellite is scheduled for launch from the Western Test Range via a Delta launch vehicle on November 8.

4. NASA Funds. The Senate and House on October 26 approved a NASA FY 1968 appropriation of \$4,588,900,000. This figure is \$5.5 million more than the House had previously approved, and \$90 million less than the Senate had voted. NASA was given some flexibility to reprogram money, provided approval of the appropriate Congressional committees is obtained.

5. Surveyor V. Our lunar soft-lander, after surviving its first lunar night, successfully transmitted more than 1,000 excellent photographs of the Moon's surface during its second lunar day. This is in addition to the 18,000 taken the first lunar day.

6. Added ComSat Service. Additional trans-Pacific commercial communications service, including live color television, is scheduled to begin on November 4 via the Pacific II communications satellite launched on September 27. The new satellite supplements the Pacific I satellite, which was launched on January 11, 1967, and is being fully used.

7. Airport Safety. The FAA is considering a prohibition of the operations of airplanes by visual controls in marginal weather conditions in airport control zones.

8. Weather. U.S. weather satellites tracked one tropical storm in the West Pacific, two in the East Pacific, and a hurricane in the Atlantic. They also followed a tropical storm in the Bay of Bengal, and sent advisories to nearby areas in Ceylon, Pakistan, and Burma.

9. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(October 27)

	U.S.		USSR	
	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>
Earth Orbit	78	68	37	53
Escape	4	8	4	1

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E. C. Welsh

1. The purpose of this report is to provide information on the progress of the work done during the period from 1 January 1967 to 31 March 1967.

2. The work has been carried out in accordance with the programme of work approved by the Committee on 15 December 1966.

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL

WASHINGTON 20502



EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

October 20, 1967
10:30 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Aeronautics Activities.

1. Venus Exploration.

a. The Soviet Union achieved the first soft landing on Venus when an instrument package from the Venus 4 spacecraft (launched June 12) reached the surface of the planet on October 18. The Soviets reported that temperatures ranged from 104 to 536 degrees Fahrenheit as the instruments neared the surface. Their analysis of other data indicated that the pressure of the atmosphere ranged from 1 to 15 times that of Earth, and that its atmosphere is composed almost entirely of carbon dioxide. No magnetic field or radiation belts were detected.

b. The U.S. Mariner V spacecraft (launched June 14) flew by Venus at a distance of about 2,400 miles on October 19. This also was a major planetary success. The spacecraft measured the composition of the upper atmosphere and the structure of the ionosphere, as well as the density of the low altitude atmosphere. Some of these latter measurements were made on both the light and dark sides of the planet.

2. Apollo Saturn. First launch of a Saturn V launch vehicle is now expected on November 6. It will put an unmanned Apollo spacecraft into orbit and then make a lunar-type reentry.

3. Surveyor. The Surveyor V spacecraft has withstood the rigors of lunar night low temperatures and has resumed operations. During its initial lunar day, it sent back more than 18,000 photographs of the surrounding terrain.

4. Launches.

a. The Soviet Union launched Cosmos 182 on October 16, placing it in a low altitude orbit from which a spacecraft is normally recovered after eight days.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT



EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

October 12, 1967
Washington, D.C.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Space and Communications Activities

1. Introduction

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) is the primary Federal agency responsible for the United States' efforts in space exploration and the development of space technology. The Administration's activities are directed towards the advancement of knowledge in the physical sciences and the development of new space technologies. The Administration's activities are also directed towards the development of space technologies for the benefit of the Nation and the world.

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2. Background

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3. Summary

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4. Conclusion

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b. The Soviet Union on October 18 launched Cosmos 183 into a low altitude orbit from which a spacecraft is normally recovered at the end of one orbit.

c. NASA successfully launched the fourth Orbiting Solar Observatory (OSO IV) from Cape Kennedy on October 18, using a Thor-Delta vehicle. It carries nine experiments to make various measurements of the Sun.

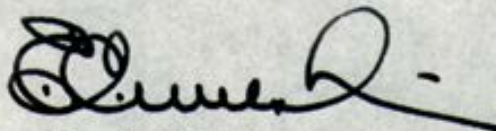
5. F-111 Delivered. The first F-111A (TFX) with operational capability was delivered to the Air Force at Nellis AFB, Nevada, on October 16.

6. Air Transport. The FAA forecasts great increases in activity at 22 major U.S. air "hubs" by 1980. It predicts that the total of air passengers will jump to 370 million (from 70 million in 1965); air cargo shipment will spiral from 1.3 million tons to 19.7 million tons; and general aviation (non-airline) planes based at the "hubs" will increase from 20,300 to 50,000. FAA is now accepting applications for Federal funds to develop airports.

7. Soviet-French Cooperation. The first joint Soviet-French space operation under their June 1966 agreement was conducted on October 9-10 on Heyss Island in the Arctic. It involved the launch of two weather sounding rockets.

8. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(October 20)

	U. S.		USSR	
	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>	<u>1966</u>	<u>1967</u>
Earth Orbit	76	67	36	50
Escape	4	8	3	1



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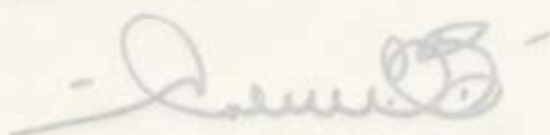
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8. Space Payloads Successfully Launched
(October 20)

	U.S.		USSR	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
Earth Orbit	76	67	36	50
Escape	4	8	3	1


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